

Converting Colors

YIQ(115.4380, -39.8270,
-87.7230)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(115.4380, -39.8270,
-87.7230)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 17B70A |
| RGB | 23, 183, 10 |
| RGB Percent | 9%, 72%, 4% |
| CMY | 0.9103, 0.2821, 0.9607 |
| CMYK | 0.88, 0.00, 0.95, 0.28 |
| HSL | 116°, 90%, 38% |
| HSV | 116°, 95%, 72% |
| XYZ | 17.3525, 34.0971, 5.9538 |
| YIQ | 115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

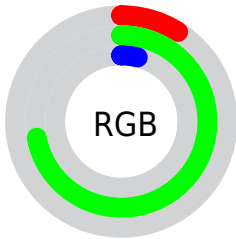
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| RYB | 10, 183, 170 |
| Decimal | 1554186 |
| CIELab | 65.04, -65.66, 63.81 |
| CIELCh | 65, 91.561, 135.819 |
| Yxy | 34.0971, 0.3023, 0.5940 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4279744266 (0xFF17B70A) |
| YUV | 115.4380, -51.9809, -81.0681 |
| Hunter-Lab | 58.3927, -49.1426, 34.8296 |

Details

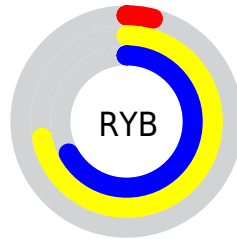
The YIQ color **115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. A complement of this color would be **77.5620, 39.8270, 87.7230**, and the grayscale version is **116.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **181.0960, -29.6960, -78.5920**, and **75.1360, -35.2000, -66.9440** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111.6070, -41.9810, -92.7410**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.5730, -35.4730, -78.5210**.

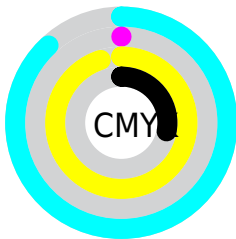
Distribution



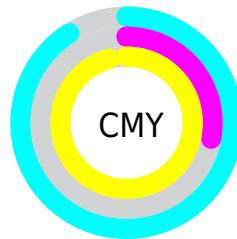
- Red (9%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (4%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 115.4380,
-39.8270, -87.7230

■ 115.4380,
-39.8270, -87.7230

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 90.9850, -42.6250,
-81.0650

■ 181.0960,
-29.6960, -78.5920

■ 75.1360, -35.2000,
-66.9440

■ 202.6610,
-23.7370, -70.9450

■ 59.8740, -28.0500,
-53.3460

■ 215.1220,
-14.2490, -55.6650

■ 44.6120, -20.9000,
-39.7480

■ 227.2840, -5.3570,
-40.5970

■ 31.1110, -14.5750,
-27.7190

■ 239.8590, 3.8100,
-25.0060

■ 15.2620, -7.1500,
-13.5980

■ 251.2380, 10.5930,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-10.2630

0.0000

254.5440, 1.2840,
-1.2440

■ 115.4380,
-39.8270, -87.7230

■ 115.4380,
-39.8270, -87.7230

■ 111.6070,
-41.9810, -92.7410

■ 122.5730,
-35.4730, -78.5210

■ 129.8220,
-31.4400, -69.0080

■ 136.9570,
-27.0860, -59.8060

■ 144.0920,
-22.7320, -50.6040

■ 151.3410,
-18.6990, -41.0910

■ 158.4760,
-14.3450, -31.8890

■ 165.3120,
-10.5870, -22.8990

■ 172.4470, -6.2330,
-13.6970

■ 179.6960, -2.2000,
-4.1840

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143.1780, 44.0710, -55.3290



115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230



125.2270, -89.4400, -64.1280

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230



134.1430, -131.0800, -14.3120



119.1610, 100.0310, 64.9190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230



77.5620, 39.8270, 87.7230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



133.6780, 71.5550, 85.4030



115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230



118.8810, -123.9300, -0.7140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230



140.6000, -134.1050, -20.0650



158.5010, 14.2930, 65.8850



137.9890, 113.1530, 14.3130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230



132.8990, -108.2870, -47.4470



158.5010, 14.2930, 65.8850



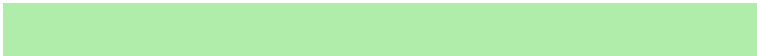
117.5430, 93.5640, 77.5000

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230



211.2370, -15.1700, -33.4580



155.0600, 59.3830, -46.4810



103.9640, -9.4870, -20.8070



247.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230



144.5010, -54.4470, -120.1350



119.7590, -70.6870, -68.0870



88.2830, -2.4750, -4.7070



95.1600, -35.7480, -79.0440



17.0340, -6.5080, -14.2200

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.5620, 39.8270, 87.7230



92.7980, 55.0430, 120.3470



73.2410, 70.6870, 68.0870



86.4180, 1.8790, 4.4950



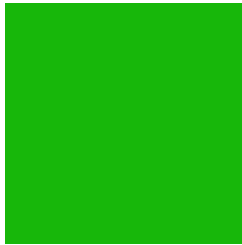
60.8400, 35.7480, 79.0440



10.9660, 6.5080, 14.2200

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230

Protanopia

145.0820, 62.3170, -44.5870

Deuteranopia

151.0400, 63.2760, -23.4120



Tritanopia

144.3870, -58.7300, -14.9380

Trichromacy



Original Color

115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230



Protanomaly

134.0770, 25.1820, -59.9220



Deuteranomaly

137.9930, 25.9590, -46.4650



Tritanomaly

134.1600, -51.8020, -41.3860

Monochromacy



Original Color

115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230



Achromatopsia

115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



Achromatomaly

115.4760, -14.3450, -31.8890

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(23, 183, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(23, 183, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 183, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(23, 183, 10) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(23, 183, 10) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(23, 183, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 183, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(23, 183, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 183, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 183,  
10) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 115.4380, -39.8270, -87.7230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(23, 183, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(23, 183,  
10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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