

# Converting Colors

YIQ(104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**YIQ(104.8110, 70.2230,  
98.5350)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E916C3
RGB	233, 22, 195
RGB Percent	91%, 9%, 76%
CMY	0.0857, 0.9140, 0.2351
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.16, 0.09
HSL	311°, 83%, 50%
HSV	311°, 91%, 91%
XYZ	43.7948, 21.8621, 53.5632
YIQ	104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

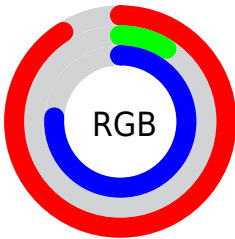
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	233, 22, 195
Decimal	15275715
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	53.88, 84.98, -37.40
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	54, 92.844, 336.246
Yxy	21.8621, 0.3673, 0.1834
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293465795 (0xFFE916C3)
YUV	104.8110, 44.4632, 112.4218
Hunter-Lab	46.7569, 85.3672, -35.1909

# Details

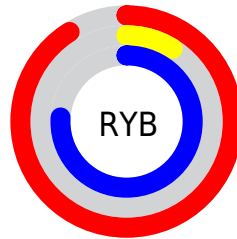
The YIQ color **104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **150.1890, -70.2230, -98.5350**, and the grayscale version is **104.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165.4340, 42.7630, 78.5630**, and **67.5020, 57.2510, 80.3150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91.4410, 77.5570, 108.7970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118.7680, 62.6140, 87.7500**.

# Distribution



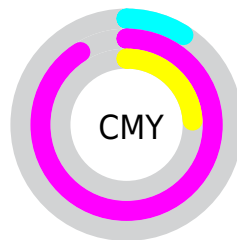
- Red (91%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 104.8110, 70.2230,  
98.5350


 104.8110, 70.2230,  
98.5350


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 79.8490, 67.0600,  
95.2840


 165.4340, 42.7630,  
78.5630


 67.8010, 57.8470,  
80.5270


 183.9730, 33.2750,  
63.2830

 55.8670, 48.3130,  
66.0810


 202.1700, 24.7500,  
47.0700

 44.3460, 39.0540,  
52.1580

 219.7800, 16.5000,  
31.3800

 32.9390, 29.4740,  
38.5460

 237.9770, 7.9750,  
15.1670

 21.6460, 19.5730,  
25.2450

 9.5700, 7.5630,

11.6190

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 104.8110, 70.2230,  
98.5350

■ 104.8110, 70.2230,  
98.5350

■ 91.4410, 77.5570,  
108.7970

■ 118.7680, 62.6140,  
87.7500

■ 133.3120, 54.7300,  
76.4420

■ 147.3830, 46.8000,  
65.9680

■ 161.3400, 39.1910,  
55.1830

■ 175.8840, 31.3070,  
43.8750

■ 189.8410, 23.6980,  
33.0900

■ 203.7980, 16.0890,  
22.3050

■ 217.8690, 8.1590,  
11.8310

■ 232.4130, 0.2750,  
0.5230

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128.4670, -23.8980, 58.6780



104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350



89.4690, 114.7440, 90.1360

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350



119.3550, 48.6070, -38.4090



119.9290, -115.8580, -14.8500

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350



150.1890, -70.2230, -98.5350

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110.9230, -90.4990, -39.4190



104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350



100.9180, -14.1550, -68.3870

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



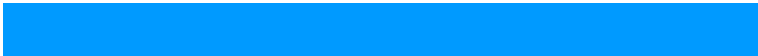
104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350



119.7070, 95.5510, -8.1050



98.7710, -61.7930, -64.0730



119.4680, -124.2050, -1.2370



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350



83.5410, 131.4360, 73.9640



98.7710, -61.7930, -64.0730



117.0790, -107.8330, -22.6250

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350



213.1290, 22.8270, 32.3550



56.5190, -46.8710, 73.0410



103.0210, 13.8430, 18.9550



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350



100.0710, 84.8910, 119.0590



93.0690, 103.2860, 66.5020



110.3150, 3.6670, 5.1310



70.9910, 60.3680, 84.4000



21.1620, 18.0600, 25.1320



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350



100.0710, 84.8910, 119.0590



161.9310, -103.2860, -66.5020



110.3150, 3.6670, 5.1310



70.9910, 60.3680, 84.4000



21.1620, 18.0600, 25.1320



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

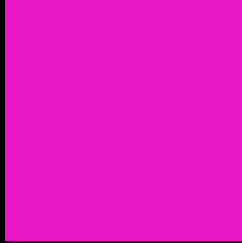
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 104.8110, 70.2230,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350

### Protanopia

116.4980, -88.2180, 23.8940

### Deuteranopia

128.8880, -28.3830, 13.2890



## Tritanopia

122.5120, 84.5400, 31.7720

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350



## Protanomaly

112.6030, -30.4530, 50.8190



## Deuteranomaly

119.9060, 7.8780, 44.4700



## Tritanomaly

116.0550, 79.5380, 56.3540

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350



## Achromatopsia

105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

105.2050, 25.6690, 35.9170

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 22, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 22, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 22, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 22, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 22, 195) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 22, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 22, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 22, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 22, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 22,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 104.8110, 70.2230, 98.5350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 22, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233, 22,  
195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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