

Converting Colors

YIQ(110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250)
contains.

YIQ(110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(110.4950, -14.2150,
9.8250)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	676C8F
RGB	103, 108, 143
RGB Percent	40%, 42%, 56%
CMY	0.5961, 0.5765, 0.4393
CMYK	0.28, 0.24, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	232°, 16%, 48%
HSV	232°, 28%, 56%
XYZ	15.9129, 15.5918, 28.1490
YIQ	110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

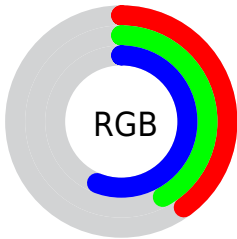
Format	Color
R _Y B	103, 107, 143
Decimal	6777999
CIE Lab	46.43, 6.46, -19.76
CIE LCh	46, 20.792, 288.106
Yxy	15.5918, 0.2668, 0.2614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284968079 (0xFF676C8F)
YUV	110.4950, 16.0250, -6.5731
Hunter-Lab	39.4865, 2.8335, -14.6259

Details

The YIQ color **110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **135.5050, 14.2150, -9.8250**, and the grayscale version is **110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162.1360, -14.5820, 10.9700**, and **62.8540, -13.8480, 8.6800** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98.6780, -18.9840, 13.6560**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.3120, -9.4460, 5.9940**.

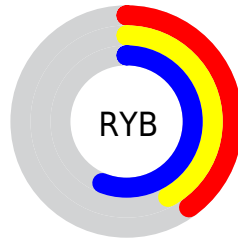
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (42%)

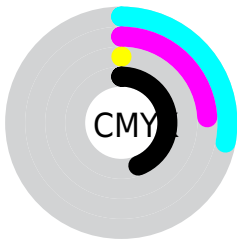
Blue (56%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (56%)

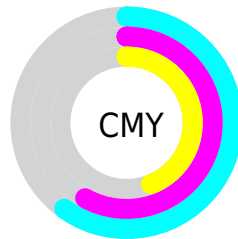


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 110.4950,
-14.2150, 9.8250

■ 110.4950,
-14.2150, 9.8250

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 85.9680, -14.1690,
8.9910

■ 162.1360,
-14.5820, 10.9700

■ 62.8540, -13.8480,
8.6800

■ 189.2500,
-14.9030, 11.2810

■ 40.3270, -13.8020,
7.8460

■ 217.3640,
-15.2240, 11.5920

■ 18.7890, -15.2230,
6.0650

■ 242.2860, -6.5570,
3.1950

■ 3.5510, -8.6210,
7.5630

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 110.4950,
-14.2150, 9.8250

■ 110.4950,
-14.2150, 9.8250

■ 98.6780, -18.9840,
13.6560

■ 122.3120, -9.4460,
5.9940

■ 87.1490, -24.6240,
16.7520

■ 133.8410, -3.8060,
2.8980

■ 75.3320, -29.3930,
20.5830

■ 145.6580, 0.9630,
-0.9330

■ 64.1020, -34.4370,
23.8910

■ 156.8880, 6.0070,
-4.2410

■ 52.2850, -39.2060,
27.7220

■ 168.7050, 10.7760,
-8.0720

■ 40.7560, -44.8460,
30.8180

■ 180.2340, 16.4160,
-11.1680

■ 28.9390, -49.6150,
34.6490

■ 192.0510, 21.1850,
-14.9990

■ 26.8680, -50.8530,

■ 203.2810, 26.2290,

35.0590

-18.3070

■ 215.3970, 31.5940,
-21.9260

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



106.6560, -31.0860, 1.6980



110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250



112.4110, 3.7570, 14.5170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250



111.1360, 28.9760, 3.5040



103.0090, -22.5550, -15.2510

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250



135.5050, 14.2150, -9.8250

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105.9910, -4.9490, -14.9410



110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250



110.0440, 23.0630, -4.9770

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250



111.6940, 27.6450, 11.1090



108.0100, 11.2350, -10.8850



101.1630, -37.5480, -13.3560

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250



112.7990, 14.3480, 15.3080



108.0100, 11.2350, -10.8850



104.1190, -17.0530, -15.8450

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250



173.8840, -5.3650, 3.6190



130.4700, -22.2350, -10.0350



86.6130, -3.1640, 2.2760



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250



134.8780, -22.4230, 15.4090



112.0450, -3.9000, 15.6200



65.3850, -2.5220, 1.6540



25.3690, -48.0100, 33.0940



1.4990, -2.8430, 1.9650

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115.5300, 22.2350, 10.0350



142.7490, 34.9800, 15.8440



133.9550, 3.9000, -15.6200



66.2070, 3.8510, 1.7950



42.3030, 75.0030, 33.9070



2.5060, 4.4470, 2.0070

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

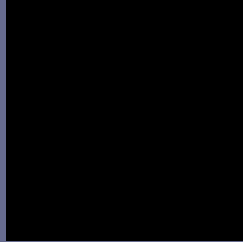
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 110.4950, -14.2150,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250

Protanopia

110.4840, -15.6820, 8.8780

Deuteranopia

110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250



Tritanopia

108.8400, -11.2330, -0.1690

Trichromacy



Original Color

110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250

Protanomaly

110.7830, -15.0860, 9.0900

Deuteranomaly

110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250

Tritanomaly

109.7630, -12.3340, 3.2660

Monochromacy



Original Color

110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250

Achromatopsia

110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

109.8840, -5.3650, 3.6190

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 108, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 108, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 108, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 108, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

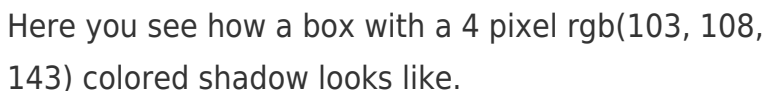
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 108, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 108, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 108, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 108, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 108, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 108,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 110.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 108, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
108, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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