

Converting Colors

YIQ(110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(110.7950, 11.0030,
4.3390)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C696A
RGB	124, 105, 106
RGB Percent	49%, 41%, 42%
CMY	0.5137, 0.5883, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.15, 0.51
HSL	357°, 8%, 45%
HSV	357°, 15%, 49%
XYZ	15.9667, 15.4283, 15.7751
YIQ	110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

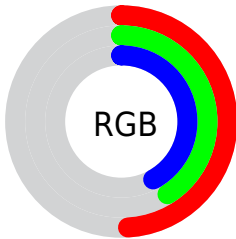
Format	Color
R_{YB}	124, 105, 106
Decimal	8153450
CIE Lab	46.22, 7.72, 2.22
CIE LCh	46, 8.030, 16.084
Yxy	15.4283, 0.3385, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286343530 (0xFF7C696A)
YUV	110.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808
Hunter-Lab	39.2789, 3.8215, 3.6833

Details

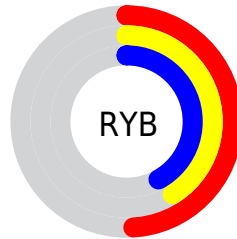
The YIQ color **110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **118.2050, -11.0030, -4.3390**, and the grayscale version is **111.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162.3930, 12.1950, 4.7630**, and **63.1970, 9.8110, 3.9150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **102.3830, 18.1550, 6.8830**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119.2070, 3.8510, 1.7950**.

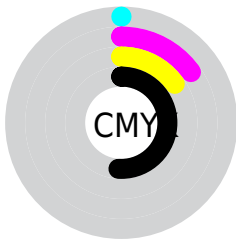
Distribution



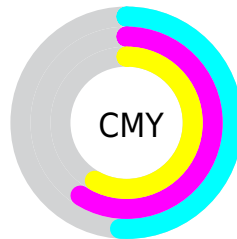
- Red (49%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 110.7950, 11.0030,
4.3390

■ 110.7950, 11.0030,
4.3390

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 86.4960, 10.4070,
4.1270

■ 162.3930, 12.1950,
4.7630

■ 63.1970, 9.8110,
3.9150

■ 189.3930, 12.1950,
4.7630

■ 40.8980, 9.2150,
3.7030

■ 217.3930, 12.1950,
4.7630

■ 20.4850, 8.9400,
3.1800

■ 243.8980, 9.2150,
3.7030

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 110.7950, 11.0030,

■ 110.7950, 11.0030,

4.3390

■ 102.3830, 18.1550,
6.8830

■ 93.4980, 25.2610,
10.2610

■ 85.0860, 32.4130,
12.8050

■ 76.0870, 39.8400,
15.8720

■ 67.6750, 46.9920,
18.4160

■ 59.3770, 53.8230,
21.2710

■ 50.3780, 61.2500,
24.3380

■ 41.9660, 68.4020,
26.8820

4.3390

■ 119.2070, 3.8510,
1.7950

■ 128.0920, -3.2550,
-1.5830

■ 136.5040,
-10.4070, -4.1270

■ 145.5030,
-17.8340, -7.1940

■ 153.9150,
-24.9860, -9.7380

■ 162.2130,
-31.8170, -12.5930

■ 171.2120,
-39.2440, -15.6600

■ 179.6240,
-46.3960, -18.2040

■ 37.8740, 71.6570,
28.4650

■ 188.6230,
-53.8230, -21.2710

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110.6960, 6.9680, 5.8800



110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390



110.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390



107.9410, -1.5120, -5.6400



108.6660, -10.6830, 0.8770

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390



118.2050, -11.0030, -4.3390

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108.0030, -13.2500, -2.1620



110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390



107.4180, -7.2890, -5.5690

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390



108.8170, 4.7690, -3.8310



107.0200, -11.9200, -4.2400



109.8840, -5.3650, 3.6190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390



109.7470, 10.9580, -0.3540



107.0200, -11.9200, -4.2400



108.6550, -12.1500, -0.0700

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390



155.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960



112.5480, 4.6290, 9.7250



78.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390



140.7850, 16.9630, 6.4590



115.3770, 9.1240, -0.1560



56.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720



38.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770



76.8300, 146.0190, 57.4670

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390



140.7850, 16.9630, 6.4590



113.6230, -9.1240, 0.1560



56.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720



38.1730, 72.2530, 28.6770



76.8300, 146.0190, 57.4670

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

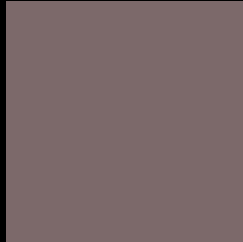
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 110.7950, 11.0030,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390

Protanopia

109.7830, 2.1090, 0.3250

Deuteranopia

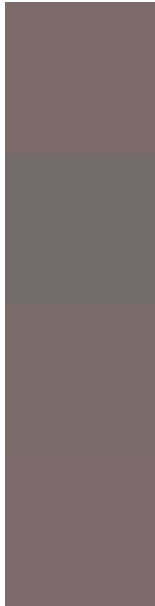
110.7840, 9.5360, 3.3920



Tritanopia

111.1910, 9.9480, 6.9400

Trichromacy



Original Color

110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390

Protanomaly

110.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850

Deuteranomaly

111.0830, 10.1320, 3.6040

Tritanomaly

110.9630, 10.5900, 6.3180

Monochromacy



Original Color

110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390

Achromatopsia

111.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

111.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 105, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 105, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 105, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 105, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 105, 106) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 105, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 105, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 105, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 105, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 105,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 110.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 105, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
105, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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