

# Converting Colors

YIQ(115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(115.2890, 68.4500,  
14.9940)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>               |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex           | BE5741                     |
| RGB           | 190, 87, 65                |
| RGB Percent   | 75%, 34%, 25%              |
| CMY           | 0.2547, 0.6590, 0.7448     |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.54, 0.66, 0.25     |
| HSL           | 11°, 49%, 50%              |
| HSV           | 11°, 66%, 75%              |
| XYZ           | 25.6109, 18.1466, 7.1650   |
| YIQ           | 115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

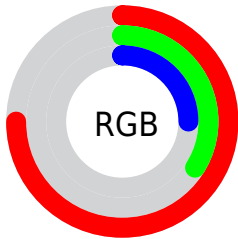
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 190, 92, 65                    |
| Decimal                             | 12474177                       |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 49.67, 39.87, 32.49            |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 50, 51.430, 39.171             |
| Yxy                                 | 18.1466, 0.5029,<br>0.3564     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4290664257<br>(0xFFBE5741)     |
| YUV                                 | 115.2890, -24.7925,<br>65.5215 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 42.5989, 32.7682,<br>19.8468   |

# Details

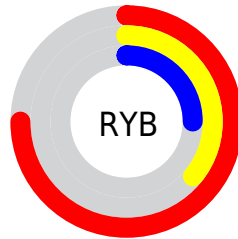
The YIQ color **115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **139.7110, -68.4500, -14.9940**, and the grayscale version is **115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169.5240, 75.0980, 15.6580**, and **62.6950, 61.4350, 15.4750** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **103.7310, 78.9490, 17.4530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126.8470, 57.9510, 12.5350**.

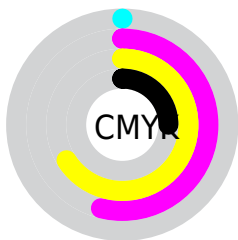
# Distribution



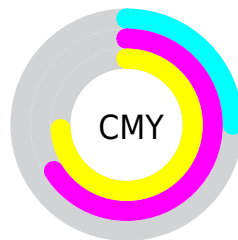
- Red (75%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (74%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 115.2890, 68.4500,  
14.9940


 115.2890, 68.4500,  
14.9940


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 88.4350, 65.1030,  
15.0790


 169.6380, 74.7770,  
15.9690


 62.6950, 61.4350,  
15.4750


 190.1200, 61.4360,  
9.9480


 32.8460, 59.6920,  
19.5320

 209.0470, 45.3440,  
4.2240

 21.8270, 43.5080,  
15.4760

 229.1480, 28.7020,  
-2.5460

 14.8790, 28.5620,  
11.0100

 249.3630, 11.7390,  
-9.0050

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 254.4300, 1.6050,

-1.5550

■ 115.2890, 68.4500,  
14.9940

■ 115.2890, 68.4500,  
14.9940

■ 103.7310, 78.9490,  
17.4530

■ 126.8470, 57.9510,  
12.5350

■ 92.7600, 89.1730,  
19.3890

■ 137.8180, 47.7270,  
10.5990

■ 81.2020, 99.6720,  
21.8480

■ 149.3760, 37.2280,  
8.1400

■ 76.1810, 104.1650,  
23.0210

■ 160.9340, 26.7290,  
5.6810

■ 171.9050, 16.5050,  
3.7450

■ 183.4630, 6.0060,  
1.2860

■ 195.0210, -4.4930,  
-1.1730

■ 205.9920,  
-14.7170, -3.1090

■ 217.5500,  
-25.2160, -5.5680

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



115.5990, 62.4860, 34.9820



115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940



114.6180, 59.1930, -9.9830

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940



90.1090, -64.9600, -45.2160



107.8740, -69.3260, 11.9060

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940



139.7110, -68.4500, -14.9940

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



99.6970, -100.2250, -6.3130



115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940



96.5270, -80.2760, -31.9560

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940



106.2460, -2.1940, -37.3460



100.0270, -92.8870, -18.1590



121.4540, -5.8290, 34.0670



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940



112.4170, 46.0370, -24.8670



100.0270, -92.8870, -18.1590



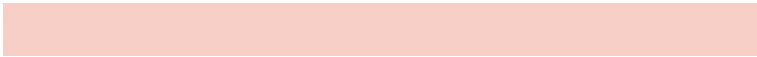
96.2720, -100.2260, -0.7860

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940



217.9340, 26.7290, 5.6810



114.2310, 41.1160, 58.8440



106.9050, 16.5050, 3.7450



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940



130.2630, 106.8700, 23.5580



151.0960, 51.6750, -16.9090



88.8650, 4.8140, 0.8620



63.6780, 86.4680, 18.8520



12.2040, 17.1010, 3.9570



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139.7110, -68.4500, -14.9940



168.7370, -106.8700, -23.5580



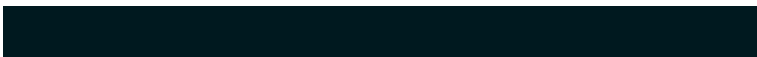
103.9040, -51.6750, 16.9090



90.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850



94.3220, -86.4680, -18.8520



18.2090, -16.8260, -3.4340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

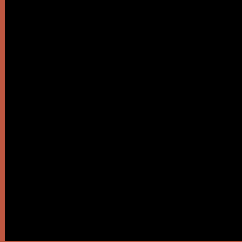
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 115.2890, 68.4500,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940

### Protanopia

117.2020, 19.4420, -10.9420

### Deuteranopia

116.8250, 36.6810, -9.4870



## Tritanopia

116.5630, 62.1670, 24.2390

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940

## Protanomaly

116.2800, 37.1380, -1.2460

## Deuteranomaly

116.5540, 48.0500, -0.7660

## Tritanomaly

116.1240, 64.7810, 20.9170

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940

## Achromatopsia

115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

115.1510, 24.6200, 5.3560

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 87, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 87, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 87, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 87, 65) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 87, 65) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 87, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 87, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 87, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 87, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 87,  
65) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 115.2890, 68.4500, 14.9940 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 87, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190, 87,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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