

# Converting Colors

YIQ(109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(109.2550, 3.8960,  
6.4880)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	756874
RGB	117, 104, 116
RGB Percent	46%, 41%, 45%
CMY	0.5411, 0.5922, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.01, 0.54
HSL	305°, 6%, 43%
HSV	305°, 11%, 46%
XYZ	15.4397, 14.9431, 18.5940
YIQ	109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

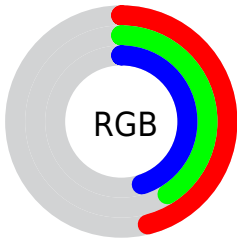
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	117, 104, 116
Decimal	7694452
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	45.56, 7.49, -4.83
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 8.910, 327.181
Yxy	14.9431, 0.3152, 0.3051
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285884532 (0xFF756874)
YUV	109.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924
Hunter-Lab	38.6563, 3.6459, -1.4596

# Details

The YIQ color  $109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $111.7450, -3.8960, -6.4880$ , and the grayscale version is  $109.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $160.6680, 4.1710, 7.0110$ , and  $61.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $102.0970, 7.5170, 12.4530$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $116.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230$ .

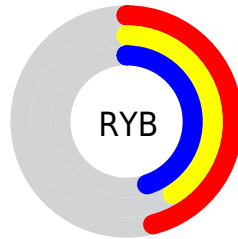
# Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (41%)

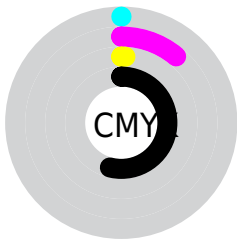
Blue (45%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (45%)

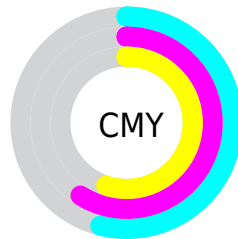


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 109.2550, 3.8960,  
6.4880

■ 109.2550, 3.8960,  
6.4880

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 84.8420, 3.6210,  
5.9650

■ 160.6680, 4.1710,  
7.0110

■ 61.8420, 3.6210,  
5.9650

■ 187.6680, 4.1710,  
7.0110

■ 39.5430, 3.0250,  
5.7530

■ 215.6680, 4.1710,  
7.0110

■ 18.8420, 3.6210,  
5.9650

■ 244.0810, 4.4460,  
7.5340

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 109.2550, 3.8960,

■ 109.2550, 3.8960,

6.4880

102.0970, 7.5170,  
12.4530

95.5260, 10.8630,  
17.8950

88.3680, 14.4840,  
23.8600

81.2100, 18.1050,  
29.8250

74.0520, 21.7260,  
35.7900

67.5950, 24.7510,  
41.5430

60.4370, 28.3720,  
47.5080

53.2790, 31.9930,  
53.4730

6.4880

116.4130, 0.2750,  
0.5230

122.9840, -3.0710,  
-4.9190

130.1420, -6.6920,  
-10.8840

137.3000,  
-10.3130, -16.8490

144.4580,  
-13.9340, -22.8140

150.9150,  
-16.9590, -28.5670

158.0730,  
-20.5800, -34.5320

165.2310,  
-24.2010, -40.4970

■ 47.2950, 35.0640,  
58.3920

■ 171.8020,  
-27.5470, -45.9390

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108.3080, -3.6230, 5.0890



109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



109.3650, 9.3980, 5.8940

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



107.7960, 9.2620, -2.6580



105.3510, -14.3500, -4.2540

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



111.7450, -3.8960, -6.4880

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105.1510, -10.9110, -6.0070



109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



106.5070, 2.7060, -4.9900

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



108.7580, 12.4250, 0.5930



105.8590, -4.2170, -6.1770



106.3450, -14.2130, -1.2290



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



109.3930, 12.1950, 4.7630



105.8590, -4.2170, -6.1770



105.1230, -13.7080, -4.8760

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



150.0650, 1.3750, 2.6150



105.7810, -3.5770, 4.2550



74.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810



204.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



141.0320, 6.1420, 9.8380



108.5710, 5.8220, 4.6220



55.3640, 1.9710, 2.8270



49.3600, 36.4390, 61.0070



101.0840, 74.8490, 124.8410



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



141.0320, 6.1420, 9.8380



112.4290, -5.8220, -4.6220



55.3640, 1.9710, 2.8270



49.3600, 36.4390, 61.0070



101.0840, 74.8490, 124.8410



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

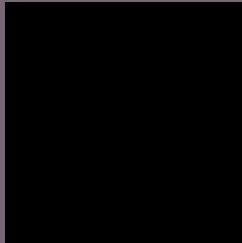
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 109.2550, 3.8960,

6.4880.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880

### Protanopia

108.2540, -3.5310, 3.4210

### Deuteranopia

109.2440, 2.4290, 5.5410



## Tritanopia

109.5000, 4.5840, 5.0320

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880

## Protanomaly

108.7490, -0.5510, 4.4810

## Deuteranomaly

109.5430, 3.0250, 5.7530

## Tritanomaly

109.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880

## Achromatopsia

109.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

109.0650, 1.3750, 2.6150

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 104, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 104, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 104, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 104, 116) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 104, 116) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 104, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 104, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 104, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 104, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 104,  
116) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 109.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 104, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
104, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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