

Converting Colors

YIQ(109.9210, 27.6030,
-10.1650)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(109.9210, 27.6030,
-10.1650)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	826D3E
RGB	130, 109, 62
RGB Percent	51%, 43%, 24%
CMY	0.4902, 0.5726, 0.7567
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.52, 0.49
HSL	41°, 35%, 38%
HSV	41°, 52%, 51%
XYZ	15.5449, 16.0298, 6.8375
YIQ	109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

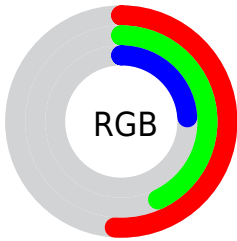
Format	Color
RYB	92, 130, 62
Decimal	8547646
CIELab	47.01, 1.82, 29.15
CIElCh	47, 29.206, 86.419
Yxy	16.0298, 0.4047, 0.4173
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286737726 (0xFF826D3E)
YUV	109.9210, -23.6251, 17.6093
Hunter-Lab	40.0373, -0.7605, 17.9006

Details

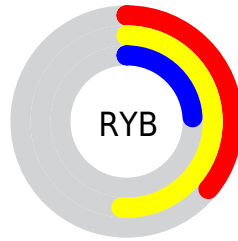
The YIQ color **109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **82.0790, -27.6030, 10.1650**, and the grayscale version is **110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161.8890, 30.6290, -9.9390**, and **61.6540, 23.9810, -10.6030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **106.0910, 32.8760, -12.1160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113.7510, 22.3300, -8.2140**.

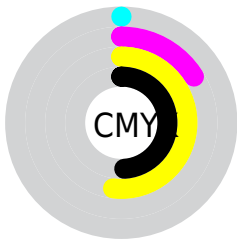
Distribution



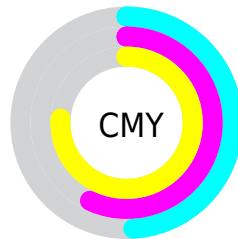
- Red (51%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 109.9210, 27.6030,
-10.1650

■ 109.9210, 27.6030,
-10.1650

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 85.4370, 26.0900,
-10.2780

■ 161.8890, 30.6290,
-9.9390

■ 61.6540, 23.9810,
-10.6030

■ 188.9600, 31.8670,
-10.3490

■ 39.9250, 21.7800,
-9.2600

■ 217.1450, 32.7840,
-10.4480

■ 21.0090, 12.9760,
-3.8880

■ 240.5460, 24.1650,
-13.9390

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 250.7820, 11.8770,
-11.5070

■ 254.0880, 2.5680,

-2.4880

■ 109.9210, 27.6030,
-10.1650

■ 109.9210, 27.6030,
-10.1650

■ 106.0910, 32.8760,
-12.1160

■ 113.7510, 22.3300,
-8.2140

■ 102.2610, 38.1490,
-14.0670

■ 117.5810, 17.0570,
-6.2630

■ 98.4310, 43.4220,
-16.0180

■ 121.4110, 11.7840,
-4.3120

■ 94.6010, 48.6950,
-17.9690

■ 125.2410, 6.5110,
-2.3610

■ 91.7000, 52.7300,
-19.5100

■ 129.0710, 1.2380,
-0.4100

■ 132.9010, -4.0350,
1.5410

■ 136.7310, -9.3080,
3.4920

■ 140.5610,
-14.5810, 5.4430

■ 144.3910,
-19.8540, 7.3940

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111.3450, 38.5130, 1.3690



109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650



107.7120, 8.8980, -18.0940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650



87.8360, -76.4720, -23.8000



114.6450, 12.1460, 22.1780

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650



82.0790, -27.6030, 10.1650

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



112.7820, -13.3450, 16.0870



109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650



92.8400, -73.1270, -12.8310

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650



97.3590, -44.3320, -22.5720



106.3760, -41.8610, 4.2430



113.7580, 30.7610, 20.7210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650



104.9320, -6.4610, -20.5810



106.3760, -41.8610, 4.2430



114.3990, 4.0310, 20.5670

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650



160.2260, 10.8670, -4.2130



84.8400, 33.4660, 21.2580



79.2410, 6.5110, -2.3610



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650



137.1320, 42.8260, -16.2300



118.6600, 14.6760, -23.6920



62.0280, 2.7970, -1.1310



89.9280, 52.0880, -18.8880



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.0790, -27.6030, 10.1650



93.4550, -43.1010, 15.7070



73.3400, -14.6760, 23.6920



58.9720, -2.7970, 1.1310



37.4850, -51.8130, 19.4110



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 109.9210, 27.6030,

-10.1650.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650

Protanopia

109.7030, 22.2850, -12.9070

Deuteranopia

110.0680, 31.6830, -7.0130



Tritanopia

113.1810, 15.9080, 9.0600

Trichromacy



Original Color

109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650

Protanomaly

110.0130, 24.3480, -11.7480

Deuteranomaly

110.0570, 30.2160, -7.9600

Tritanomaly

112.0040, 20.5400, 2.2040

Monochromacy



Original Color

109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650

Achromatopsia

110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

110.1550, 9.6290, -3.8030

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 109, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 109, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 109, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 109, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 109, 62) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 109, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 109, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 109, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 109, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 109,  
62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 109.9210, 27.6030, -10.1650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 109, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
109, 62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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