

Converting Colors

YIQ(106.7680, -97.8460,
22.1700)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(106.7680, -97.8460,
22.1700)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B77FD
RGB	27, 119, 253
RGB Percent	11%, 47%, 99%
CMY	0.8941, 0.5332, 0.0083
CMYK	0.89, 0.53, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	216°, 98%, 55%
HSV	216°, 89%, 99%
XYZ	24.7622, 20.5193, 95.4792
YIQ	106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

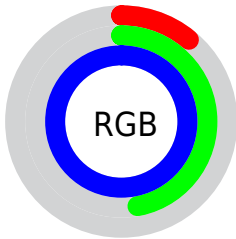
Format	Color
R _Y B	27, 92, 253
Decimal	1800189
CIE Lab	52.42, 24.43, -73.47
CIE LCh	52, 77.422, 288.393
Yxy	20.5193, 0.1759, 0.1458
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279990269 (0xFF1B77FD)
YUV	106.7680, 72.0924, -69.9565
Hunter-Lab	45.2983, 18.3046, -93.2621

Details

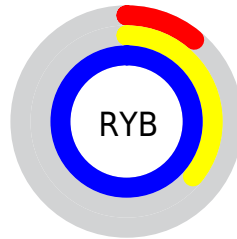
The YIQ color **106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066FF**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **173.2320, 97.8460, -22.1700**, and the grayscale version is **106.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164.1420, -58.2770, 15.4110**, and **64.4940, -82.3950, 22.9890** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90.4880, -108.6210, 24.7150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123.0480, -87.0710, 19.6250**.

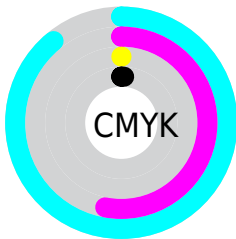
Distribution



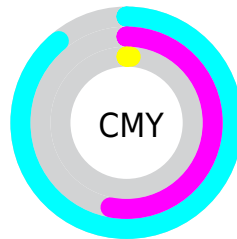
- Red (11%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 106.7680,
-97.8460, 22.1700

■ 106.7680,
-97.8460, 22.1700

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 81.3010, -98.0290,
19.9790

■ 164.1420,
-58.2770, 15.4110

■ 64.4940, -82.3950,
22.9890

■ 190.4450,
-46.3090, 7.7630

■ 48.9750, -67.6320,
25.2640

■ 216.1610,
-34.0660, 0.6380

■ 34.7440, -53.7400,
26.8040

■ 242.4530,
-23.5650, -7.9570

■ 19.4530, -39.6190,
29.7010

■ 252.6080, -4.7680,
-1.6960

■ 17.0760, -31.5480,
21.0920

■ 11.4050, -22.4690,

16.2430

■ 6.4350, -13.9860,
11.1820

■ 2.7530, -6.3740,
5.3860

■ 106.7680,
-97.8460, 22.1700

■ 106.7680,
-97.8460, 22.1700

■ 90.4880,
-108.6210, 24.7150

■ 123.0480,
-87.0710, 19.6250

■ 89.3030,
-109.5380, 24.8140

■ 139.6270,
-75.7000, 17.2920

■ 155.9070,
-64.9250, 14.7470

■ 172.1870,
-54.1500, 12.2020

■ 188.4670,
-43.3750, 9.6570

■ 205.0460,
-32.0040, 7.3240

■ 221.3260,
-21.2290, 4.7790

■ 237.6060,
-10.4540, 2.2340

254.1850, 0.9170,
-0.0990

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111.8370, -120.6300, 5.5620



106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700



126.3280, 13.1020, 59.9340

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700



114.1230, 100.9120, 10.3840



100.1680, -72.6160, -49.6400

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700



173.2320, 97.8460, -22.1700

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.7540, -45.9280, -70.7600



106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700



118.0580, 72.0330, -22.4230

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700



104.9730, 103.1960, 57.1160



112.4450, 30.4980, -46.1260



109.2080, -95.3150, -29.2270

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700



116.8190, 57.4360, 71.4520



112.4450, 30.4980, -46.1260



96.9590, -64.9580, -56.2700

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700



210.3020, -29.8490, 6.8150



174.7100, -104.5220, -77.1460



101.0660, -17.5610, 4.3830



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700



90.1180, -110.4550, 24.9130



58.4450, -61.2220, 74.3140



119.4170, -5.5480, 1.4280



67.5600, -82.7610, 18.6070



22.5580, -27.6940, 6.3060

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



105.0620, 105.1640, 76.5240



88.1010, 118.5960, 86.4040



221.5550, 61.2220, -74.3140



119.4570, 6.1430, 4.3110



66.0010, 88.7980, 64.7500



22.1000, 29.7980, 21.6540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

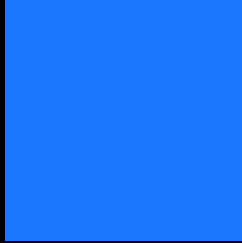
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

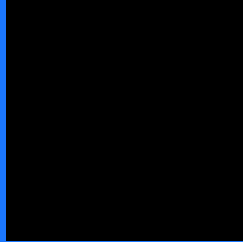
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

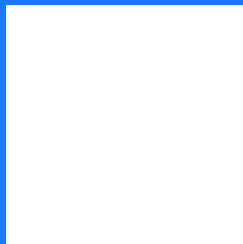
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700

Protanopia

103.4790, -104.4020, 19.8380

Deuteranopia

99.6290, -105.5450, 1.9990



Tritanopia

97.7640, -85.1370, -26.4570

Trichromacy



Original Color

106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700

Protanomaly

104.6750, -102.0180, 20.6860

Deuteranomaly

102.2260, -102.6120, 9.4200

Tritanomaly

100.9770, -89.4500, -8.8580

Monochromacy



Original Color

106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700

Achromatopsia

107.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

106.7190, -35.3970, 8.2430

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 119, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 119, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 119, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 119, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 119, 253) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 119, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(27, 119, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 119, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 119, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 119,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 106.7680, -97.8460, 22.1700 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 119, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 119,  
253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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