

# Converting Colors

YIQ(114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(114.7780, 28.0090,  
26.5450)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9E5A81
RGB	158, 90, 129
RGB Percent	62%, 35%, 51%
CMY	0.3802, 0.6472, 0.4940
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.18, 0.38
HSL	326°, 27%, 49%
HSV	326°, 43%, 62%
XYZ	21.7275, 16.1670, 22.7514
YIQ	114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

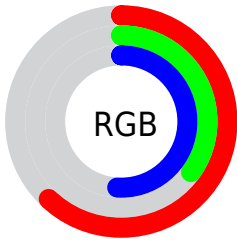
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	158, 90, 129
Decimal	10377857
CIE Lab	47.19, 33.34, -9.73
CIE LCh	47, 34.730, 343.734
Yxy	16.1670, 0.3583, 0.2666
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288567937 (0xFF9E5A81)
YUV	114.7780, 7.0114, 37.9057
Hunter-Lab	40.2082, 26.0926, -5.4030

# Details

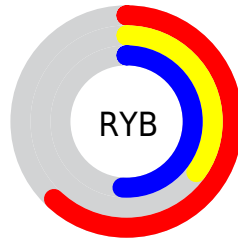
The YIQ color **114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **133.2220, -28.0090, -26.5450**, and the grayscale version is **115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **168.0880, 30.0720, 27.7040**, and **64.5820, 25.6250, 25.6970** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **104.5880, 34.6560, 32.7360**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124.9680, 21.3620, 20.3540**.

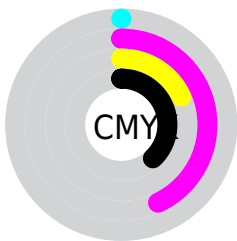
# Distribution



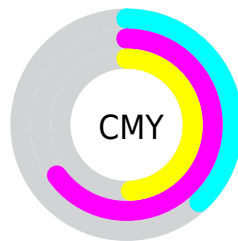
- Red (62%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 114.7780, 28.0090,  
26.5450

■ 114.7780, 28.0090,  
26.5450

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 89.1800, 26.8170,  
26.1210

■ 168.0880, 30.0720,  
27.7040

■ 64.5820, 25.6250,  
25.6970

■ 195.0990, 31.5390,  
28.6510

■ 39.5110, 24.3870,  
26.1070

■ 218.4290, 21.6820,  
25.5700

■ 20.4350, 21.5450,  
22.5450

■ 236.8030, 8.5250,  
16.2130

■ 11.3490, 15.4950,  
11.0390

■ 253.8260, 0.5500,  
1.0460

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 114.7780, 28.0090,  
26.5450

■ 114.7780, 28.0090,  
26.5450

■ 104.5880, 34.6560,  
32.7360

■ 124.9680, 21.3620,  
20.3540

■ 94.5120, 40.9820,  
39.2380

■ 135.0440, 15.0360,  
13.8520

■ 84.9090, 47.3540,  
44.9060

■ 144.6470, 8.6640,  
8.1840

■ 74.7190, 54.0010,  
51.0970

■ 154.8370, 2.0170,  
1.9930

■ 64.5290, 60.6480,  
57.2880

■ 165.0270, -4.6300,  
-4.1980


■ 57.6160, 64.9570,  
61.7970

■ 175.1030,  
-10.9560, -10.7000

■ 185.2930,  
-17.6030, -16.8910

■ 194.8960,

-23.9750, -22.5590

 205.0860,  
-30.6220, -28.7500

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



115.1370, 2.0130, 24.1010



114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450



113.2880, 43.8280, 20.6920

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450



108.5300, 21.0940, -18.8580



90.5890, -82.8460, -18.4140

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450



133.2220, -28.0090, -26.5450

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.7990, -75.0500, -27.5460



114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450



104.4820, -5.3140, -24.8500

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450



110.6620, 38.6980, -7.4940



97.0510, -40.7090, -27.6610



91.3970, -81.8850, -8.2930



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450



112.5730, 47.0390, 12.0550



97.0510, -40.7090, -27.6610



90.2640, -80.5530, -21.4250

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450



189.7830, 11.2770, 10.3890



106.1240, -5.1400, 27.0840



94.1090, 7.2430, 6.4030



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450



138.3600, 44.4660, 42.1780



111.0160, 38.6020, 16.2820



73.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510



52.1050, 58.9060, 55.8180



5.5110, 6.0510, 5.9790



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450



138.3600, 44.4660, 42.1780



136.9840, -38.6020, -16.2820



73.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510



52.1050, 58.9060, 55.8180

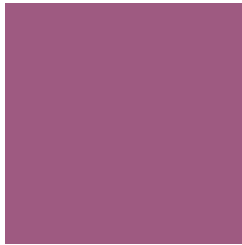


5.5110, 6.0510, 5.9790



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

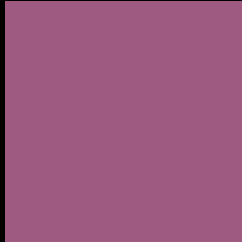
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

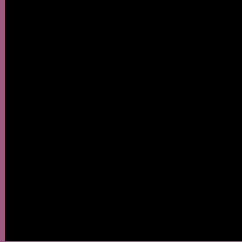
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 114.7780, 28.0090,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450

### Protanopia

112.5550, -14.4440, 8.4680

### Deuteranopia

113.3300, -0.6890, 6.9830



## Tritanopia

113.7380, 33.5130, 14.8970

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450

## Protanomaly

113.2690, 1.2810, 15.3370

## Deuteranomaly

113.8200, 9.8550, 14.1350

## Tritanomaly

114.0030, 31.4490, 19.2650

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450

## Achromatopsia

115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

115.0710, 10.4060, 9.6540

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 90, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 90, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 90, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 90, 129) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 90, 129) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 90, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 90, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 90, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 90, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 90,  
129) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 114.7780, 28.0090, 26.5450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 90, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158, 90,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor