

Converting Colors

YIQ(103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(103.6970, 14.3950,
8.9470)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B5E67
RGB	123, 94, 103
RGB Percent	48%, 37%, 40%
CMY	0.5176, 0.6314, 0.5960
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.16, 0.52
HSL	341°, 13%, 43%
HSV	341°, 24%, 48%
XYZ	14.6215, 13.1951, 14.6116
YIQ	103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

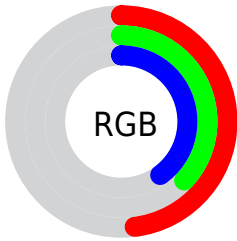
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 94, 103
Decimal	8085095
CIE Lab	43.06, 13.36, -0.57
CIE LCh	43, 13.371, 357.540
Yxy	13.1951, 0.3446, 0.3110
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286275175 (0xFF7B5E67)
YUV	103.6970, -0.3436, 16.9287
Hunter-Lab	36.3251, 8.2807, 1.5784

Details

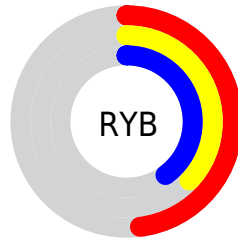
The YIQ color **103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **113.3030, -14.3950, -8.9470**, and the grayscale version is **104.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155.2950, 15.5870, 9.3710**, and **56.6860, 12.9280, 8.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95.7410, 20.2630, 12.7350**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **111.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590**.

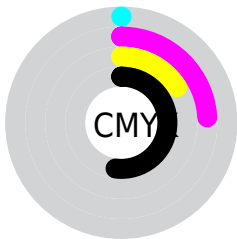
Distribution



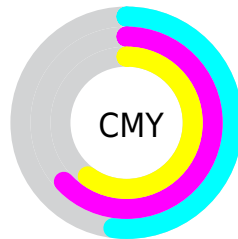
- Red (48%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 103.6970, 14.3950,
8.9470

■ 103.6970, 14.3950,
8.9470

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 79.3980, 13.7990,
8.7350

■ 155.2950, 15.5870,
9.3710

■ 56.6860, 12.9280,
8.0000

■ 181.7080, 15.8620,
9.8940

■ 34.5010, 12.0110,
8.0990

■ 209.3060, 17.0540,
10.3180

■ 11.3380, 14.0280,
10.0920

■ 235.9250, 13.7530,
9.5690

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 103.6970, 14.3950,

■ 103.6970, 14.3950,

8.9470

8.9470

■ 95.7410, 20.2630,
12.7350

■ 111.6530, 8.5270,
5.1590

■ 87.0840, 26.7270,
16.7350

■ 120.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590

■ 79.1280, 32.5950,
20.5230

■ 128.2660, -3.8050,
-2.6290

■ 71.0580, 38.7840,
24.0000

■ 136.3360, -9.9940,
-6.1060

■ 62.5150, 44.9270,
28.3110

■ 144.8790,
-16.1370, -10.4170

■ 54.4450, 51.1160,
31.7880

■ 152.9490,
-22.3260, -13.8940

■ 46.4890, 56.9840,
35.5760

■ 160.9050,
-28.1940, -17.6820

■ 41.1090, 61.1100,
37.8940

■ 168.9750,
-34.3830, -21.1590

■ 177.5180,
-40.5260, -25.4700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103.7330, 5.5460, 9.6260



103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470



103.0410, 19.1180, 5.9500

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470



99.9970, 4.0820, -7.9020



98.6260, -22.3740, -2.0060

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470



113.3030, -14.3950, -8.9470

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.5780, -22.4190, -6.6990



103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470



99.0820, -6.4630, -9.5270

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470



101.5960, 12.7010, -4.4110



97.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720



100.9090, -15.6810, 3.3510

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470



102.6340, 18.7060, 2.4020



97.5200, -16.5040, -9.2720



98.0880, -23.7950, -3.7870

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470



153.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880



103.2860, 2.6110, 13.2590



77.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470



131.0510, 22.3260, 13.8940



105.6060, 15.9090, 3.5330



57.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940



41.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290



84.2400, 125.1540, 77.6820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470



131.0510, 22.3260, 13.8940



111.3940, -15.9090, -3.5330



57.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940



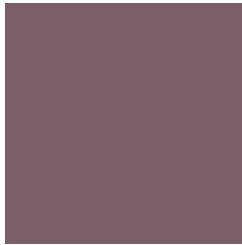
41.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290



84.2400, 125.1540, 77.6820

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

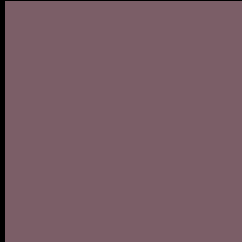
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 103.6970, 14.3950,

8.9470.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470

Protanopia

101.9830, -1.3300, 2.0780

Deuteranopia

103.2290, 6.7850, 3.6890



Tritanopia

103.5830, 14.7160, 8.6360

Trichromacy



Original Color

103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470

Protanomaly

102.5000, 4.5840, 5.0320

Deuteranomaly

103.2510, 9.7190, 5.5830

Tritanomaly

103.5830, 14.7160, 8.6360

Monochromacy



Original Color

103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470

Achromatopsia

104.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

103.7450, 5.2720, 3.5760

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 94, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 94, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 94, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 94, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 94, 103) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 94, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 94, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 94, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 94, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 94,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 103.6970, 14.3950, 8.9470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 94, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123, 94,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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