

# Converting Colors

YIQ(114.2730, -57.2680,  
13.6440)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(114.2730, -57.2680,  
13.6440)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4479C9
RGB	68, 121, 201
RGB Percent	27%, 47%, 79%
CMY	0.7334, 0.5254, 0.2121
CMYK	0.66, 0.40, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	216°, 55%, 53%
HSV	216°, 66%, 79%
XYZ	19.7566, 19.1220, 57.8625
YIQ	114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

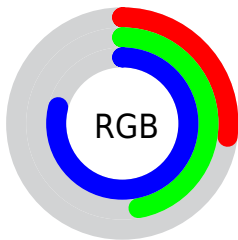
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	68, 106, 201
Decimal	4487625
CIE Lab	50.83, 8.12, -46.77
CIE LCh	51, 47.475, 279.854
Yxy	19.1220, 0.2042, 0.1977
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282677705 (0xFF4479C9)
YUV	114.2730, 42.7564, -40.5814
Hunter-Lab	43.7287, 4.1207, -47.8432

# Details

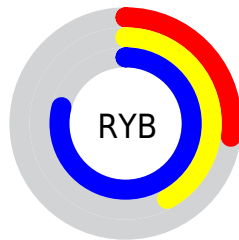
The YIQ color **114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **154.7270, 57.2680, -13.6440**, and the grayscale version is **114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169.1920, -52.5460, 16.1740**, and **59.4950, -66.9410, 7.2270** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101.2490, -65.8880, 15.6800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127.2970, -48.6480, 11.6080**.

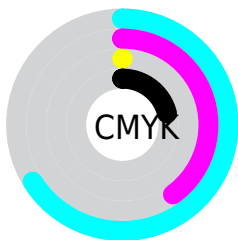
# Distribution



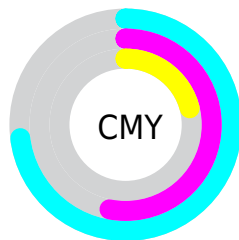
- Red (27%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 114.2730,  
-57.2680, 13.6440

■ 114.2730,  
-57.2680, 13.6440

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 85.6310, -64.3280,  
9.4320

■ 169.1920,  
-52.5460, 16.1740

■ 59.4950, -66.9410,  
7.2270

■ 193.7120,  
-42.6870, 8.2010

■ 43.6170, -52.5450,  
10.6470

■ 218.8190,  
-33.1030, -0.2950

■ 29.0270, -39.0200,  
13.3320

■ 243.6380,  
-22.6480, -8.0560

■ 11.0290, -24.1660,  
19.4660

■ 252.6080, -4.7680,  
-1.6960

■ 7.7060, -16.1870,  
12.5250

■ 3.5510, -8.6210,

7.5630

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 114.2730,  
-57.2680, 13.6440

■ 114.2730,  
-57.2680, 13.6440

■ 101.2490,  
-65.8880, 15.6800

■ 127.2970,  
-48.6480, 11.6080

■ 88.2250, -74.5080,  
17.7160

■ 140.3210,  
-40.0280, 9.5720

■ 75.2010, -83.1280,  
19.7520

■ 153.3450,  
-31.4080, 7.5360

■ 69.8740, -86.5210,  
20.6710

■ 166.3690,  
-22.7880, 5.5000

■ 179.3930,  
-14.1680, 3.4640

■ 192.7160, -4.9520,  
1.6400

■ 206.3270, 3.3930,  
-0.9190

■ 219.3510, 12.0130,  
-2.9550

■ 232.3750, 20.6330,  
-4.9910

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100.5290, -99.8120, -8.2920



114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440



124.7700, -3.9030, 32.2010

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440



119.1960, 64.2780, 13.5100



92.0810, -67.7570, -44.0850

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440



154.7270, 57.2680, -13.6440

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110.3540, -2.3780, -34.0100



114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440



118.2200, 54.5620, -8.6540

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440



120.0390, 58.1310, 31.3070



115.0610, 32.4200, -25.8840



98.0430, -81.7890, -32.0690



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440



124.4760, 23.4680, 37.2600



115.0610, 32.4200, -25.8840



102.4670, -36.4890, -38.0650

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440



221.5540, -21.8710, 5.4010



155.1910, -62.2550, -44.6790



107.5780, -13.2510, 3.3650



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440



123.8740, -86.5210, 20.6710



87.0490, -34.9450, 44.1190



92.7870, -3.7140, 1.2300



56.7370, -70.1980, 16.6980



12.3220, -15.4060, 3.8740



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113.8090, 62.2550, 44.6790



123.2190, 94.1160, 67.4920



181.9510, 34.9450, -44.1190



93.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



56.1470, 76.2830, 54.7710

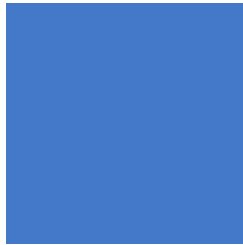


12.3600, 16.9620, 11.9860



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

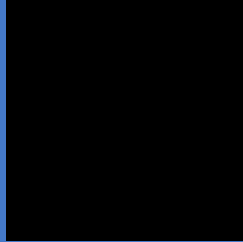
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 114.2730, -57.2680,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440

### Protanopia

118.1500, -43.5600, 18.5200

### Deuteranopia

113.6750, -58.4600, 13.2200



## Tritanopia

103.7560, -64.3230, -18.2030

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440

## Protanomaly

116.7580, -48.3280, 16.8240

## Deuteranomaly

113.9740, -57.8640, 13.4320

## Tritanomaly

107.6890, -62.2160, -6.8240

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440

## Achromatopsia

114.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

114.3260, -21.2290, 4.7790

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 121, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 121, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 121, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 121, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 121, 201) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 121, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 121, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 121, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 121, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 121,  
201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 114.2730, -57.2680, 13.6440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 121, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 121,  
201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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