

Converting Colors

YIQ(113.2200, -24.5270,
-12.5510)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(113.2200, -24.5270,
-12.5510)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	528077
RGB	82, 128, 119
RGB Percent	32%, 50%, 47%
CMY	0.6785, 0.4980, 0.5334
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.07, 0.50
HSL	168°, 22%, 41%
HSV	168°, 36%, 50%
XYZ	14.5272, 18.5673, 20.2637
YIQ	113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

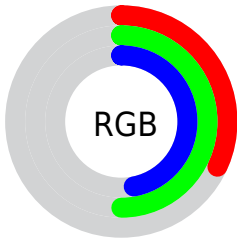
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 107, 128
Decimal	5406839
CIE _{Lab}	50.18, -17.91, -0.09
CIE _{LCh}	50, 17.914, 180.283
Yxy	18.5673, 0.2723, 0.3480
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283596919 (0xFF528077)
YUV	113.2200, 2.8495, -27.3799
Hunter-Lab	43.0897, -15.2279, 2.2807

Details

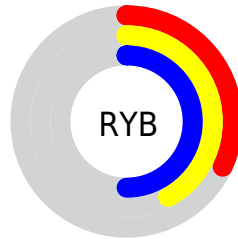
The YIQ color **113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **96.7800, 24.5270, 12.5510**, and the grayscale version is **113.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165.5080, -25.3980, -13.2860**, and **64.3340, -24.8480, -12.2400** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **108.9910, -31.3120, -16.2400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **117.3350, -17.4210, -9.1730**.

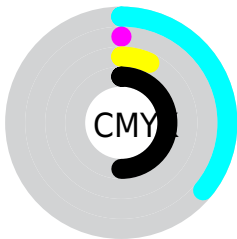
Distribution



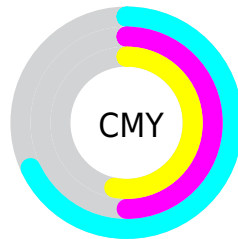
- Red (32%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 113.2200,
-24.5270, -12.5510

■ 113.2200,
-24.5270, -12.5510

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 88.2200, -24.5270,
-12.5510

■ 165.5080,
-25.3980, -13.2860

■ 64.3340, -24.8480,
-12.2400

■ 193.0950,
-25.6730, -13.8090

■ 39.8390, -27.8280,
-13.3000

■ 220.7960,
-26.2690, -14.0210

■ 23.1500, -18.3380,
-9.0740

■ 243.3390,
-23.2440, -8.2680

■ 0.7010, -0.5960,
-0.2120

■ 251.7110, -6.5560,
-2.3320

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 113.2200,
-24.5270, -12.5510

■ 113.2200,
-24.5270, -12.5510

■ 108.9910,
-31.3120, -16.2400

■ 117.3350,
-17.4210, -9.1730

■ 104.8760,
-38.4180, -19.6180

■ 121.5640,
-10.6360, -5.4840

■ 100.9460,
-44.6070, -23.0950

■ 125.4940, -4.4470,
-2.0070

■ 96.8310, -51.7130,
-26.4730

■ 129.6090, 2.6590,
1.3710

■ 92.6020, -58.4980,
-30.1620

■ 133.8380, 9.4440,
5.0600

■ 88.4870, -65.6040,
-33.5400

■ 137.9530, 16.5500,
8.4380

■ 86.8780, -68.2630,
-34.9110

■ 142.1820, 23.3350,
12.1270

■ 145.9980, 29.8450,

15.2930

■ 150.2270, 36.6300,
18.9820

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114.8210, -10.2220, -12.9900



113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510



113.1360, -32.9180, -9.1580

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510



120.6270, -5.7790, 11.1250



119.6900, 24.3000, 0.1400

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510



96.7800, 24.5270, 12.5510

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121.3900, 25.4450, 6.9250



113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510



122.1080, 8.9840, 13.4000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510



118.3260, -21.2290, 4.7790



121.6270, 20.5840, 12.4240



118.5810, 17.0570, -6.2630

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510



113.7710, -33.1480, -4.9880



121.6270, 20.5840, 12.4240



120.7550, 25.6750, 2.7550

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510



160.1620, -9.4440, -5.0600



111.6930, -7.2860, -22.1500



80.4830, -5.9140, -2.9540



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510



142.8760, -38.4180, -19.6180



106.0280, -23.5660, -2.4300



61.6790, -3.5300, -2.1060



86.7640, -67.9420, -35.2220



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.7800, 24.5270, 12.5510



117.1240, 38.4180, 19.6180



103.9720, 23.5660, 2.4300



59.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060



41.1220, 68.2630, 34.9110



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510.



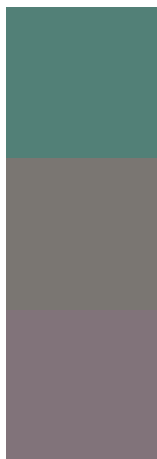
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510.

-12.5510.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510

Protanopia

118.7400, 3.6680, -0.3960

Deuteranopia

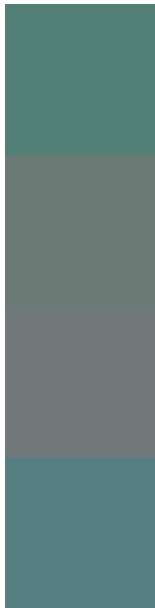
119.9840, 6.0970, 5.1450



Tritanopia

115.1800, -27.0500, -5.3700

Trichromacy



Original Color

113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510

Protanomaly

116.8310, -7.0140, -5.0460

Deuteranomaly

117.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850

Tritanomaly

114.7840, -25.9950, -7.9710

Monochromacy



Original Color

113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510

Achromatopsia

113.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

112.8740, -8.5730, -4.3250

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 128, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 128, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 128, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 128, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 128, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 128, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 128, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 128, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 128, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 128,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 113.2200, -24.5270, -12.5510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 128, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 128,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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