

Converting Colors

YIQ(110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(110.7960, 18.4300,
7.4060)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	856567
RGB	133, 101, 103
RGB Percent	52%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.4784, 0.6040, 0.5960
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.23, 0.48
HSL	356°, 14%, 46%
HSV	356°, 24%, 52%
XYZ	16.7775, 15.2725, 14.9004
YIQ	110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

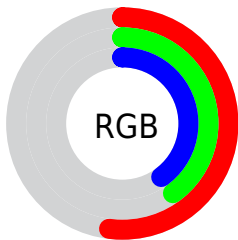
Format	Color
R_{YB}	133, 101, 103
Decimal	8742247
CIE Lab	46.01, 13.21, 3.84
CIE LCh	46, 13.761, 16.208
Yxy	15.2725, 0.3573, 0.3253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286932327 (0xFF856567)
YUV	110.7960, -3.8434, 19.4729
Hunter-Lab	39.0801, 8.2416, 4.7501

Details

The YIQ color **110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **123.2040, -18.4300, -7.4060**, and the grayscale version is **111.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162.6930, 20.2180, 8.0420**, and **62.8990, 16.6420, 6.7700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101.7970, 25.8570, 10.4730**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390**.

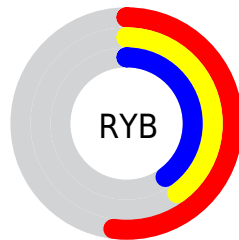
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (40%)

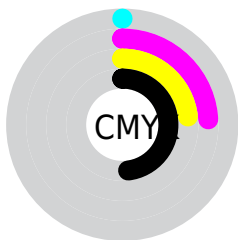
Blue (40%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (40%)

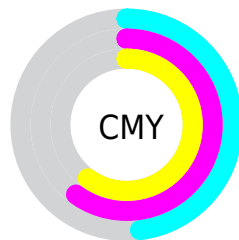


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 110.7960, 18.4300,
7.4060

■ 110.7960, 18.4300,
7.4060

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 86.1980, 17.2380,
6.9820

■ 162.6930, 20.2180,
8.0420

■ 62.8990, 16.6420,
6.7700

■ 189.9920, 20.8140,
8.2540

■ 40.4150, 15.1290,
6.6570

■ 217.2910, 21.4100,
8.4660

■ 19.0020, 14.8540,
6.1340

■ 241.2080, 11.2780,
4.8620

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 110.7960, 18.4300,

■ 110.7960, 18.4300,

7.4060

7.4060

■ 101.7970, 25.8570,
10.4730

■ 119.7950, 11.0030,
4.3390

■ 92.0970, 33.8800,
13.7520

■ 129.4950, 2.9800,
1.0600

■ 83.0980, 41.3070,
16.8190

■ 138.4940, -4.4470,
-2.0070

■ 73.9850, 49.0550,
19.5750

■ 147.6070,
-12.1950, -4.7630

■ 64.3990, 56.7570,
23.1650

■ 156.6060,
-19.6220, -7.8300

■ 55.2860, 64.5050,
25.9210

■ 166.3060,
-27.6450, -11.1090

■ 46.2870, 71.9320,
28.9880

■ 175.3050,
-35.0720, -14.1760

■ 40.6790, 76.7000,
30.6840

■ 184.4180,
-42.8200, -16.9320

■ 194.0040,
-50.5220, -20.5220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110.9680, 12.1940, 10.2900



110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060



110.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060



106.2350, -2.5200, -9.4000



107.2890, -19.8070, 1.0330

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060



123.2040, -18.4300, -7.4060

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



104.7890, -24.3910, -3.9990



110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060



104.9610, -13.4320, -9.8800

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060



107.6770, 7.9790, -6.9410



104.5240, -22.3270, -8.3670



109.4260, -9.7670, 6.3050

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060



109.3410, 17.9730, -0.8350



104.5240, -22.3270, -8.3670



106.5660, -22.1450, -0.6490

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060



164.7020, 6.8310, 2.8550



113.6180, 7.6080, 16.3120



82.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840



214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060



138.2920, 28.8370, 11.5330



118.7860, 15.2220, -0.5380



61.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720



39.7820, 74.9120, 30.0480



0.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060



138.2920, 28.8370, 11.5330



115.2140, -15.2220, 0.5380



61.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720



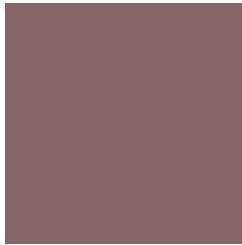
39.7820, 74.9120, 30.0480



0.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

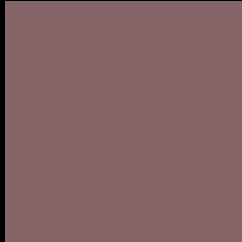
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

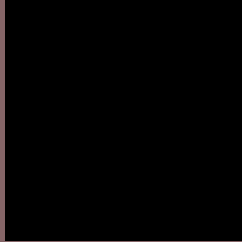
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 110.7960, 18.4300,

7.4060.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060

Protanopia

109.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140

Deuteranopia

109.7410, 11.0950, 2.6710



Tritanopia

111.0780, 17.6960, 9.6960

Trichromacy



Original Color

110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060

Protanomaly

110.1860, 8.3440, 2.9680

Deuteranomaly

110.3500, 13.7540, 4.0420

Tritanomaly

110.8500, 18.3380, 9.0740

Monochromacy



Original Color

110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060

Achromatopsia

111.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

110.7020, 6.8310, 2.8550

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 101, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 101, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 101, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 101, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 101, 103) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 101, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 101, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 101, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 101, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 101,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 110.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 101, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
101, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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