

Converting Colors

YIQ(111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(111.7180, 1.8750,
26.6030)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	825E9B
RGB	130, 94, 155
RGB Percent	51%, 37%, 61%
CMY	0.4901, 0.6314, 0.3922
CMYK	0.16, 0.39, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	275°, 25%, 49%
HSV	275°, 39%, 61%
XYZ	19.1277, 15.1173, 32.9157
YIQ	111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

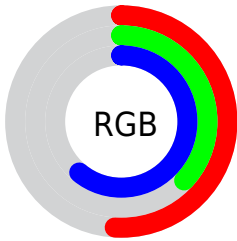
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 94, 155
Decimal	8543899
CIE _{Lab}	45.79, 26.65, -27.69
CIE _{LCh}	46, 38.430, 313.909
Yxy	15.1173, 0.2848, 0.2251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286733979 (0xFF825E9B)
YUV	111.7180, 21.3380, 16.0333
Hunter-Lab	38.8809, 19.7723, -22.9768

Details

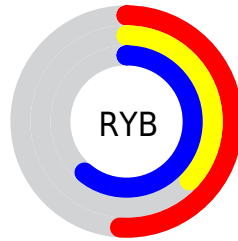
The YIQ color **111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **137.2820, -1.8750, -26.6030**, and the grayscale version is **112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164.0710, 2.3790, 28.4830**, and **62.9520, 1.0960, 24.2000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100.5320, 2.6990, 33.6990**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.3170, 1.3260, 20.0300**.

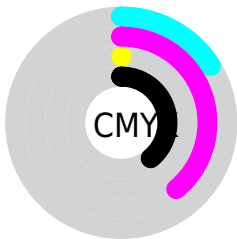
Distribution



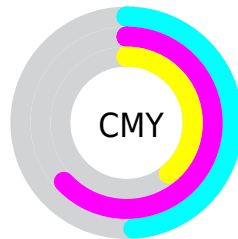
- Red (51%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 111.7180, 1.8750,
26.6030

■ 111.7180, 1.8750,
26.6030

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 86.8920, 1.3250,
25.5570

■ 164.0710, 2.3790,
28.4830

■ 62.9520, 1.0960,
24.2000

■ 191.4840, 2.6540,
29.0060

■ 40.1260, 0.5460,
23.1540

■ 217.9420, 7.0560,
26.3200

■ 17.1260, 0.5460,
23.1540

■ 238.5640, 7.7000,
14.6440

■ 3.8760, -10.9140,
10.5740

■ 0.9120, -2.5680,
2.4880

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 111.7180, 1.8750,
26.6030

■ 111.7180, 1.8750,
26.6030

■ 100.5320, 2.6990,
33.6990

■ 122.3170, 1.3260,
20.0300

■ 89.6340, 2.6520,
40.0600

■ 133.8020, 1.0980,
13.1460

■ 78.4480, 3.4760,
47.1560

■ 144.4010, 0.5490,
6.5730

■ 67.8490, 4.0250,
53.7290

■ 155.5870, -0.2750,
-0.5230

■ 56.3640, 4.2530,
60.6130

■ 166.4850, -0.2280,
-6.8840

■ 45.7650, 4.8020,
67.1860

■ 177.6710, -1.0520,
-13.9800

■ 45.1780, 5.0770,
67.7090

■ 188.2700, -1.6010,
-20.5530

■ 199.7550, -1.8290,
-27.4370

■ 210.3540, -2.3780,
-34.0100

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



106.5220, -36.0400, 14.3920



111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030



110.7400, 31.1720, 29.7960

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030



106.8750, 42.4120, -8.7240



87.3970, -73.8580, -27.1220

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030



137.2820, -1.8750, -26.6030

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.2450, -53.1790, -32.9470



111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030



103.8460, 23.0200, -20.7240

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030



108.0910, 51.2120, 8.0120



99.7160, -6.0930, -27.2530



89.5290, -82.6170, -17.0570

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030



109.4500, 43.5520, 25.6960



99.7160, -6.0930, -27.2530



86.1430, -70.3270, -30.5430

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030



184.2210, 1.2360, 10.6440



115.6290, -26.4560, 5.8960



91.9880, 0.2740, 6.0500



230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030



134.4600, 3.2020, 41.1060



118.6230, 18.3800, 30.3480



71.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360



40.7770, 4.5280, 61.1360



3.8740, 0.5950, 5.7390

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115.0890, 28.3310, 20.7070



139.5520, 43.5050, 32.0570



130.3770, -18.3800, -30.3480



71.7340, 3.8050, 2.6290



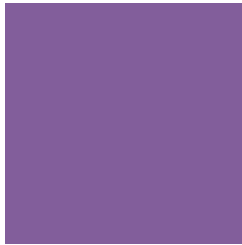
48.3580, 65.1430, 47.4070



4.4570, 6.1430, 4.3110

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 111.7180, 1.8750,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030

Protanopia

108.0450, -30.2630, 14.3210

Deuteranopia

107.9440, -22.7890, 11.0270



Tritanopia

109.8920, 9.3520, 6.7280

Trichromacy



Original Color

111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030

Protanomaly

109.1390, -18.6640, 18.8720

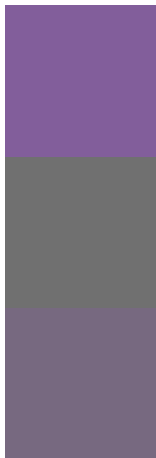
Deuteranomaly

109.0100, -13.9870, 16.7090

Tritanomaly

110.8520, 6.8290, 13.9090

Monochromacy



Original Color

111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030

Achromatopsia

112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

111.8080, 0.9610, 10.1210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 94, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 94, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 94, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 94, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 94, 155) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 94, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 94, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 94, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 94, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 94,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 111.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 94, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130, 94,  
155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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