

Converting Colors

YIQ(112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(112.5760, 24.6210,
-0.1710)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	886A55
RGB	136, 106, 85
RGB Percent	53%, 42%, 33%
CMY	0.4666, 0.5843, 0.6665
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.37, 0.47
HSL	25°, 23%, 43%
HSV	25°, 37%, 53%
XYZ	16.9493, 16.1973, 10.8334
YIQ	112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

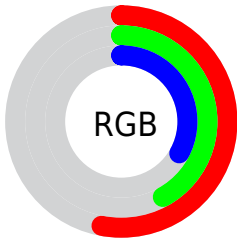
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 121, 85
Decimal	8940117
CIE _{Lab}	47.23, 8.88, 16.35
CIE _{LCh}	47, 18.602, 61.486
Yxy	16.1973, 0.3854, 0.3683
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287130197 (0xFF886A55)
YUV	112.5760, -13.5950, 20.5428
Hunter-Lab	40.2458, 4.7441, 12.2123

Details

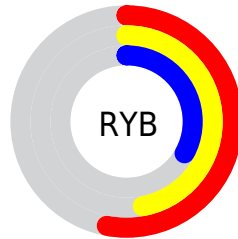
The YIQ color **112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **108.4240, -24.6210, 0.1710**, and the grayscale version is **113.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **164.3590, 26.7300, 0.1540**, and **64.6080, 21.5950, -0.3970** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **106.2840, 31.3150, -0.3410**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118.8680, 17.9270, -0.0010**.

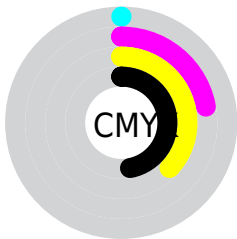
Distribution



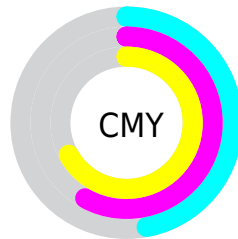
- Red (53%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 112.5760, 24.6210,
-0.1710

■ 112.5760, 24.6210,
-0.1710

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 88.0920, 23.1080,
-0.2840

■ 164.3590, 26.7300,
0.1540

■ 64.6080, 21.5950,
-0.3970

■ 191.8430, 28.2430,
0.2670

■ 42.1240, 20.0820,
-0.5100

■ 219.7290, 28.5640,
-0.0440

■ 21.3410, 17.9730,
-0.8350

■ 241.7490, 16.6440,
-4.2840

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 253.7460, 3.5310,
-3.4210

■ 112.5760, 24.6210,
-0.1710

■ 112.5760, 24.6210,
-0.1710

■ 106.2840, 31.3150,
-0.3410

■ 118.8680, 17.9270,
-0.0010

■ 100.1060, 37.6880,
-0.2000

■ 125.0460, 11.5540,
-0.1420

■ 93.8140, 44.3820,
-0.3700

■ 131.3380, 4.8600,
0.0280

■ 87.6360, 50.7550,
-0.2290

■ 137.5160, -1.5130,
-0.1130

■ 81.3440, 57.4490,
-0.3990

■ 143.8080, -8.2070,
0.0570

■ 75.0520, 64.1430,
-0.5690

■ 150.1000,
-14.9010, 0.2270

■ 73.5360, 65.6560,
-0.4560

■ 156.2780,
-21.2740, 0.0860

■ 162.5700,

-27.9680, 0.2560

■ 168.7480,
-34.3410, 0.1150

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113.5750, 26.3620, 6.8260



112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710



111.1680, 16.7820, -6.7860

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710



105.3230, -26.3150, -13.1870



113.6270, -5.7790, 11.1250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710



108.4240, -24.6210, 0.1710

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110.7390, -20.9540, 5.3020



112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710



104.7660, -34.7520, -8.9600

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710



107.2230, -11.4140, -13.4140



107.2380, -32.9650, -2.7970



114.7060, 10.1760, 13.8240

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710



110.4550, 8.4840, -10.5880



107.2380, -32.9650, -2.7970



113.2350, -10.5470, 9.4290

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710



167.3770, 9.1240, -0.1560



103.7830, 20.4450, 20.4530



83.6370, 5.4560, 0.2400



217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710



139.4050, 38.2840, 0.0120



127.2510, 17.7460, -13.2460



65.8540, 3.3470, -0.0850



72.0520, 64.1430, -0.5690



2.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108.4240, -24.6210, 0.1710



133.0080, -38.0090, 0.5110



93.7490, -17.7460, 13.2460



65.1460, -3.3470, 0.0850



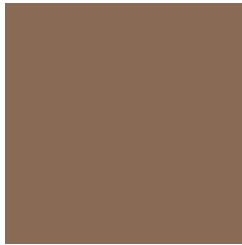
60.9480, -64.1430, 0.5690



2.3310, -2.4300, -0.0140

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

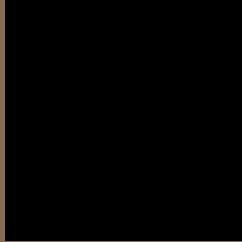
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710.

-0.1710.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710

Protanopia

111.6560, 12.4720, -5.7680

Deuteranopia

112.5540, 21.6870, -2.0650



Tritanopia

114.5620, 19.2090, 9.8090

Trichromacy



Original Color

112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710

Protanomaly

112.1620, 16.9190, -3.7610

Deuteranomaly

112.2660, 22.5580, -1.3300

Tritanomaly

113.8240, 21.2270, 6.2750

Monochromacy



Original Color

112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710

Achromatopsia

113.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

112.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 106, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 106, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 106, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 106, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 106, 85) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 106, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 106, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 106, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 106, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 106,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 112.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 106, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
106, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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