

# Converting Colors

YIQ(113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(113.3920, 57.4940,  
4.2940)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AB5F39
RGB	171, 95, 57
RGB Percent	67%, 37%, 22%
CMY	0.3293, 0.6276, 0.7762
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.67, 0.33
HSL	20°, 50%, 45%
HSV	20°, 67%, 67%
XYZ	21.6328, 17.1371, 6.0471
YIQ	113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

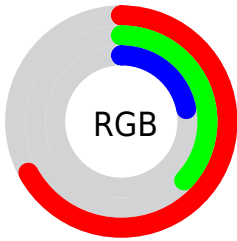
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	171, 114, 57
Decimal	11231033
CIE Lab	48.43, 27.55, 34.78
CIE LCh	48, 44.374, 51.618
Yxy	17.1371, 0.4827, 0.3824
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289421113 (0xFFAB5F39)
YUV	113.3920, -27.8013, 50.5222
Hunter-Lab	41.3970, 20.8338, 20.3171

# Details

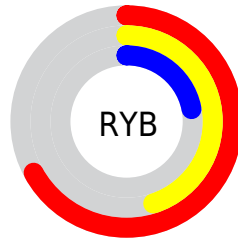
The YIQ color **113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **114.6080, -57.4940, -4.2940**, and the grayscale version is **114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166.4420, 63.2250, 5.0570**, and **62.9290, 51.4880, 3.0080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **104.9970, 65.9760, 4.7600**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121.7870, 49.0120, 3.8280**.

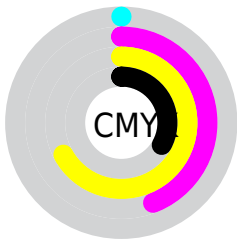
# Distribution



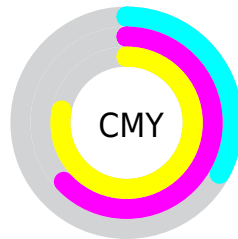
- Red (67%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 113.3920, 57.4940,  
4.2940

■ 113.3920, 57.4940,  
4.2940

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 88.0110, 54.1930,  
3.5450

■ 166.4420, 63.2250,  
5.0570

■ 63.0430, 51.1670,  
3.3190

■ 192.7300, 62.3540,  
4.3220

■ 39.8020, 44.6560,  
5.6800

■ 212.1300, 46.3080,  
-2.2360

■ 18.2280, 34.8890,  
11.9850

■ 231.6440, 29.9410,  
-8.4830

■ 10.5790, 20.5390,  
7.7310

■ 250.0980, 13.8030,  
-13.3730

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 253.4040, 4.4940,

-4.3540

■ 113.3920, 57.4940,  
4.2940

■ 113.3920, 57.4940,  
4.2940

■ 104.9970, 65.9760,  
4.7600

■ 121.7870, 49.0120,  
3.8280

■ 96.0150, 74.7330,  
5.7490

■ 130.7690, 40.2550,  
2.8390

■ 87.6200, 83.2150,  
6.2150

■ 139.1640, 31.7730,  
2.3730

■ 84.5880, 86.2410,  
6.4410

■ 148.1460, 23.0160,  
1.3840

■ 156.6550, 14.2130,  
1.2290

■ 165.0500, 5.7310,  
0.7630

■ 174.0320, -3.0260,  
-0.2260

■ 182.4270,  
-11.5080, -0.6920

■ 191.4090,  
-20.2650, -1.6810

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



113.9970, 57.9490, 23.5890



113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940



111.5560, 44.5680, -14.7600

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940



89.8130, -69.6380, -37.5260



114.3750, -30.9520, 21.3040

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940



114.6080, -57.4940, -4.2940

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.1600, -94.2190, -5.0270



113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940



94.1450, -81.8360, -25.7080

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940



102.0840, -19.1130, -33.5850



96.0320, -91.2830, -14.1870



118.7950, 12.1440, 33.2320



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940



109.8480, 28.7060, -24.6540



96.0320, -91.2830, -14.1870



110.2910, -48.5110, 14.6330

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940



199.2600, 22.6950, 1.6950



99.9780, 42.9060, 48.4260



98.3560, 13.6170, 1.0170



240.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940



131.8550, 89.8630, 6.8790



145.6770, 42.3690, -24.4710



82.4520, 4.5390, 0.3390



74.2000, 75.6500, 5.6500



11.5730, 11.5080, 0.6920



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114.6080, -57.4940, -4.2940



134.1450, -89.8630, -6.8790



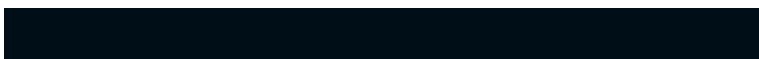
82.3230, -42.3690, 24.4710



82.5480, -4.5390, -0.3390



75.8000, -75.6500, -5.6500



11.4270, -11.5080, -0.6920



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 113.3920, 57.4940,

4.2940.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940

### Protanopia

113.3610, 23.2480, -13.8400

### Deuteranopia

113.4830, 37.6440, -10.4200



## Tritanopia

115.6150, 47.2210, 19.7730

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940

## Protanomaly

113.1070, 35.9470, -7.1970

## Deuteranomaly

113.6520, 44.6580, -5.3740

## Tritanomaly

114.7800, 50.8900, 13.8500

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940

## Achromatopsia

113.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

112.8900, 20.8610, 1.8930

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 95, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 95, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 95, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 95, 57) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 95, 57) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 95, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 95, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 95, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 95, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 95,  
57) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 113.3920, 57.4940, 4.2940 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 95, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 95,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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