

Converting Colors

YIQ(108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(108.9500, 38.9680,
20.6640)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F5565
RGB	159, 85, 101
RGB Percent	62%, 33%, 40%
CMY	0.3763, 0.6668, 0.6038
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.36, 0.38
HSL	347°, 30%, 48%
HSV	347°, 47%, 62%
XYZ	19.9043, 14.8082, 14.1304
YIQ	108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

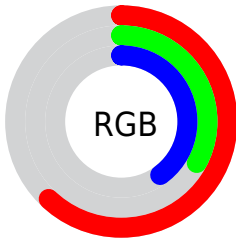
Format	Color
R_{YB}	159, 85, 101
Decimal	10442085
CIE Lab	45.37, 32.39, 4.55
CIE LCh	45, 32.711, 8.001
Yxy	14.8082, 0.4075, 0.3032
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288632165 (0xFF9F5565)
YUV	108.9500, -3.9193, 43.8939
Hunter-Lab	38.4814, 24.9856, 5.1656

Details

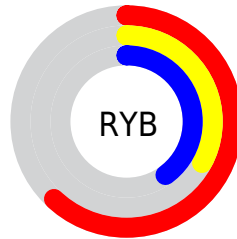
The YIQ color **108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **135.0500, -38.9680, -20.6640**, and the grayscale version is **109.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161.7440, 42.5440, 21.9360**, and **58.6830, 35.3460, 20.2260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98.1900, 47.2200, 25.3000**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119.7100, 30.7160, 16.0280**.

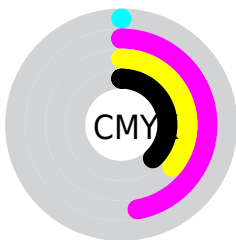
Distribution



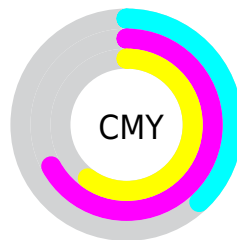
- Red (62%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 108.9500, 38.9680,
20.6640

■ 108.9500, 38.9680,
20.6640

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 83.4660, 37.4550,
20.5510

■ 161.7440, 42.5440,
21.9360

■ 58.6830, 35.3460,
20.2260

■ 189.3420, 43.7360,
22.3600

■ 33.2530, 33.7410,
21.7810

■ 211.8460, 33.3290,
18.2330

■ 17.2860, 28.9740,
14.5580

■ 231.4740, 16.6410,
12.2970

■ 7.5890, 14.5790,
5.6110

■ 250.3040, 2.2000,
4.1840

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 108.9500, 38.9680,
20.6640

■ 108.9500, 38.9680,
20.6640

■ 98.1900, 47.2200,
25.3000

■ 119.7100, 30.7160,
16.0280

■ 87.3160, 55.7930,
29.6250

■ 130.5840, 22.1430,
11.7030

■ 76.5560, 64.0450,
34.2610

■ 141.3440, 13.8910,
7.0670

■ 65.6820, 72.6180,
38.5860

■ 152.2180, 5.3180,
2.7420

■ 54.9220, 80.8700,
43.2220

■ 162.3910, -2.6590,
-1.3710


■ 51.4170, 83.8500,
44.2820

■ 173.2650,
-11.2320, -5.6960

■ 184.0250,
-19.4840, -10.3320

■ 194.8990,

-28.0570, -14.6570

 205.6590,
-36.3090, -19.2930

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110.2010, 22.3240, 24.9480



108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640



108.0240, 44.1510, 9.3270

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640



101.5860, 0.3250, -22.4190



86.1040, -82.6180, -11.5300

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640



135.0500, -38.9680, -20.6640

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.4000, -77.9400, -19.2200



108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640



95.4930, -30.2100, -25.2020

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640



104.3070, 23.3400, -15.5080



84.6100, -70.1440, -28.3520



104.7730, -35.4890, 9.9110

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640



106.7860, 41.5850, 0.7610



84.6100, -70.1440, -28.3520



86.7080, -81.5630, -14.1310

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640



187.3550, 15.3580, 8.0140



110.4790, 10.2180, 35.0980



92.8380, 9.4440, 5.0600



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640



128.5340, 61.1110, 32.3670



118.8660, 38.6040, 5.2280



73.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180



46.2910, 75.2770, 39.9570



4.8270, 7.9770, 4.1130

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640



128.5340, 61.1110, 32.3670



125.1340, -38.6040, -5.2280



73.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180



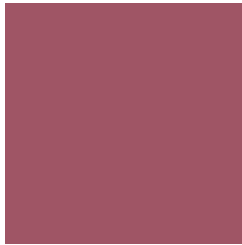
46.2910, 75.2770, 39.9570



4.8270, 7.9770, 4.1130

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

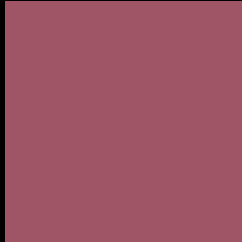
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

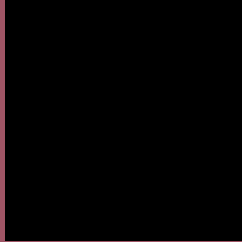
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 108.9500, 38.9680,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640

Protanopia

108.0970, -1.6510, 2.3890

Deuteranopia

108.6980, 12.6540, 1.9500



Tritanopia

108.3260, 40.6650, 17.4410

Trichromacy



Original Color

108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640

Protanomaly

108.5120, 13.4780, 9.0460

Deuteranomaly

108.5900, 22.0060, 8.6780

Tritanomaly

108.6680, 39.7020, 18.3740

Monochromacy



Original Color

108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640

Achromatopsia

109.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

108.7570, 14.1660, 7.5900

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 85, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 85, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 85, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 85, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 85, 101) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 85, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 85, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 85, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 85, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 85,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 108.9500, 38.9680, 20.6640 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 85, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159, 85,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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