

# Converting Colors

YIQ(107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(107.7720, 17.8370,  
-9.3870)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	776D48
RGB	119, 109, 72
RGB Percent	47%, 43%, 28%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5726, 0.7175
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.39, 0.53
HSL	47°, 25%, 37%
HSV	47°, 39%, 47%
XYZ	14.2465, 15.3265, 8.3427
YIQ	107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

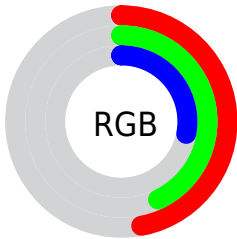
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	85, 119, 72
Decimal	7826760
CIELab	46.08, -1.98, 22.08
CIELCh	46, 22.174, 95.122
Yxy	15.3265, 0.3757, 0.4042
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286016840 (0xFF776D48)
YUV	107.7720, -17.6356, 9.8470
Hunter-Lab	39.1491, -3.5542, 14.7697

# Details

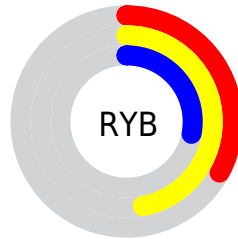
The YIQ color **107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **83.2280, -17.8370, 9.3870**, and the grayscale version is **108.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **159.1420, 19.6710, -9.5850**, and **60.1030, 15.4070, -9.4010** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **104.6430, 22.5140, -11.5500**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110.9010, 13.1600, -7.2240**.

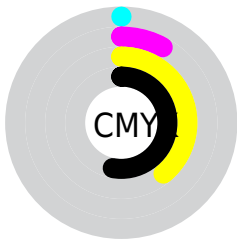
# Distribution



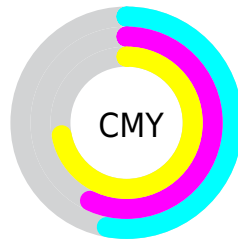
- Red (47%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 107.7720, 17.8370,  
-9.3870

■ 107.7720, 17.8370,  
-9.3870

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 83.5870, 16.9200,  
-9.2880

■ 159.1420, 19.6710,  
-9.5850

■ 60.1030, 15.4070,  
-9.4010

■ 186.3270, 20.5880,  
-9.6840

■ 37.8750, 16.0490,  
-10.0230

■ 214.2130, 20.9090,  
-9.9950

■ 18.6170, 8.2080,  
-5.5840

■ 241.8000, 20.6340,  
-10.5180

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 252.0360, 8.3460,  
-8.0860

■ 107.7720, 17.8370,  
-9.3870

■ 107.7720, 17.8370,  
-9.3870

■ 104.6430, 22.5140,  
-11.5500

■ 110.9010, 13.1600,  
-7.2240

■ 102.1010, 26.9160,  
-14.2360

■ 113.4430, 8.7580,  
-4.5380

■ 98.9720, 31.5930,  
-16.3990

■ 116.5720, 4.0810,  
-2.3750

■ 96.4300, 35.9950,  
-19.0850

■ 119.1140, -0.3210,  
0.3110

■ 93.4150, 40.3510,  
-20.9370

■ 122.2430, -4.9980,  
2.4740

■ 90.8730, 44.7530,  
-23.6230

■ 124.6710, -9.0790,  
4.8490

■ 90.7590, 45.0740,  
-23.9340

■ 127.8000,  
-13.7560, 7.0120

■ 130.3420,

-18.1580, 9.6980

■ 133.4710,  
-22.8350, 11.8610

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



109.4900, 27.7390, -1.6130



107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870



105.4110, 2.6160, -14.3760

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870



99.3240, -45.2510, -11.4190



112.1410, 13.3850, 16.2410

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870



83.2280, -17.8370, 9.3870

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110.9910, -3.8080, 13.9520



107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870



102.5300, -39.6590, -2.6270

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870



99.6640, -34.7050, -15.3210



107.8250, -24.0720, 6.7440



111.3180, 25.9480, 14.3320



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870



103.7130, -10.0380, -16.3260



107.8250, -24.0720, 6.7440



111.9170, 8.2040, 16.5240

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870



151.4860, 7.1990, -3.8170



87.1930, 24.8020, 13.0740



76.5720, 4.0810, -2.3750



207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870



138.1720, 28.1540, -14.6460



109.7550, 7.3390, -17.3730



57.1420, 2.4760, -0.8200



92.8300, 46.3120, -24.3440



190.3890, 94.8250, -50.0310



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.2280, -17.8370, 9.3870



99.8280, -28.1540, 14.6460



81.2450, -7.3390, 17.3730



54.2710, -2.2010, 1.3430



29.1700, -46.3120, 24.3440



59.6110, -94.8250, 50.0310



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 107.7720, 17.8370,

-9.3870.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870

### Protanopia

107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870

### Deuteranopia

108.5390, 26.0430, -3.9170



## Tritanopia

110.5930, 8.7560, 6.5160

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870

## Protanomaly

107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870

## Deuteranomaly

108.5170, 23.1090, -5.8110

## Tritanomaly

109.7580, 12.4250, 0.5930

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870

## Achromatopsia

108.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

107.7140, 6.5570, -3.1950

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 109, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 109, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 109, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 109, 72) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 109, 72) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 109, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 109, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 109, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 109, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 109,  
72) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 107.7720, 17.8370, -9.3870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 109, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
109, 72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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