

Converting Colors

YIQ(108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710)
contains.

YIQ(108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(108.8540, 40.0190,
40.1710)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AC4885
RGB	172, 72, 133
RGB Percent	67%, 28%, 52%
CMY	0.3252, 0.7178, 0.4783
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 0.23, 0.33
HSL	323°, 41%, 48%
HSV	323°, 58%, 67%
XYZ	23.5790, 15.1022, 23.8729
YIQ	108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

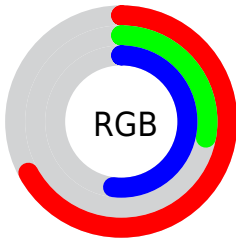
Format	Color
R_{YB}	172, 72, 133
Decimal	11290757
CIE _{Lab}	45.77, 47.90, -14.09
CIE _{LCh}	46, 49.934, 343.607
Yxy	15.1022, 0.3769, 0.2414
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289480837 (0xFFAC4885)
YUV	108.8540, 11.9040, 55.3790
Hunter-Lab	38.8615, 40.2960, -9.2191

Details

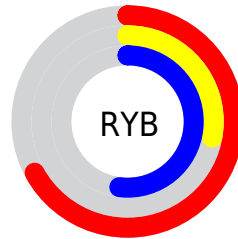
The YIQ color **108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **135.1460, -40.0190, -40.1710**, and the grayscale version is **109.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163.3490, 42.9990, 41.2310**, and **52.0760, 39.5140, 43.8180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98.0770, 46.9410, 46.8850**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119.6310, 33.0970, 33.4570**.

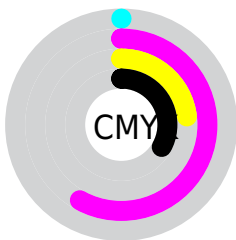
Distribution



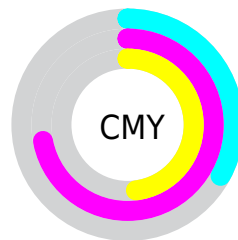
- Red (67%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 108.8540, 40.0190,
40.1710

■ 108.8540, 40.0190,
40.1710

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 81.7830, 38.7810,
40.5810

■ 163.3490, 42.9990,
41.2310

■ 52.0760, 39.5140,
43.8180

■ 189.8650, 41.4860,
41.1180

■ 33.7500, 34.3800,
37.7400

■ 209.4930, 24.7980,
35.1820

■ 23.4680, 25.9460,
25.3860

■ 227.4110, 12.9250,
24.5810

■ 13.8980, 18.3830,
13.7670

■ 244.4340, 4.9500,
9.4140

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 108.8540, 40.0190,
40.1710

■ 108.8540, 40.0190,
40.1710

■ 98.0770, 46.9410,
46.8850

■ 119.6310, 33.0970,
33.4570

■ 87.4140, 53.5420,
53.9100

■ 130.2940, 26.4960,
26.4320

■ 76.0500, 60.7390,
61.1470

■ 141.6580, 19.2990,
19.1950

■ 65.2730, 67.6610,
67.8610

■ 152.4350, 12.3770,
12.4810

■ 63.3980, 68.8070,
69.1190


■ 163.2120, 5.4550,
5.7670

■ 173.8750, -1.1460,
-1.2580

■ 184.6520, -8.0680,
-7.9720

■ 196.0160,

-15.2650, -15.2090

 206.6790,
-21.8660, -22.2340

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111.8740, 1.7360, 34.6320



108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710



105.3060, 61.7530, 31.7450

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710



100.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780



92.7720, -87.6150, -14.5830

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710



135.1460, -40.0190, -40.1710

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.6140, -75.9670, -27.4470



108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710



95.6520, -9.2090, -36.8650

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710



104.1720, 54.5170, -13.3470



84.0110, -61.5680, -40.6080



91.2850, -93.0730, -3.7690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710



104.9560, 65.1940, 18.9380



84.0110, -61.5680, -40.6080



92.1050, -84.3590, -18.5270

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710



200.0980, 14.9440, 15.5200



94.7620, -9.4520, 39.1560



98.0600, 8.9390, 8.7070



240.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710



124.8870, 62.7560, 63.1400



103.2680, 55.7480, 24.9320



81.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630



55.3380, 59.8680, 60.4120



8.4730, 9.2140, 9.2300

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710



124.8870, 62.7560, 63.1400



140.7320, -55.7480, -24.9320



81.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630



55.3380, 59.8680, 60.4120



8.4730, 9.2140, 9.2300

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

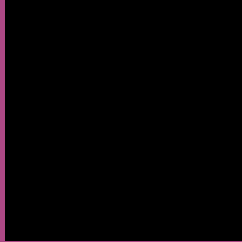
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 108.8540, 40.0190,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710

Protanopia

108.4430, -25.6320, 12.9920

Deuteranopia

110.0030, -4.0820, 7.9020



Tritanopia

108.3980, 49.3300, 20.0980

Trichromacy



Original Color

108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710

Protanomaly

108.4570, -1.8840, 23.1400

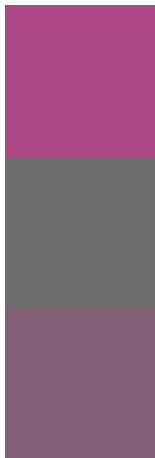
Deuteranomaly

109.7650, 11.6880, 19.4640

Tritanomaly

108.1730, 45.8900, 27.3780

Monochromacy



Original Color

108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710

Achromatopsia

109.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

109.2720, 14.3940, 14.4740

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 72, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 72, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 72, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 72, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 72, 133) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 72, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 72, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 72, 133); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 72, 133); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 72, 133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 108.8540, 40.0190, 40.1710 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 72, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172, 72,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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