

# Converting Colors

YIQ(112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(112.7500, 33.2390,  
8.8470)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	96625B
RGB	150, 98, 91
RGB Percent	59%, 38%, 36%
CMY	0.4116, 0.6158, 0.6430
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.39, 0.41
HSL	7°, 24%, 47%
HSV	7°, 39%, 59%
XYZ	18.8388, 15.9741, 11.9959
YIQ	112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

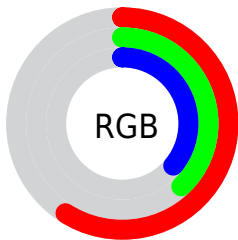
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	150, 99, 91
Decimal	9855579
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.94, 20.23, 12.64
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 23.853, 31.999
Yxy	15.9741, 0.4025, 0.3413
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288045659 (0xFF96625B)
YUV	112.7500, -10.7227, 32.6683
Hunter-Lab	39.9676, 14.1926, 10.1821

# Details

The YIQ color **112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **128.2500, -33.2390, -8.8470**, and the grayscale version is **113.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165.1310, 36.5400, 9.5960**, and **64.0700, 29.3420, 7.8860** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **103.4090, 41.6290, 10.9810**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.0910, 24.8490, 6.7130**.

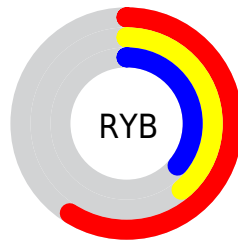
# Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (38%)

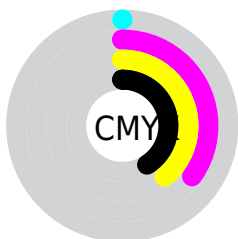
Blue (36%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (36%)

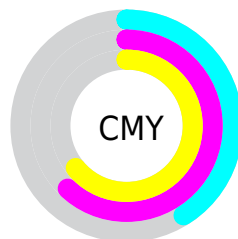


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 112.7500, 33.2390,  
8.8470

■ 112.7500, 33.2390,  
8.8470

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 87.9670, 31.1300,  
8.5220

■ 165.1310, 36.5400,  
9.5960

■ 64.0700, 29.3420,  
7.8860

■ 192.7290, 37.7320,  
10.0200

■ 41.4010, 26.9120,  
7.8720

■ 218.2230, 33.2850,  
8.0130

■ 17.8740, 26.9580,  
7.0380

■ 237.8510, 16.5970,  
2.0770

■ 5.0830, 10.1320,  
3.6040

■ 254.5440, 1.2840,  
-1.2440

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 112.7500, 33.2390,  
8.8470

■ 112.7500, 33.2390,  
8.8470

■ 103.4090, 41.6290,  
10.9810

■ 122.0910, 24.8490,  
6.7130

■ 94.0680, 50.0190,  
13.1150

■ 131.4320, 16.4590,  
4.5790

■ 84.1400, 58.6840,  
15.7720

■ 141.3600, 7.7940,  
1.9220

■ 74.7990, 67.0740,  
17.9060

■ 150.7010, -0.5960,  
-0.2120

■ 65.4580, 75.4640,  
20.0400

■ 160.0420, -8.9860,  
-2.3460

■ 56.1170, 83.8540,  
22.1740

■ 169.3830,  
-17.3760, -4.4800

■ 55.4160, 84.4500,  
22.3860

■ 179.3110,  
-26.0410, -7.1370

■ 188.6520,

-34.4310, -9.2710

■ 197.9930,  
-42.8210, -11.4050

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113.8560, 27.3690, 16.1130



112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470



111.8710, 31.0400, -0.8640

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470



104.5490, -15.4480, -17.4000



109.2590, -28.2900, 6.0940

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470



128.2500, -33.2390, -8.8470

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102.9530, -45.3440, -4.2240



112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470



101.1260, -36.1260, -17.1020

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470



107.3680, 4.1750, -15.0970



99.5190, -50.2940, -13.6380



113.4360, -6.5590, 14.2490



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470



110.4740, 24.6680, -6.5320



99.5190, -50.2940, -13.6380



107.4430, -34.8000, 2.9280

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470



179.0510, 13.1580, 3.8300



114.5690, 18.4720, 28.6800



88.3600, 7.7940, 1.9220



224.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470



136.0790, 51.4860, 14.0620



129.7730, 25.2640, -6.3200



69.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840



50.6540, 77.8480, 20.8880



3.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128.2500, -33.2390, -8.8470



160.3340, -51.2110, -13.5390



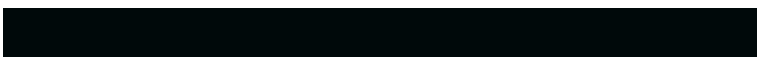
111.2270, -25.2640, 6.3200



71.3200, -3.8970, -0.9610



86.7590, -77.5730, -20.3650



6.4230, -5.6850, -1.5970



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

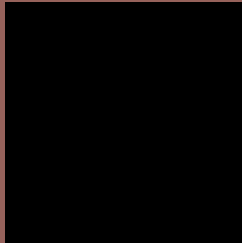
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470.



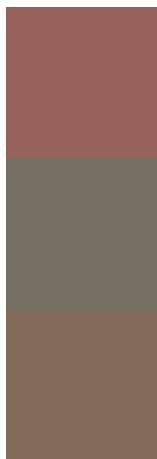
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 112.7500, 33.2390,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470

### Protanopia

111.3120, 7.7490, -2.7710

### Deuteranopia

111.8250, 19.4860, -0.7220



## Tritanopia

113.2430, 30.5330, 13.8370

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470

## Protanomaly

111.6230, 17.2390, 1.4550

## Deuteranomaly

112.2710, 24.1620, 2.6420

## Tritanomaly

113.3740, 31.5420, 12.0700

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470

## Achromatopsia

113.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

113.0400, 11.6910, 2.8830

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 98, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 98, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 98, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 98, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 98, 91) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 98, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 98, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 98, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 98, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 98,  
91) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 112.7500, 33.2390, 8.8470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 98, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150, 98,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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