

Converting Colors

YIQ(113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(113.1070, 19.8930,
30.4610)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97588F
RGB	151, 88, 143
RGB Percent	59%, 35%, 56%
CMY	0.4077, 0.6550, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.05, 0.41
HSL	308°, 26%, 47%
HSV	308°, 42%, 59%
XYZ	21.2174, 15.5424, 27.8720
YIQ	113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

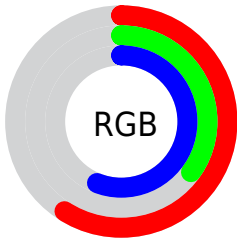
Format	Color
R_{YB}	151, 88, 143
Decimal	9918607
CIE _{Lab}	46.37, 34.48, -19.46
CIE _{LCh}	46, 39.593, 330.565
Yxy	15.5424, 0.3283, 0.2405
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288108687 (0xFF97588F)
YUV	113.1070, 14.7372, 33.2322
Hunter-Lab	39.4238, 27.0748, -14.3204

Details

The YIQ color **113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **125.8930, -19.8930, -30.4610**, and the grayscale version is **113.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165.6450, 21.3140, 32.2420**, and **62.7970, 17.8300, 29.3020** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **104.0740, 24.6600, 37.6840**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.1400, 15.1260, 23.2380**.

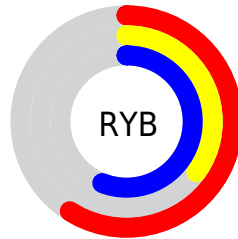
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (35%)

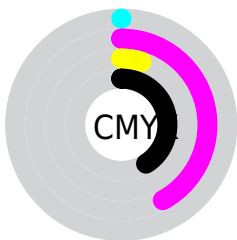
Blue (56%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (56%)

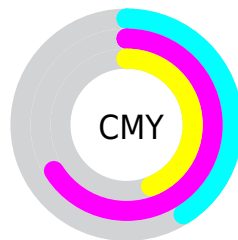


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 113.1070, 19.8930,
30.4610

■ 113.1070, 19.8930,
30.4610

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 87.3950, 19.0220,
29.7260

■ 165.6450, 21.3140,
32.2420

■ 63.0960, 18.4260,
29.5140

■ 193.3570, 22.1850,
32.9770

■ 37.9110, 17.5090,
29.6130

■ 219.0790, 17.0960,
31.5920

■ 19.8950, 14.4380,
24.6940

■ 235.6290, 9.0750,
17.2590

■ 10.6240, 7.4710,
13.2870

■ 252.6520, 1.1000,
2.0920

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 113.1070, 19.8930,
30.4610

■ 113.1070, 19.8930,
30.4610

■ 104.0740, 24.6600,
37.6840

■ 122.1400, 15.1260,
23.2380

■ 95.0410, 29.4270,
44.9070

■ 131.1730, 10.3590,
16.0150

■ 86.0080, 34.1940,
52.1300

■ 140.2060, 5.5920,
8.7920

■ 76.9750, 38.9610,
59.3530

■ 149.2390, 0.8250,
1.5690

■ 67.3550, 44.0030,
67.0990

■ 158.8590, -4.2170,
-6.1770


■ 60.1970, 47.6240,
73.0640

■ 167.8920, -8.9840,
-13.4000

■ 176.8110,
-13.4300, -20.9340

■ 185.8440,

-18.1970, -28.1570

 194.8770,
-22.9640, -35.3800

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111.8130, -14.6300, 22.8580



113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610



111.0310, 43.4140, 28.1980

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610



106.2280, 33.7480, -16.9080



90.2640, -80.5530, -21.4250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610



125.8930, -19.8930, -30.4610

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.3880, -69.6390, -31.9990



113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610



103.3710, 8.1200, -26.0240

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610



108.3260, 48.6920, -1.3880



96.4020, -28.6960, -30.6160



90.6520, -87.1570, -11.8690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610



109.5940, 51.7140, 20.9460



96.4020, -28.6960, -30.6160



89.0100, -77.0220, -24.8460

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610



180.9830, 7.8380, 12.1420



97.2750, -16.0510, 21.0770



89.9670, 4.7670, 7.2230



227.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610



137.1060, 30.8020, 47.5220



109.5730, 29.8440, 20.8200



72.1900, 2.5210, 3.8730



55.7680, 44.2780, 67.6220



5.1410, 4.2170, 6.1770

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610



137.1060, 30.8020, 47.5220



129.4270, -29.8440, -20.8200



72.1900, 2.5210, 3.8730



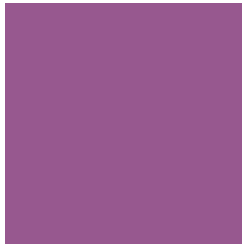
55.7680, 44.2780, 67.6220



5.1410, 4.2170, 6.1770

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

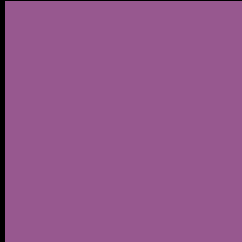
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 113.1070, 19.8930,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610

Protanopia

110.2150, -24.9900, 12.3700

Deuteranopia

110.9360, -11.1430, 9.2170



Tritanopia

111.8620, 27.2320, 13.0880

Trichromacy



Original Color

113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610

Protanomaly

111.1140, -8.3480, 19.1400

Deuteranomaly

111.7250, -0.0030, 16.5810

Tritanomaly

112.2950, 24.7550, 19.4350

Monochromacy



Original Color

113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610

Achromatopsia

113.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

113.1570, 7.2880, 11.0960

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 88, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 88, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 88, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 88, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 88, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 88, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 88, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 88, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 88, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 88,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 113.1070, 19.8930, 30.4610 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 88, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151, 88,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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