

Converting Colors

YIQ(113.7910, -27.8730,
-17.9930)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(113.7910, -27.8730,
-17.9930)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C8572
RGB	76, 133, 114
RGB Percent	30%, 52%, 45%
CMY	0.7021, 0.4783, 0.5530
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.14, 0.48
HSL	160°, 27%, 41%
HSV	160°, 43%, 52%
XYZ	14.4042, 19.5309, 18.9230
YIQ	113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

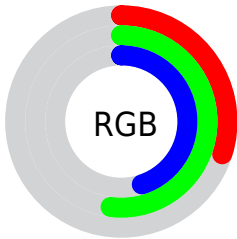
Format	Color
RYB	76, 110, 133
Decimal	5014898
CIELab	51.30, -23.52, 4.43
CIELCh	51, 23.935, 169.338
Yxy	19.5309, 0.2725, 0.3695
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283204978 (0xFF4C8572)
YUV	113.7910, 0.1030, -33.1427
Hunter-Lab	44.1938, -19.1603, 5.5488

Details

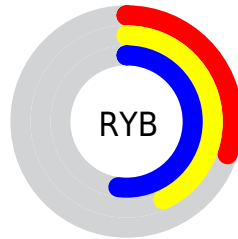
The YIQ color **113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **95.2090, 27.8730, 17.9930**, and the grayscale version is **114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166.3780, -28.1480, -18.5160**, and **63.4210, -29.7070, -17.7950** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **109.4480, -34.3370, -21.9930**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118.1340, -21.4090, -13.9930**.

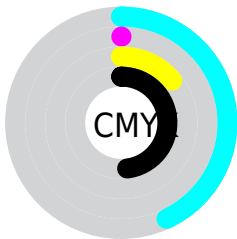
Distribution



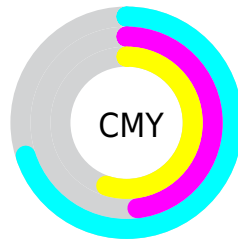
- Red (30%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 113.7910,
-27.8730, -17.9930

■ 113.7910,
-27.8730, -17.9930

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 88.7910, -27.8730,
-17.9930

■ 166.3780,
-28.1480, -18.5160

■ 63.4210, -29.7070,
-17.7950

■ 193.9650,
-28.4230, -19.0390

■ 40.2360, -30.6240,
-17.6960

■ 222.2530,
-29.2940, -19.7740

■ 24.3410, -17.5580,
-12.1980

■ 240.8610,
-24.8940, -11.4060

■ 5.2830, -2.4750,
-4.7070

■ 250.2160, -9.5360,
-3.3920

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 113.7910,
-27.8730, -17.9930

■ 113.7910,
-27.8730, -17.9930

■ 109.4480,
-34.3370, -21.9930

■ 118.1340,
-21.4090, -13.9930

■ 104.6920,
-41.0760, -26.5160

■ 122.8900,
-14.6700, -9.4700

■ 100.3490,
-47.5400, -30.5160

■ 127.2330, -8.2060,
-5.4700

■ 95.8920, -53.6830,
-34.8270

■ 131.6900, -2.0630,
-1.1590

■ 91.2500, -60.7430,
-39.0390

■ 136.0330, 4.4010,
2.8410

■ 88.2170, -65.1440,
-41.8800

■ 140.7890, 11.1400,
7.3640

■ 145.1320, 17.6040,
11.3640

■ 149.5890, 23.7470,

15.6750

■ 154.2310, 30.8070,
19.8870

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117.0400, -6.6450, -17.2450



113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930



110.8030, -45.3420, -15.2780

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930



123.1790, -16.1410, 11.6910



123.4740, 33.8360, 3.5320

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930



95.2090, 27.8730, 17.9930

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124.0860, 32.4130, 12.8050



113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930



124.8890, 5.4070, 17.6550

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930



117.5460, -36.5880, 2.2920



125.4580, 22.7380, 17.4420



121.3710, 26.4560, -5.8960

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930



110.9860, -50.1110, -11.4470



125.4580, 22.7380, 17.4420



123.7670, 34.5690, 6.7690

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930



165.6240, -10.8650, -6.8410



115.4390, -3.7550, -25.5710



82.2440, -6.7390, -4.5230



214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930



143.3820, -43.1390, -27.6750



110.6740, -31.4970, -7.3770



63.9780, -2.9340, -1.8940



86.2280, -63.6770, -40.9330



1.9890, -1.4670, -0.9470

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.2090, 27.8730, 17.9930



114.6180, 43.1390, 27.6750



98.3260, 31.4970, 7.3770



62.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940



43.7720, 63.6770, 40.9330



1.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

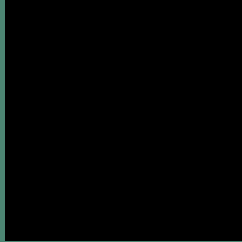
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930.



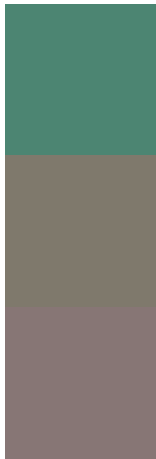
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930.

-17.9930.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930

Protanopia

121.3120, 7.7490, -2.7710

Deuteranopia

122.9690, 10.4530, 3.2930



Tritanopia

116.5000, -30.9470, -6.3310

Trichromacy



Original Color

113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930

Protanomaly

118.2070, -5.3170, -8.2690

Deuteranomaly

119.5110, -3.1170, -4.0850

Tritanomaly

115.1640, -30.1210, -10.2890

Monochromacy



Original Color

113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930

Achromatopsia

114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

113.9230, -10.2690, -6.6290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 133, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 133, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 133, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 133, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 133, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 133, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 133, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 133, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 133, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 133,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 113.7910, -27.8730, -17.9930 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 133, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 133,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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