

# Converting Colors

YIQ(112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(112.2230, 6.9220,  
6.7140)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7B6A74
RGB	123, 106, 116
RGB Percent	48%, 42%, 45%
CMY	0.5176, 0.5843, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.06, 0.52
HSL	325°, 7%, 45%
HSV	325°, 14%, 48%
XYZ	16.4761, 15.7795, 18.7019
YIQ	112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

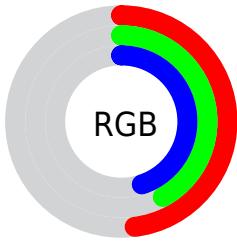
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	123, 106, 116
Decimal	8088180
CIE Lab	46.68, 8.60, -3.10
CIE LCh	47, 9.141, 340.183
Yxy	15.7795, 0.3233, 0.3097
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286278260 (0xFF7B6A74)
YUV	112.2230, 1.8621, 9.4514
Hunter-Lab	39.7234, 4.5203, -0.1075

# Details

The YIQ color **112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **116.7770, -6.9220, -6.7140**, and the grayscale version is **112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **163.9350, 7.7930, 7.4490**, and **64.5110, 6.0510, 5.9790** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **104.6090, 11.8270, 11.4350**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **119.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930**.

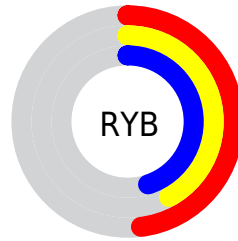
# Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (42%)

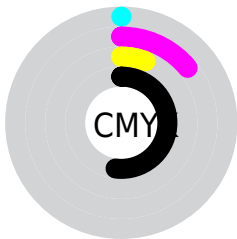
Blue (45%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (45%)

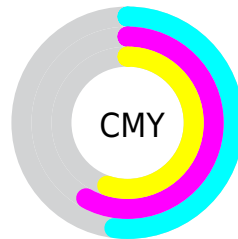


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 112.2230, 6.9220,  
6.7140

■ 112.2230, 6.9220,  
6.7140

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 87.8100, 6.6470,  
6.1910

■ 163.9350, 7.7930,  
7.4490

■ 64.5110, 6.0510,  
5.9790

■ 190.9350, 7.7930,  
7.4490

■ 42.2120, 5.4550,  
5.7670

■ 218.9350, 7.7930,  
7.4490

■ 21.7990, 5.1800,  
5.2440

■ 245.8530, 5.0880,  
6.9120

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 112.2230, 6.9220,

■ 112.2230, 6.9220,

6.7140

104.6090, 11.8270,  
11.4350

96.4080, 17.0070,  
16.6790

88.7940, 21.9120,  
21.4000

81.1800, 26.8170,  
26.1210

72.9790, 31.9970,  
31.3650

65.3650, 36.9020,  
36.0860

57.7510, 41.8070,  
40.8070

50.0230, 47.0330,  
45.2170

6.7140

119.8370, 2.0170,  
1.9930

128.0380, -3.1630,  
-3.2510

135.6520, -8.0680,  
-7.9720

143.2660,  
-12.9730, -12.6930

151.4670,  
-18.1530, -17.9370

159.0810,  
-23.0580, -22.6580

166.6950,  
-27.9630, -27.3790

174.4230,  
-33.1890, -31.7890

■ 44.9850, 50.1960,  
48.4680

■ 182.6240,  
-38.3690, -37.0330

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111.6890, -0.3220, 5.8380



112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140



111.9200, 12.1490, 5.5970

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140



110.1870, 6.6030, -4.0290



108.6930, -15.3130, -3.3210

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140



116.7770, -6.9220, -6.7140

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107.8950, -13.0660, -5.4980



112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140



109.0120, -0.2740, -6.0500

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140



110.8180, 12.1960, -0.7640



108.4780, -7.5180, -6.9260



109.5840, -13.3880, 0.3400



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140



111.9370, 13.4790, 3.5190



108.4780, -7.5180, -6.9260



108.1660, -15.2670, -4.1550

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140



156.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280



110.0310, -1.2850, 6.7710



79.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140



143.1960, 11.5520, 10.9120



111.3110, 9.4900, 4.2260



57.2500, 2.2920, 2.5160



45.8110, 50.7460, 49.5140



92.3340, 102.3630, 99.7630



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140



143.1960, 11.5520, 10.9120



117.6890, -9.4900, -4.2260



57.2500, 2.2920, 2.5160



45.8110, 50.7460, 49.5140



92.3340, 102.3630, 99.7630



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

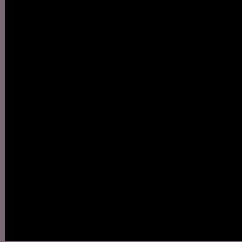
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 112.2230, 6.9220,

6.7140.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140

### Protanopia

110.9120, -2.5680, 2.4880

### Deuteranopia

111.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430



## Tritanopia

112.1090, 7.2430, 6.4030

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140

## Protanomaly

111.7060, 1.0080, 3.7600

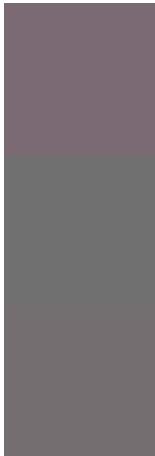
## Deuteranomaly

111.9130, 4.8590, 5.5550

## Tritanomaly

112.1090, 7.2430, 6.4030

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140

## Achromatopsia

112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

112.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 106, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 106, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 106, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 106, 116) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 106, 116) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 106, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 106, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 106, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 106, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 106,  
116) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 112.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 106, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
106, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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