

Converting Colors

YIQ(114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(114.7330, -3.6220,
-0.4380)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F7476
RGB	111, 116, 118
RGB Percent	44%, 45%, 46%
CMY	0.5647, 0.5451, 0.5373
CMYK	0.06, 0.02, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	197°, 3%, 45%
HSV	197°, 6%, 46%
XYZ	16.0706, 17.1785, 19.6070
YIQ	114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

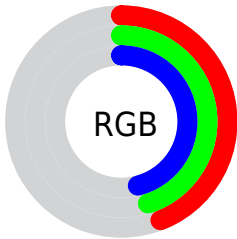
Format	Color
R_{YB}	111, 114, 118
Decimal	7304310
CIE Lab	48.48, -1.47, -1.76
CIE LCh	48, 2.291, 230.206
Yxy	17.1785, 0.3040, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285494390 (0xFF6F7476)
YUV	114.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738
Hunter-Lab	41.4470, -3.3208, 0.9649

Details

The YIQ color **114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **114.2670, 3.6220, 0.4380**, and the grayscale version is **115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380**, and **66.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **109.3840, -9.9490, -1.4130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **120.0820, 2.7050, 0.5370**.

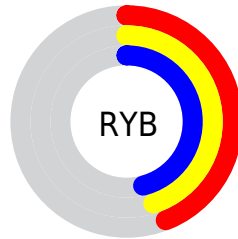
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (45%)

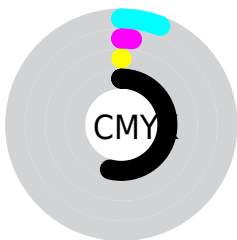
Blue (46%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (46%)

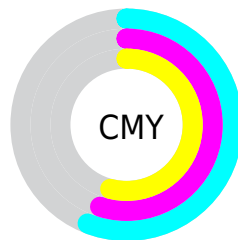


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 114.7330, -3.6220,
-0.4380

■ 114.7330, -3.6220,
-0.4380

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 90.0320, -3.0260,
-0.2260

■ 166.7330, -3.6220,
-0.4380

■ 66.7330, -3.6220,
-0.4380

■ 193.7330, -3.6220,
-0.4380

■ 44.7330, -3.6220,
-0.4380

■ 221.4340, -4.2180,
-0.6500

■ 24.0320, -3.0260,
-0.2260

■ 250.4340, -4.2180,
-0.6500

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 114.7330, -3.6220,

■ 114.7330, -3.6220,

-0.4380

-0.4380

■ 109.3840, -9.9490,
-1.4130

■ 120.0820, 2.7050,
0.5370

■ 103.4480,
-16.0010, -1.8650

■ 126.0180, 8.7570,
0.9890

■ 98.3980, -21.7320,
-2.6280

■ 131.0680, 14.4880,
1.7520

■ 93.0490, -28.0590,
-3.6030

■ 136.4170, 20.8150,
2.7270

■ 87.1130, -34.1110,
-4.0550

■ 142.3530, 26.8670,
3.1790

■ 81.7640, -40.4380,
-5.0300

■ 147.7020, 33.1940,
4.1540

■ 75.8280, -46.4900,
-5.4820

■ 153.6380, 39.2460,
4.6060

■ 70.7780, -52.2210,
-6.2450

■ 158.6880, 44.9770,
5.3690

■ 65.4290, -58.5480,
-7.2200

■ 164.0370, 51.3040,
6.3440

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600



114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380



114.8580, -2.4760, 0.8200

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380



115.7230, 2.3380, 1.6820



114.5440, 1.2840, -1.2440

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380



114.2670, 3.6220, 0.4380

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.4410, 3.0720, -0.6080



114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380



115.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380



115.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800



115.2670, 3.6220, 0.4380



114.7610, -0.8250, -1.5690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380



115.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320



115.2670, 3.6220, 0.4380



114.8430, 1.8800, -1.0320

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380



151.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130



115.3370, -2.5670, -3.0390



75.8150, -0.9170, 0.0990



204.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380



147.9500, -5.7310, -0.7630



112.9720, -2.7970, 1.1310



56.3310, -2.4300, -0.0140



65.5640, -63.3620, -8.0820



133.5730, -129.4750, -15.8670

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113.6630, 2.5670, 3.0390



146.2010, 3.9880, 4.8200



116.0280, 2.7970, -1.1310



55.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930



46.5100, 44.4640, 53.2320



95.1560, 91.5410, 108.6690

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

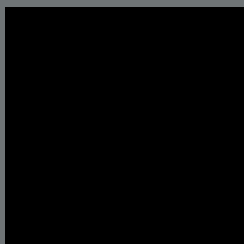
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

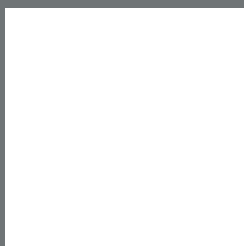
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 114.7330, -3.6220,

-0.4380.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

Protanopia

114.9400, 0.2290, 1.3570

Deuteranopia

116.3860, 4.9050, 4.7210



Tritanopia

115.1290, -4.6770, 2.1630

Trichromacy

**Original Color**

114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

Protanomaly

114.9290, -1.2380, 0.4100

Deuteranomaly

115.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380

Tritanomaly

114.9010, -4.0350, 1.5410

Monochromacy

**Original Color**

114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

Achromatopsia

115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

114.8150, -0.9170, 0.0990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 116, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 116, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 116, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 116, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 116, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 116, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 116, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 116, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 116, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 116,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 114.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 116, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
116, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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