

Converting Colors

YIQ(112.7700, -102.4690,
-20.7170)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170)
contains.

| | |
|---|----|
| YIQ(112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**YIQ(112.7700, -102.4690,
-20.7170)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Hex | 029ABF |
| RGB | 2, 154, 191 |
| RGB Percent | 1%, 60%, 75% |
| CMY | 0.9923, 0.3958, 0.2514 |
| CMYK | 0.99, 0.19, 0.00, 0.25 |
| HSL | 192°, 98%, 38% |
| HSV | 192°, 99%, 75% |
| XYZ | 20.9819, 26.9014, 53.3128 |
| YIQ | 112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

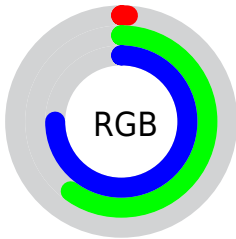
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 2, 86, 191 |
| Decimal | 170687 |
| CIELab | 58.88, -20.59, -28.53 |
| CIElCh | 59, 35.180, 234.183 |
| Yxy | 26.9014, 0.2073, 0.2658 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278360767 (0xFF029ABF) |
| YUV | 112.7700, 38.5674, -97.1453 |
| Hunter-Lab | 51.8665, -18.5568, -24.6367 |

Details

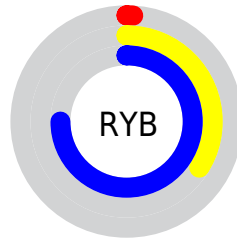
The YIQ color **112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **80.2300, 102.4690, 20.7170**, and the grayscale version is **112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **180.1430, -78.3540, -11.7140**, and **76.0790, -72.3020, -11.2620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **112.1720, -103.6610, -21.1410**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **120.7990, -92.2450, -18.7810**.

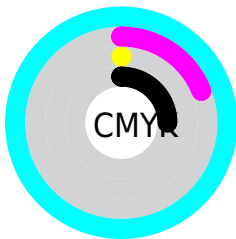
Distribution



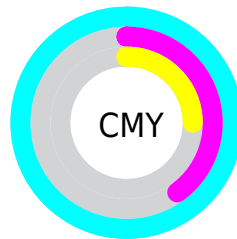
- Red (1%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 112.7700,
-102.4690, -20.7170

■ 112.7700,
-102.4690, -20.7170

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 93.8320, -87.8440,
-15.9400

■ 180.1430,
-78.3540, -11.7140

■ 76.0790, -72.3020,
-11.2620

■ 206.7600,
-70.1460, -17.2980

■ 59.1410, -57.6770,
-6.4850

■ 226.5950,
-56.6200, -20.1400

■ 42.2030, -43.0520,
-1.7080

■ 235.5650,
-38.7400, -13.7800

■ 27.2540, -29.8940,
2.1220

■ 244.8340,
-20.2640, -7.2080

■ 6.5490, -14.3070,
11.4930

■ 253.8040, -2.3840,

■ 2.8670, -6.6950,

-0.8480

5.6970

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 112.7700,
-102.4690, -20.7170

■ 112.7700,
-102.4690, -20.7170

■ 112.1720,
-103.6610, -21.1410

■ 120.7990,
-92.2450, -18.7810

■ 128.8280,
-82.0210, -16.8450

■ 136.2700,
-71.5220, -14.3860

■ 144.2990,
-61.2980, -12.4500

■ 152.3280,
-51.0740, -10.5140

■ 159.7700,
-40.5750, -8.0550

■ 168.0980,
-29.7550, -5.9070

■ 176.1270,
-19.5310, -3.9710

■ 184.1560, -9.3070,
-2.0350

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111.6700, -96.7360, -31.0080



112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170



134.5470, -55.5240, 4.0600

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170



145.1550, 37.1330, 26.3890



136.5290, 13.6670, -21.9250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170



80.2300, 102.4690, 20.7170

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



140.0590, 35.9020, -11.8900



112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170



143.4040, 49.1930, 17.0730

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170



145.9920, 12.7870, 27.0830



141.9610, 48.4620, 2.7820



132.1540, -16.1340, -26.9980

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170



140.9740, -31.5010, 14.7310



141.9610, 48.4620, 2.7820



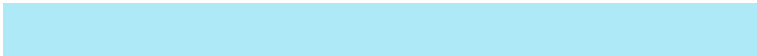
138.3020, 21.7360, -19.4800

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170



216.6560, -40.2540, -8.3660



116.9330, -63.2100, -87.9620



106.2620, -24.3450, -4.8330



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



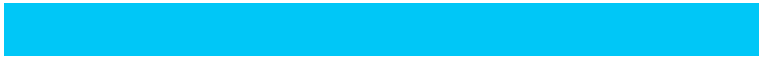
125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170



144.9710, -134.0120, -27.2600



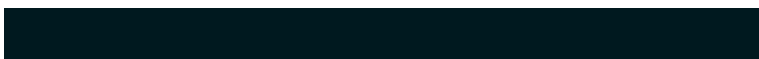
58.7660, -77.1690, 27.3990



90.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850



92.5610, -85.6430, -17.2830



18.2090, -16.8260, -3.4340

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.8390, 63.8520, 87.3400



96.5390, 83.3330, 114.2530



134.2340, 77.1690, -27.3990



88.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



61.7200, 53.4010, 72.9930



12.1190, 10.4510, 14.3470

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

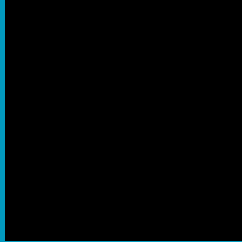
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170.

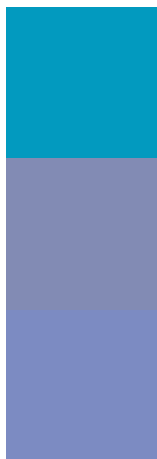


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170

Protanopia

140.9830, -18.5250, 10.8430

Deuteranopia

140.7850, -26.5950, 13.9250



Tritanopia

111.4250, -97.4240, -29.5520

Trichromacy



Original Color

112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170

Protanomaly

130.3210, -49.1960, -0.4920

Deuteranomaly

130.4500, -53.8730, 1.6710

Tritanomaly

112.0490, -99.1210, -26.3290

Monochromacy



Original Color

112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170

Achromatopsia

113.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

113.0370, -36.9530, -7.6170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 154, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 154, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 154, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 154, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 154, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 154, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 154, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 154, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 154, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 154,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 112.7700, -102.4690, -20.7170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 154, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 154,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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