

# Converting Colors

YIQ(109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(109.0200, 49.9740,  
8.4220)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A25A44
RGB	162, 90, 68
RGB Percent	64%, 35%, 27%
CMY	0.3645, 0.6472, 0.7331
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.58, 0.36
HSL	14°, 41%, 45%
HSV	14°, 58%, 64%
XYZ	19.6071, 15.4108, 7.4188
YIQ	109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

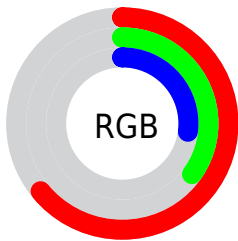
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	162, 97, 68
Decimal	10639940
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.19, 27.37, 25.54
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 37.433, 43.022
Yxy	15.4108, 0.4620, 0.3631
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288830020 (0xFFA25A44)
YUV	109.0200, -20.2229, 46.4635
Hunter-Lab	39.2566, 20.4546, 16.2749

# Details

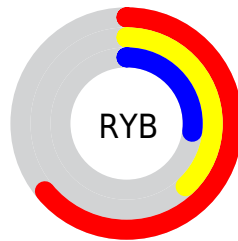
The YIQ color **109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **120.9800, -49.9740, -8.4220**, and the grayscale version is **109.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161.8850, 54.7880, 9.2840**, and **59.0840, 43.9220, 7.9700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100.1520, 58.4100, 9.7220**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117.8880, 41.5380, 7.1220**.

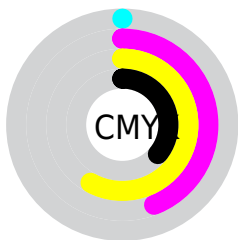
# Distribution



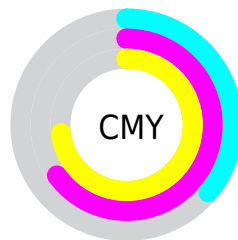
- Red (64%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 109.0200, 49.9740,  
8.4220

■ 109.0200, 49.9740,  
8.4220

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 83.9380, 47.2690,  
7.8850

■ 161.8850, 54.7880,  
9.2840

■ 59.0840, 43.9220,  
7.9700

■ 189.5540, 57.2180,  
9.2980

■ 35.0730, 42.4550,  
7.0230

■ 209.9760, 44.1060,  
4.6340

■ 15.8470, 31.5880,  
11.2360

■ 229.4900, 27.7390,  
-1.6130

■ 6.8770, 13.7080,  
4.8760

■ 249.7050, 10.7760,  
-8.0720

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

254.7720, 0.6420,

-0.6220

■ 109.0200, 49.9740,  
8.4220

■ 109.0200, 49.9740,  
8.4220

■ 100.1520, 58.4100,  
9.7220

■ 117.8880, 41.5380,  
7.1220

■ 90.6970, 67.1210,  
11.5450

■ 127.3430, 32.8270,  
5.2990

■ 81.7150, 75.8780,  
12.5340

■ 136.3250, 24.0700,  
4.3100

■ 72.2600, 84.5890,  
14.3570

■ 145.7800, 15.3590,  
2.4870

■ 70.7440, 86.1020,  
14.4700

■ 154.6480, 6.9230,  
1.1870

■ 164.1030, -1.7880,  
-0.6360

■ 172.9710,  
-10.2240, -1.9360

■ 181.9530,  
-18.9810, -2.9250

■ 191.4080,  
-27.6920, -4.7480

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110.0110, 46.1660, 22.3740



109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220



107.6300, 41.7240, -7.2680

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220



91.1210, -46.8980, -31.1380



106.9950, -35.9940, 13.5580

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220



120.9800, -49.9740, -8.4220

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.5320, -86.6990, -9.1550



109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220



87.3970, -73.8580, -27.1220

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220



101.4280, -5.2220, -26.5180



89.4150, -82.2960, -17.3680



112.5930, 0.7290, 25.3450



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220



106.3740, 30.4010, -16.8230



89.4150, -82.2960, -17.3680



102.9930, -50.8480, 7.4240

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220



191.4600, 19.2560, 3.4480



104.5420, 32.2700, 42.9420



95.2140, 11.1410, 1.8370



235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



107.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220



128.0960, 79.1790, 13.2830



135.4350, 37.5990, -15.1130



76.8650, 4.8140, 0.8620



63.3130, 77.0700, 12.9580



7.7300, 9.6280, 1.7240



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120.9800, -49.9740, -8.4220



146.9040, -79.1790, -13.2830



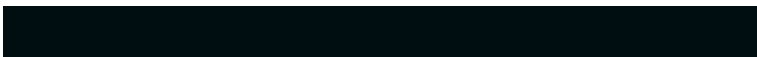
94.5650, -37.5990, 15.1130



78.1350, -4.8140, -0.8620



81.6870, -77.0700, -12.9580



10.2700, -9.6280, -1.7240



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 109.0200, 49.9740,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220

### Protanopia

108.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660

### Deuteranopia

109.1110, 30.1240, -6.2920



## Tritanopia

110.7070, 43.9660, 18.1900

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220

## Protanomaly

109.1480, 28.7020, -2.5460

## Deuteranomaly

109.2800, 37.1380, -1.2460

## Tritanomaly

109.9690, 45.9840, 14.6560

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220

## Achromatopsia

109.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

108.8620, 18.0640, 3.0240

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 90, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 90, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 90, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 90, 68) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 90, 68) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 90, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 90, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 90, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 90, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 90,  
68) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 109.0200, 49.9740, 8.4220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 90, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162, 90,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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