

Converting Colors

YIQ(114.2500, 35.5410,
-43.9070)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(114.2500, 35.5410,
-43.9070)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	798500
RGB	121, 133, 0
RGB Percent	47%, 52%, 0%
CMY	0.5256, 0.4784, 0.9997
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 1.00, 0.48
HSL	65°, 100%, 26%
HSV	65°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	16.2697, 20.8394, 3.1667
YIQ	114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

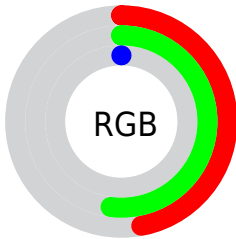
Format	Color
RYB	0, 133, 12
Decimal	7963904
CIELab	52.77, -18.82, 57.07
CIElCh	53, 60.091, 108.248
Yxy	20.8394, 0.4040, 0.5174
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286153984 (0xFF798500)
YUV	114.2500, -56.3252, 5.9197
Hunter-Lab	45.6502, -16.2705, 27.8423

Details

The YIQ color **114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **18.7500, -35.5410, 43.9070**, and the grayscale version is **115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169.7430, 32.8350, -38.9170**, and **69.6400, 17.4280, -29.5160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **116.0310, 31.9640, -39.6520**.

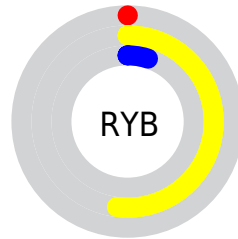
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (52%)

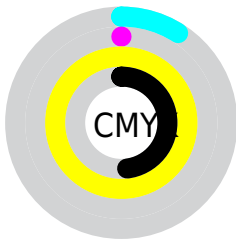
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (5%)

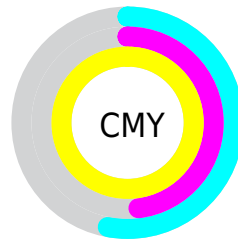


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 114.2500, 35.5410,
-43.9070

■ 114.2500, 35.5410,
-43.9070

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 91.5020, 26.3240,
-36.5560

■ 169.7430, 32.8350,
-38.9170

■ 69.6400, 17.4280,
-29.5160

■ 197.6290, 33.1560,
-39.2280

■ 48.3650, 8.2570,
-22.9990

■ 226.1130, 34.6690,
-39.1150

■ 27.6770, -1.1890,
-17.0050

■ 242.8020, 34.3470,
-33.2770

■ 9.9790, -4.6750,
-8.8910

■ 245.9940, 25.3590,
-24.5690

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 249.1860, 16.3710,

-15.8610

■ 252.4920, 7.0620,
-6.8420

■ 114.2500, 35.5410,
-43.9070

■ 116.0310, 31.9640,
-39.6520

■ 117.9260, 28.0660,
-35.0860

■ 120.0060, 25.0850,
-30.6190

■ 121.7870, 21.5080,
-26.3640

■ 123.6820, 17.6100,
-21.7980

■ 125.4630, 14.0330,
-17.5430

■ 127.2440, 10.4560,
-13.2880

■ 129.3240, 7.4750,
-8.8210

■ 131.2190, 3.5770,
-4.2550

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118.5520, 67.5860, -24.4300



114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070



106.6130, -22.6410, -46.7450

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070



109.3170, -105.2670, -14.0590



123.7900, 55.2390, 50.6870

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070



18.7500, -35.5410, 43.9070

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129.1020, 10.2620, 45.3180



114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070



106.8840, -110.8170, -1.5770

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070



105.9480, -91.6470, -29.6230



121.1950, -56.6280, 24.0760



120.2650, 78.1660, 37.1580

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070



95.9790, -67.7100, -50.4460



121.1950, -56.6280, 24.0760



126.1460, 42.4930, 50.4050

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070



165.8760, 14.3080, -17.0200



46.2240, 76.2430, 22.4430



82.4550, 8.4840, -10.5880



214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070



148.7930, 46.5930, -56.9830



94.5160, -3.7950, -57.8990



65.3160, 1.9260, -1.8660



111.5920, 34.5780, -42.9740



2.3590, 0.3670, -1.1450

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.7500, -35.5410, 43.9070



24.5060, -45.9970, 57.1950



38.4840, 3.7950, 57.8990



60.6840, -1.9260, 1.8660



18.4080, -34.5780, 42.9740



0.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

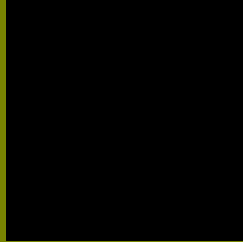
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 114.2500, 35.5410,

-43.9070.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070

Protanopia

116.4200, 49.9820, -35.7940

Deuteranopia

119.9020, 54.9770, -21.6870



Tritanopia

127.1190, 1.2830, 4.2830

Trichromacy



Original Color

114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070

Protanomaly

115.7890, 44.3890, -39.0590

Deuteranomaly

117.7390, 47.8260, -29.7580

Tritanomaly

122.2120, 13.4820, -13.0620

Monochromacy



Original Color

114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070

Achromatopsia

114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

114.3320, 13.0240, -15.7760

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 133, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 133, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 133, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 133, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 133, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 133, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 133, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 133, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 133, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 133,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 114.2500, 35.5410, -43.9070 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 133, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
133, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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