

# Converting Colors

YIQ(111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(111.9580, 52.5440,  
-5.1200)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9F652D
RGB	159, 101, 45
RGB Percent	62%, 40%, 18%
CMY	0.3764, 0.6040, 0.8233
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.72, 0.38
HSL	29°, 56%, 40%
HSV	29°, 72%, 62%
XYZ	19.4295, 16.8662, 4.7206
YIQ	111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

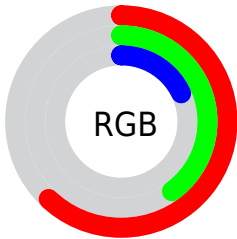
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	159, 155, 45
Decimal	10446125
CIE Lab	48.09, 18.29, 40.24
CIE LCh	48, 44.201, 65.563
Yxy	16.8662, 0.4737, 0.4112
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288636205 (0xFF9F652D)
YUV	111.9580, -33.0103, 41.2558
Hunter-Lab	41.0684, 12.5786, 21.9329

# Details

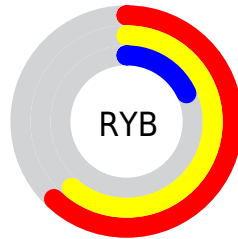
The YIQ color **111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **92.0420, -52.5440, 5.1200**, and the grayscale version is **112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164.8230, 57.3580, -4.2580**, and **62.4950, 46.5380, -6.4060** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105.4380, 59.8800, -5.9120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118.4780, 45.2080, -4.3280**.

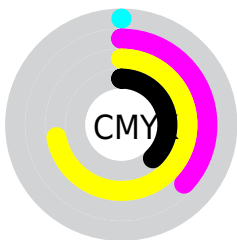
# Distribution



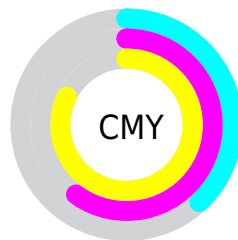
- Red (62%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 111.9580, 52.5440,  
-5.1200

■ 111.9580, 52.5440,  
-5.1200

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 86.7620, 50.1600,  
-5.9680

■ 164.8230, 57.3580,  
-4.2580

■ 62.4950, 46.5380,  
-6.4060

■ 192.4920, 59.7880,  
-4.2440

■ 41.5080, 36.4960,  
-0.6240

■ 213.6970, 48.7850,  
-8.5830

■ 21.1080, 26.1790,  
4.6350

■ 233.7980, 32.1430,  
-15.3530

■ 6.5780, 13.1120,  
4.6640

■ 248.7300, 17.6550,  
-17.1050

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 251.9220, 8.6670,

-8.3970

■ 111.9580, 52.5440,  
-5.1200

■ 111.9580, 52.5440,  
-5.1200

■ 105.4380, 59.8800,  
-5.9120

■ 118.4780, 45.2080,  
-4.3280

■ 98.9180, 67.2160,  
-6.7040

■ 124.9980, 37.8720,  
-3.5360

■ 93.3270, 73.3140,  
-7.0860

■ 131.5180, 30.5360,  
-2.7440

■ 138.0380, 23.2000,  
-1.9520

■ 144.5580, 15.8640,  
-1.1600

■ 151.5510, 8.5740,  
-1.2020

■ 158.0710, 1.2380,  
-0.4100

■ 164.5910, -6.0980,  
0.3820

■ 171.1110,  
-13.4340, 1.1740

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112.9120, 59.3260, 15.1500



111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200



109.1800, 33.7030, -21.6010

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200



91.1640, -74.8200, -31.7160



116.6120, -9.4500, 28.1020

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200



92.0420, -52.5440, 5.1200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105.0720, -61.2560, 8.8240



111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200



94.7950, -86.4220, -19.6860

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200



94.0300, -45.3840, -36.5520



94.7100, -93.0720, -9.2960



117.0480, 27.5490, 34.8850



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200



107.1990, 14.3560, -28.9080



94.7100, -93.0720, -9.2960



115.2510, -24.6710, 23.1130

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200



188.4830, 20.4490, -1.6550



85.8120, 49.0050, 42.5170



93.7040, 12.5170, -1.0750



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200



133.2910, 82.1630, -7.7650



144.8300, 37.1440, -34.4080



75.7400, 3.6680, -0.3960



83.8470, 65.9780, -6.2940



9.1810, 6.7400, -1.0040



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.0420, -52.5440, 5.1200



102.1220, -81.8880, 8.2880



59.1700, -37.1440, 34.4080



74.2600, -3.6680, 0.3960



59.1530, -65.9780, 6.2940



6.4060, -7.0150, 0.4810



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

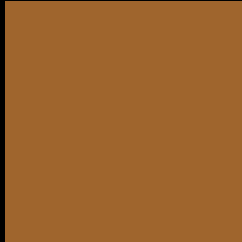
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

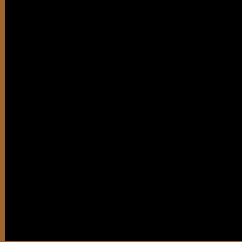
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 111.9580, 52.5440,

-5.1200.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200

### Protanopia

111.0640, 28.3380, -17.9820

### Deuteranopia

111.6420, 41.4500, -13.3180



## Tritanopia

115.8310, 37.6850, 16.3810

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200

## Protanomaly

111.6030, 37.1860, -13.1340

## Deuteranomaly

111.7890, 45.5300, -10.1660

## Tritanomaly

114.3120, 43.2800, 8.5920

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200

## Achromatopsia

112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

111.9990, 18.9360, -1.7680

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 101, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 101, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 101, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 101, 45) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 101, 45) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 101, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 101, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 101, 45); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 101, 45);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 101,  
45) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 111.9580, 52.5440, -5.1200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 101, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
101, 45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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