

# Converting Colors

YIQ(105.9090, -7.6540,  
-15.4780)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(105.9090, -7.6540,  
-15.4780)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	597658
RGB	89, 118, 88
RGB Percent	35%, 46%, 35%
CMY	0.6511, 0.5372, 0.6549
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.25, 0.54
HSL	118°, 15%, 40%
HSV	118°, 25%, 46%
XYZ	12.3589, 15.7870, 11.6279
YIQ	105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

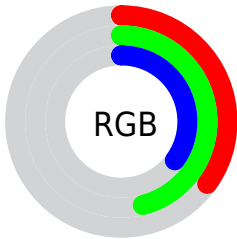
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	88, 118, 117
Decimal	5863000
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.69, -16.92, 13.20
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 21.465, 142.035
Yxy	15.7870, 0.3107, 0.3969
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284053080 (0xFF597658)
YUV	105.9090, -8.8291, -14.8292
Hunter-Lab	39.7329, -14.0101, 10.4616

# Details

The YIQ color  $105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $336633$ . A complement of this color would be  $100.0910, 7.6540, 15.4780$ , and the grayscale version is  $106.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $157.3820, -7.6080, -16.3120$ , and  $57.8490, -7.4250, -14.1210$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $101.2520, -10.3580, -21.5420$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $110.5660, -4.9500, -9.4140$ .

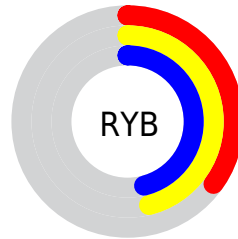
# Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (46%)

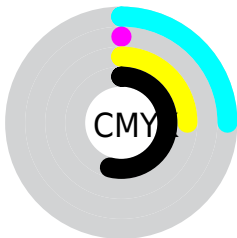
Blue (35%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (46%)

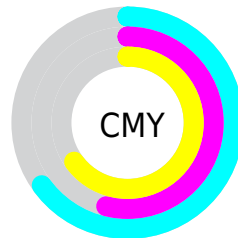


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 105.9090, -7.6540,  
-15.4780

■ 105.9090, -7.6540,  
-15.4780

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 81.4360, -7.7000,  
-14.6440

■ 157.3820, -7.6080,  
-16.3120

■ 58.4360, -7.7000,  
-14.6440

■ 184.5560, -8.1580,  
-17.3580

■ 36.0770, -8.0670,  
-13.4990

■ 212.1430, -8.4330,  
-17.8810

■ 15.8490, -7.4250,  
-14.1210

■ 240.1430, -8.4330,  
-17.8810

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 252.7070, -0.7330,  
-3.2370

■ 105.9090, -7.6540,  
-15.4780

■ 105.9090, -7.6540,  
-15.4780

■ 101.2520,  
-10.3580, -21.5420

■ 110.5660, -4.9500,  
-9.4140

■ 96.2960, -13.6580,  
-27.8180

■ 115.5220, -1.6500,  
-3.1380

■ 91.7530, -16.6830,  
-33.5710

■ 120.0650, 1.3750,  
2.6150

■ 86.7970, -19.9830,  
-39.8470

■ 125.0210, 4.6750,  
8.8910

■ 82.1400, -22.6870,  
-45.9110

■ 129.6780, 7.3790,  
14.9550

■ 77.1840, -25.9870,  
-52.1870

■ 134.3350, 10.0830,  
21.0190

■ 72.5270, -28.6910,  
-58.2510

■ 139.2910, 13.3830,  
27.2950

■ 70.4620, -30.0660,

■ 143.8340, 16.4080,

-60.8660

33.0480

■ 148.7900, 19.7080,  
39.3240

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108.5860, 9.4930, -12.3550



105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780



103.0410, -25.5810, -15.4770

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780



107.4820, -30.5360, 2.7440



112.6510, 29.2040, 10.3880

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780



100.0910, 7.6540, 15.4780

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113.5070, 21.0420, 15.1380



105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780



111.8050, -12.1520, 10.9840

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780



102.6390, -41.5840, -6.2880



113.6070, 6.1410, 15.3650



111.4950, 29.3430, 2.3590



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780



101.8210, -36.5850, -14.2890



113.6070, 6.1410, 15.3650



112.7480, 27.5530, 12.7770

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780



148.0440, -3.3000, -6.2760



113.9930, 9.9050, -8.8070



73.6960, -2.2000, -4.1840



204.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780



133.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690



107.2060, -12.7440, -11.3360



56.5220, -1.6500, -3.1380



72.8100, -31.1660, -62.9580



149.1420, -63.9820, -129.0540



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100.0910, 7.6540, 15.4780



124.8130, 11.7330, 24.1570



98.7940, 12.7440, 11.3360



55.1790, 1.0540, 2.9260



49.1900, 31.1660, 62.9580

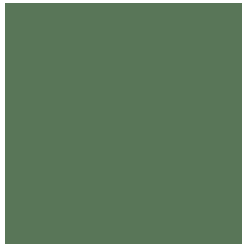


100.8580, 63.9820, 129.0540



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

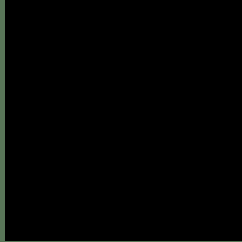
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 105.9090, -7.6540,

-15.4780.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780

### Protanopia

109.4280, 13.1140, -6.3900

### Deuteranopia

110.8680, 17.9270, -0.0010



## Tritanopia

108.7580, -13.9380, -0.7060

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780

## Protanomaly

108.0140, 5.4120, -9.9800

## Deuteranomaly

108.9160, 8.8040, -5.3720

## Tritanomaly

107.8520, -11.5070, -6.2190

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780

## Achromatopsia

106.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

105.7560, -2.4290, -5.5410

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 118, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 118, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 118, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 118, 88) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 118, 88) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 118, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 118, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 118, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 118, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 118,  
88) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 105.9090, -7.6540, -15.4780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 118, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 118,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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