

# Converting Colors

YIQ(114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(114.0070, -0.7370,  
18.8710)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7D6693
RGB	125, 102, 147
RGB Percent	49%, 40%, 58%
CMY	0.5097, 0.6000, 0.4236
CMYK	0.15, 0.31, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	271°, 18%, 49%
HSV	271°, 31%, 58%
XYZ	18.4767, 15.9687, 29.7082
YIQ	114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

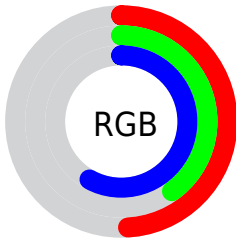
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	125, 102, 147
Decimal	8218259
CIE Lab	46.93, 18.38, -21.21
CIE LCh	47, 28.068, 310.907
Yxy	15.9687, 0.2880, 0.2489
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286408339 (0xFF7D6693)
YUV	114.0070, 16.2655, 9.6409
Hunter-Lab	39.9609, 12.6013, -16.1056

# Details

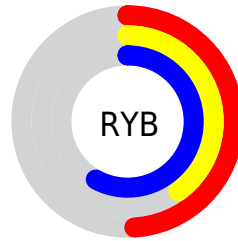
The YIQ color **114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **134.9930, 0.7370, -18.8710**, and the grayscale version is **114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165.9470, -0.5080, 20.2280**, and **65.6540, -1.2410, 16.9910** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **103.1090, -0.7840, 25.2320**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124.9050, -0.6900, 12.5100**.

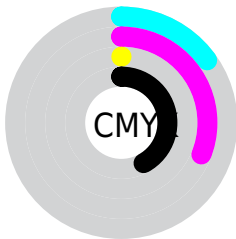
# Distribution



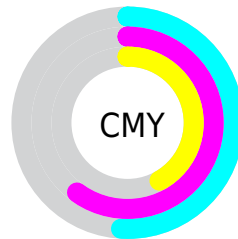
- Red (49%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 114.0070, -0.7370,  
18.8710

■ 114.0070, -0.7370,  
18.8710

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 89.4800, -0.6910,  
18.0370

■ 165.9470, -0.5080,  
20.2280

■ 65.6540, -1.2410,  
16.9910

■ 193.3600, -0.2330,  
20.7510

■ 43.1270, -1.1950,  
16.1570

■ 221.1320, 0.4090,  
20.1290

■ 21.7140, -1.4700,  
15.6340

■ 243.8470, 5.2250,  
9.9370

■ 3.1920, -8.9880,  
8.7080

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 114.0070, -0.7370,  
18.8710

■ 114.0070, -0.7370,  
18.8710

■ 103.1090, -0.7840,  
25.2320

■ 124.9050, -0.6900,  
12.5100

■ 92.7980, -1.1060,  
31.0700

■ 135.2160, -0.3680,  
6.6720

■ 81.6010, -1.7490,  
37.2190

■ 146.4130, 0.2750,  
0.5230

■ 70.7030, -1.7960,  
43.5800

■ 157.3110, 0.3220,  
-5.8380

■ 59.8050, -1.8430,  
49.9410

■ 167.6220, 0.6440,  
-11.6760

■ 49.4940, -2.1650,  
55.7790

■ 178.5200, 0.6910,  
-18.0370

■ 39.1830, -2.4870,  
61.6170

■ 189.4180, 0.7380,  
-24.3980

■ 200.3160, 0.7850,

-30.7590

■ 210.9260, 1.7030,  
-36.3850

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



110.2640, -26.6860, 10.0660



114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710



114.4950, 21.3160, 21.1880

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710



111.1330, 33.0580, -4.3980



94.4270, -56.2070, -22.1190

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710



134.9930, 0.7370, -18.8710

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101.8680, -26.7720, -21.4280



114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710



108.9090, 18.7090, -14.1790

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710



112.3330, 38.7870, 7.4190



105.9110, -1.9680, -19.4080



88.8840, -76.4270, -19.1070



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710



113.5900, 31.1740, 18.7420



105.9110, -1.9680, -19.4080



97.4020, -45.8910, -21.8510

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710



178.6290, -0.0930, 7.1950



120.0440, -20.4950, 2.4890



89.0480, 0.0450, 4.6930



224.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710



139.1570, -0.7390, 29.9250



120.5850, 12.3750, 23.5350



68.6950, -0.4590, 2.8130



36.6620, -2.5780, 57.7580



2.6350, -0.2300, 4.1700



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



117.9630, 19.7580, 16.3820



145.2190, 31.0810, 25.9370



128.4150, -12.3750, -23.5350



69.4350, 3.2090, 2.4170



48.9000, 60.7410, 50.0930



3.5600, 4.3550, 3.6750



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

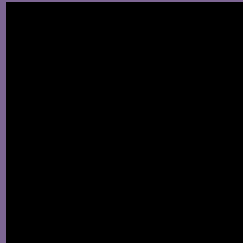
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 114.0070, -0.7370,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710

### Protanopia

111.6130, -20.3590, 11.0410

### Deuteranopia

112.1960, -14.8110, 9.6130



## Tritanopia

112.5000, 4.5840, 5.0320

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710

## Protanomaly

112.3150, -13.5280, 13.8960

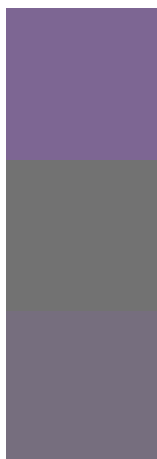
## Deuteranomaly

112.9410, -9.5390, 13.1890

## Tritanomaly

113.1780, 2.7950, 9.9230

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710

## Achromatopsia

114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

114.2160, -0.3680, 6.6720

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 102, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 102, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 102, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 102, 147) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 102, 147) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 102, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 102, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 102, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 102, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 102,  
147) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 114.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 102, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
102, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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