

Converting Colors

YIQ(116.0990, -5.1330,
-11.6050)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(116.0990, -5.1330,
-11.6050)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	687D66
RGB	104, 125, 102
RGB Percent	41%, 49%, 40%
CMY	0.5922, 0.5098, 0.6000
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.18, 0.51
HSL	115°, 10%, 45%
HSV	115°, 18%, 49%
XYZ	15.4400, 18.5708, 15.3410
YIQ	116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

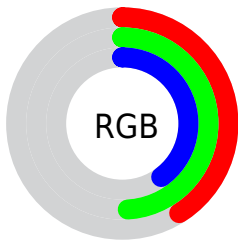
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 125, 123
Decimal	6847846
CIE _{Lab}	50.18, -12.45, 10.04
CIE _{LCh}	50, 15.988, 141.121
Yxy	18.5708, 0.3129, 0.3763
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285037926 (0xFF687D66)
YUV	116.0990, -6.9508, -10.6108
Hunter-Lab	43.0939, -11.4600, 9.0591

Details

The YIQ color $116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $110.9010, 5.1330, 11.6050$, and the grayscale version is $116.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $168.2730, -5.6830, -12.6510$, and $67.9250, -4.5830, -10.5590$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $111.3280, -7.5160, -17.9800$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $120.8700, -2.7500, -5.2300$.

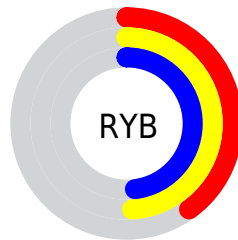
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (49%)

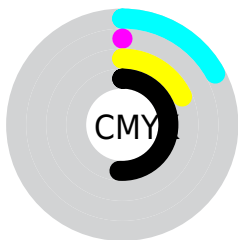
Blue (40%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (48%)

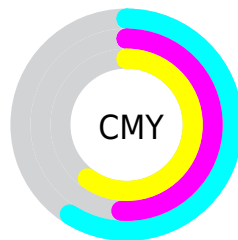


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 116.0990, -5.1330,
-11.6050

■ 116.0990, -5.1330,
-11.6050

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 91.5120, -4.8580,
-11.0820

■ 168.2730, -5.6830,
-12.6510

■ 67.9250, -4.5830,
-10.5590

■ 195.2730, -5.6830,
-12.6510

■ 45.4520, -4.6290,
-9.7250

■ 223.1590, -5.3620,
-12.9620

■ 24.3380, -4.3080,
-10.0360

■ 247.7510, -4.0330,
-9.5130

■ 0.5870, -0.2750,
-0.5230

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 116.0990, -5.1330,
-11.6050

■ 116.0990, -5.1330,
-11.6050

■ 111.3280, -7.5160,
-17.9800

■ 120.8700, -2.7500,
-5.2300

■ 106.3720,
-10.8160, -24.2560

■ 125.8260, 0.5500,
1.0460

■ 101.6010,
-13.1990, -30.6310

■ 130.5970, 2.9330,
7.4210

■ 96.6450, -16.4990,
-36.9070

■ 135.5530, 6.2330,
13.6970

■ 91.8740, -18.8820,
-43.2820

■ 140.3240, 8.6160,
20.0720

■ 86.9180, -22.1820,
-49.5580

■ 145.2800, 11.9160,
26.3480

■ 82.1470, -24.5650,
-55.9330


■ 150.0510, 14.2990,
32.7230


■ 77.4900, -27.2690,

■ 154.7080, 17.0030,

-61.9970

38.7870

 76.6640, -27.8190,
-63.0430

 159.7780, 19.9820,
45.3740

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118.2100, 7.7960, -9.1320



116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050



114.5690, -18.2000, -11.5760

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050



117.5600, -22.0080, 2.3760



121.3620, 22.6480, 8.0560

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050



110.9010, 5.1330, 11.6050

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121.7620, 15.7700, 11.5620



116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050



119.8930, -9.5840, 8.4960

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050



114.7500, -28.6550, -3.8150



121.7160, 4.2160, 11.7040



120.6730, 22.9700, 2.2180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050



113.8010, -24.6650, -10.0490



121.7160, 4.2160, 11.7040



121.6330, 20.4470, 9.3990

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050



159.1690, -2.1540, -5.0180



121.2040, 7.9330, -6.1070



79.5220, -1.6500, -3.1380



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050



149.0290, -8.1120, -18.1920



116.5270, -9.2140, -9.2300



61.4080, -1.3290, -3.4490



78.4250, -28.6440, -64.6120



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110.9010, 5.1330, 11.6050



140.9710, 8.1120, 18.1920



110.4730, 9.2140, 9.2300



59.5920, 1.3290, 3.4490



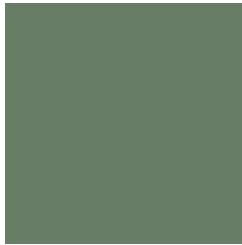
49.5750, 28.6440, 64.6120



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050.

-11.6050.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050

Protanopia

118.8130, 10.5920, -4.7360

Deuteranopia

120.0250, 16.0470, 1.0310



Tritanopia

118.5520, -10.3620, 0.5660

Trichromacy



Original Color

116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050

Protanomaly

117.7090, 4.9530, -7.1670

Deuteranomaly

118.6710, 8.1160, -3.9160

Tritanomaly

117.2870, -8.2980, -3.8020

Monochromacy



Original Color

116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050

Achromatopsia

116.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

115.9950, -1.6040, -3.9720

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 125, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 125, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 125, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 125, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 125, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 125, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 125, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 125, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 125, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 125,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 116.0990, -5.1330, -11.6050 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 125, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
125, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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