

Converting Colors

YIQ(109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(109.2550, 13.0640,
16.5520)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	845F7B
RGB	132, 95, 123
RGB Percent	52%, 37%, 48%
CMY	0.4822, 0.6275, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.07, 0.48
HSL	315°, 16%, 45%
HSV	315°, 28%, 52%
XYZ	17.1864, 14.5196, 20.6382
YIQ	109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

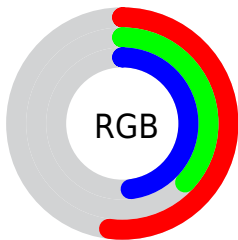
Format	Color
R_{YB}	132, 95, 123
Decimal	8675195
CIE _{Lab}	44.97, 19.94, -9.77
CIE _{LCh}	45, 22.205, 333.905
Yxy	14.5196, 0.3283, 0.2774
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286865275 (0xFF845F7B)
YUV	109.2550, 6.7763, 19.9474
Hunter-Lab	38.1046, 13.8262, -5.4394

Details

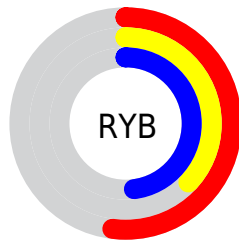
The YIQ color **109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **117.7450, -13.0640, -16.5520**, and the grayscale version is **109.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161.2660, 14.5310, 17.4990**, and **61.1300, 11.9180, 15.2940** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101.2820, 17.6020, 22.4180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117.2280, 8.5260, 10.6860**.

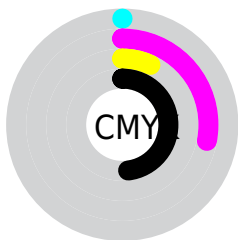
Distribution



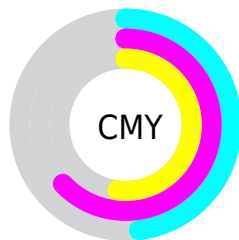
- Red (52%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 109.2550, 13.0640,
16.5520

■ 109.2550, 13.0640,
16.5520

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 84.5430, 12.1930,
15.8170

■ 161.2660, 14.5310,
17.4990

■ 61.1300, 11.9180,
15.2940

■ 188.3800, 14.2100,
17.8100

■ 38.5320, 10.7260,
14.8700

■ 216.0920, 15.0810,
18.5450

■ 16.0590, 10.6800,
15.7040

■ 239.1510, 7.4250,
14.1210

■ 0.3420, -0.9630,
0.9330

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 109.2550, 13.0640,
16.5520

■ 109.2550, 13.0640,
16.5520

■ 101.2820, 17.6020,
22.4180

■ 117.2280, 8.5260,
10.6860

■ 93.3090, 22.1400,
28.2840

■ 125.2010, 3.9880,
4.8200

■ 84.6350, 27.2740,
34.3620

■ 133.8750, -1.1460,
-1.2580

■ 76.6620, 31.8120,
40.2280

■ 141.8480, -5.6840,
-7.1240

■ 68.6890, 36.3500,
46.0940

■ 149.8210,
-10.2220, -12.9900

■ 60.7160, 40.8880,
51.9600

■ 157.7940,
-14.7600, -18.8560

■ 52.7430, 45.4260,
57.8260


■ 165.8810,
-19.6190, -24.4110

■ 50.8680, 46.5720,

■ 174.4410,

59.0840

-24.4320, -30.8000

 182.4140,
-28.9700, -36.6660

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108.3930, -5.0000, 13.5280



109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520



108.4320, 25.6270, 14.6430

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520



105.0710, 18.4330, -9.1750



95.9110, -45.5260, -11.9420

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520



117.7450, -13.0640, -16.5520

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.4360, -34.0630, -15.9430



109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520



102.7100, 3.2120, -14.1640

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520



106.9030, 28.0140, -1.0900



100.1900, -15.8150, -16.2550



99.8180, -40.5300, -3.3620

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520



107.8360, 30.1210, 10.2890



100.1900, -15.8150, -16.2550



95.6400, -43.3250, -13.2850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520



162.4400, 4.8130, 6.3890



101.9090, -6.5130, 13.4150



81.4890, 3.1170, 4.0850



214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520



135.3580, 20.4440, 25.9800



107.2030, 18.8420, 10.9540



62.3640, 1.9710, 2.8270



50.0420, 46.0220, 58.0380



1.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520



135.3580, 20.4440, 25.9800



119.7970, -18.8420, -10.9540



62.3640, 1.9710, 2.8270



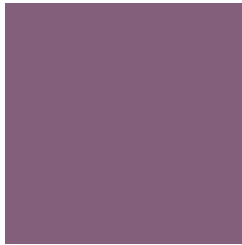
50.0420, 46.0220, 58.0380



1.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 109.2550, 13.0640,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520

Protanopia

107.2410, -10.6840, 6.4040

Deuteranopia

107.7320, -1.8810, 6.5590



Tritanopia

108.4800, 16.5040, 9.2720

Trichromacy



Original Color

109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520

Protanomaly

107.8400, -2.0650, 9.8950

Deuteranomaly

108.4770, 3.3910, 10.1350

Tritanomaly

108.8760, 15.4490, 11.8730

Monochromacy



Original Color

109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520

Achromatopsia

109.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

109.0270, 4.5380, 5.8660

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 95, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 95, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 95, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 95, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 95, 123) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 95, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 95, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 95, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 95, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 95,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 109.2550, 13.0640, 16.5520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 95, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 95,  
123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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