

Converting Colors

YIQ(113.6710, -26.2740,
13.6140)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(113.6710, -26.2740,
13.6140)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6170A6
RGB	97, 112, 166
RGB Percent	38%, 44%, 65%
CMY	0.6196, 0.5608, 0.3492
CMYK	0.42, 0.33, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	227°, 28%, 52%
HSV	227°, 42%, 65%
XYZ	17.6041, 16.8829, 38.3894
YIQ	113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

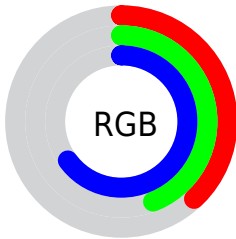
Format	Color
R_{YB}	97, 109, 166
Decimal	6385830
CIE _{Lab}	48.11, 8.67, -30.75
CIE _{LCh}	48, 31.950, 285.737
Yxy	16.8829, 0.2416, 0.2317
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284575910 (0xFF6170A6)
YUV	113.6710, 25.7982, -14.6205
Hunter-Lab	41.0888, 4.5711, -26.6326

Details

The YIQ color **113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **149.3290, 26.2740, -13.6140**, and the grayscale version is **113.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166.3120, -26.6410, 14.7590**, and **64.6060, -27.6490, 10.9990** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100.9570, -32.8310, 16.8090**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126.3850, -19.7170, 10.4190**.

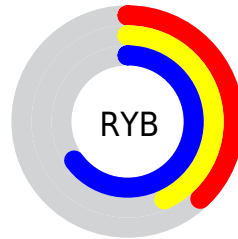
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (44%)

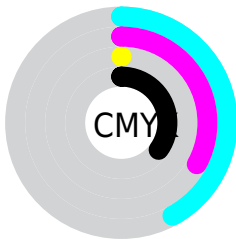
Blue (65%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (65%)

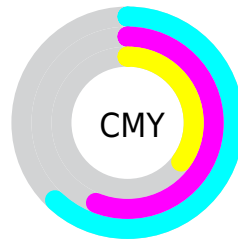


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 113.6710,
-26.2740, 13.6140

■ 113.6710,
-26.2740, 13.6140

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 88.7310, -26.5030,
12.2570

■ 166.3120,
-26.6410, 14.7590

■ 64.6060, -27.6490,
10.9990

■ 193.8390,
-26.6870, 15.5930

■ 40.1710, -30.8580,
8.5820

■ 218.6300,
-19.0290, 8.9630

■ 20.9110, -27.1900,
8.1860

■ 244.3240, -9.7200,
-0.0560

■ 6.6630, -14.6280,
11.8040

■ 2.9810, -7.0160,
6.0080

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 113.6710,
-26.2740, 13.6140

■ 113.6710,
-26.2740, 13.6140

■ 100.9570,
-32.8310, 16.8090

■ 126.3850,
-19.7170, 10.4190

■ 88.5420, -38.7920,
20.2160

■ 138.8000,
-13.7560, 7.0120

■ 75.8280, -45.3490,
23.4110

■ 151.5140, -7.1990,
3.8170

■ 63.4130, -51.3100,
26.8180

■ 163.9290, -1.2380,
0.4100

■ 50.6990, -57.8670,
30.0130

■ 176.6430, 5.3190,
-2.7850

■ 40.0560, -63.1860,
32.7980

■ 189.3570, 11.8760,
-5.9800

■ 201.7720, 17.8370,
-9.3870

■ 214.4860, 24.3940,
-12.5820

■ 226.9010, 30.3550,
-15.9890

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103.1070, -60.3370, -2.3290



113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140



117.5670, 3.6180, 22.5460

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140



114.7310, 43.4180, 6.0900



100.6000, -37.8210, -24.9330

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140



149.3290, 26.2740, -13.6140

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107.3510, -6.3230, -23.0830



113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140



112.9220, 35.0300, -7.0980

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140



115.7390, 40.9400, 17.9640



110.6160, 17.9760, -17.4160



89.7280, -76.2880, -27.1360

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140



117.4180, 20.2150, 24.6230



110.6160, 17.9760, -17.4160



103.7600, -26.5880, -24.7640

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140



196.8990, -9.7210, 5.4710



143.5450, -35.9880, -19.6040



98.1720, -6.2360, 2.8840



237.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140



134.5140, -41.5890, 21.3470



110.2480, -11.4210, 25.2750



78.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420



35.6560, -56.3080, 29.2920



4.6280, -7.5200, 4.1280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119.3410, 36.3090, 19.2930



143.3270, 57.2600, 30.5720



152.7520, 11.4210, -25.2750



78.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180



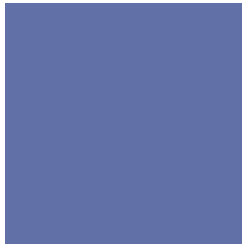
47.9000, 77.9360, 41.3280



6.4360, 10.6360, 5.4840

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

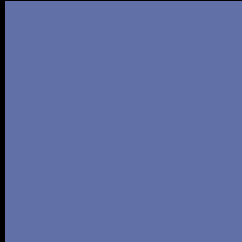
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

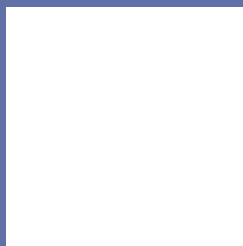
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 113.6710, -26.2740,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140

Protanopia

113.3720, -26.8700, 13.4020

Deuteranopia

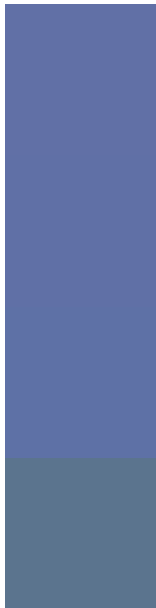
113.0620, -28.9330, 12.2430



Tritanopia

110.5720, -22.2820, -3.6740

Trichromacy



Original Color

113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140

Protanomaly

113.3720, -26.8700, 13.4020

Deuteranomaly

113.3610, -28.3370, 12.4550

Tritanomaly

111.4890, -23.2460, 2.7860

Monochromacy



Original Color

113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140

Achromatopsia

114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

113.7850, -9.4000, 5.1600

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 112, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 112, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 112, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 112, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 112, 166) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 112, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 112, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 112, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 112, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 112,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 113.6710, -26.2740, 13.6140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 112, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 112,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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