

Converting Colors

YIQ(111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(111.8940, 34.5150,
51.8190)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B145A2
RGB	177, 69, 162
RGB Percent	69%, 27%, 64%
CMY	0.3056, 0.7296, 0.3646
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.09, 0.31
HSL	308°, 44%, 48%
HSV	308°, 61%, 69%
XYZ	26.7982, 16.2165, 35.9078
YIQ	111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

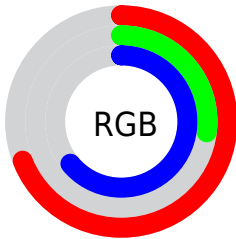
Format	Color
R_{YB}	177, 69, 162
Decimal	11617698
CIE _{Lab}	47.26, 55.20, -29.11
CIE _{LCh}	47, 62.409, 332.193
Yxy	16.2165, 0.3396, 0.2055
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289807778 (0xFFB145A2)
YUV	111.8940, 24.7023, 57.0980
Hunter-Lab	40.2697, 48.3141, -24.6792

Details

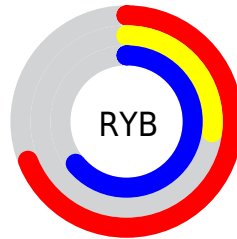
The YIQ color **111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **134.1060, -34.5150, -51.8190**, and the grayscale version is **112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **167.2040, 36.5780, 52.9780**, and **48.7190, 36.8060, 59.8620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101.1000, 40.1070, 60.6110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.6880, 28.9230, 43.0270**.

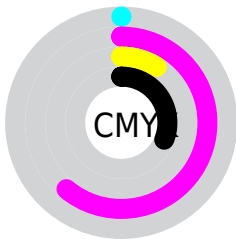
Distribution



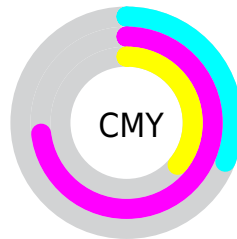
- Red (69%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 111.8940, 34.5150,
51.8190

■ 111.8940, 34.5150,
51.8190

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 83.5350, 34.1480,
52.9640

■ 167.2040, 36.5780,
52.9780

■ 48.7190, 36.8060,
59.8620

■ 192.9260, 31.4890,
51.5930

■ 37.7960, 28.7390,
46.3630

■ 210.3880, 20.9000,
39.7480

■ 27.4000, 20.6260,
33.6980

■ 227.4110, 12.9250,
24.5810

■ 17.7160, 13.3840,
21.7680

■ 244.4340, 4.9500,
9.4140

■ 1.8240, -5.1360,
4.9760

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 111.8940, 34.5150,
51.8190

■ 111.8940, 34.5150,
51.8190

■ 101.1000, 40.1070,
60.6110

■ 122.6880, 28.9230,
43.0270

■ 90.7790, 45.7450,
68.5690

■ 133.0090, 23.2850,
35.0690

■ 79.9850, 51.3370,
77.3610

■ 143.8030, 17.6930,
26.2770

■ 70.2510, 56.7000,
84.7960

■ 154.7110, 11.7800,
17.7960

■ 165.5050, 6.1880,
9.0040

■ 175.8260, 0.5500,
1.0460

■ 186.6200, -5.0420,
-7.7460

■ 197.5280,
-10.9550, -16.2270

■ 207.7350,
-16.2720, -24.4960

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113.4660, -23.2980, 36.7820



111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190



103.8750, 71.0570, 50.3610

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190



104.6250, 48.1470, -30.0690



98.2830, -90.7320, -18.6680

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190



134.1060, -34.5150, -51.8190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.3550, -74.0400, -34.8400



111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190



96.6970, 12.1130, -48.8390

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190



104.8990, 77.3950, -9.4610



84.3240, -55.5600, -50.3760



99.6800, -101.5550, -4.2350

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190



103.4070, 80.6420, 36.3380



84.3240, -55.5600, -50.3760



96.9320, -85.5500, -24.4780

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190



204.6620, 13.4760, 20.1000



85.4980, -26.3240, 36.5560



99.8690, 8.1590, 11.8310



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190



128.6480, 53.9040, 80.4000



105.8520, 51.5280, 35.3360



83.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



60.7950, 48.8160, 73.4880



10.2820, 8.4340, 12.3540

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190



128.6480, 53.9040, 80.4000



140.1480, -51.5280, -35.3360



83.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



60.7950, 48.8160, 73.4880



10.2820, 8.4340, 12.3540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

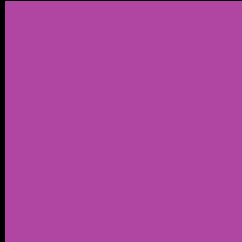
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

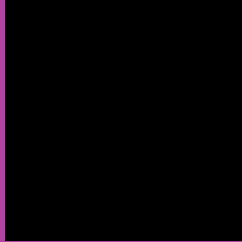
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 111.8940, 34.5150,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190

Protanopia

108.8550, -49.9790, 19.2130

Deuteranopia

112.4280, -21.2760, 11.1400



Tritanopia

112.6150, 47.2210, 19.7730

Trichromacy



Original Color

111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190

Protanomaly

109.9300, -19.0330, 31.0710

Deuteranomaly

112.3370, -1.4260, 25.8540

Tritanomaly

112.2530, 42.9090, 31.8450

Monochromacy



Original Color

111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190

Achromatopsia

112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

111.8360, 12.9260, 19.0540

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 69, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 69, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 69, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 69, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 69, 162) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 69, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 69, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 69, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 69, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 69,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 111.8940, 34.5150, 51.8190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 69, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177, 69,  
162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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