

# Converting Colors

YIQ(116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(116.2520, 35.4820,  
28.7780)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A8587E
RGB	168, 88, 126
RGB Percent	66%, 35%, 49%
CMY	0.3410, 0.6550, 0.5058
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.25, 0.34
HSL	331°, 32%, 50%
HSV	331°, 48%, 66%
XYZ	23.4148, 16.8119, 21.7592
YIQ	116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

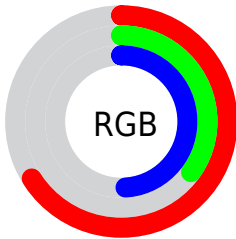
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	168, 88, 126
Decimal	11032702
CIE Lab	48.02, 37.48, -6.55
CIE LCh	48, 38.050, 350.093
Yxy	16.8119, 0.3777, 0.2712
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289222782 (0xFFA8587E)
YUV	116.2520, 4.8058, 45.3830
Hunter-Lab	41.0023, 30.1803, -2.7626

# Details

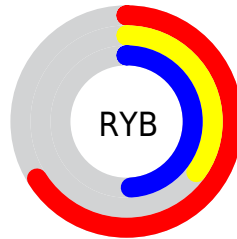
The YIQ color **116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **139.7480, -35.4820, -28.7780**, and the grayscale version is **116.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169.8610, 38.1410, 30.1490**, and **65.1700, 32.7770, 28.2410** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **105.2470, 43.0460, 34.8700**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127.2570, 27.9180, 22.6860**.

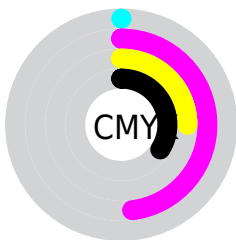
# Distribution



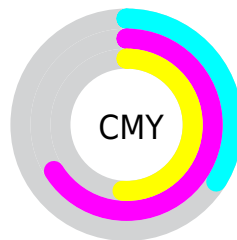
- Red (66%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 116.2520, 35.4820,  
28.7780

■ 116.2520, 35.4820,  
28.7780

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 90.6540, 34.2900,  
28.3540

■ 169.8610, 38.1410,  
30.1490

■ 65.1700, 32.7770,  
28.2410

■ 197.4590, 39.3330,  
30.5730

■ 38.0390, 31.7680,  
30.0080

■ 217.3860, 23.2410,  
24.8490

■ 22.3000, 26.3590,  
23.4070

■ 236.2160, 8.8000,  
16.7360

■ 13.2850, 21.5470,  
11.4910

■ 253.2390, 0.8250,  
1.5690

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

116.2520, 35.4820,  
28.7780

116.2520, 35.4820,  
28.7780

105.2470, 43.0460,  
34.8700

127.2570, 27.9180,  
22.6860

94.2420, 50.6100,  
40.9620

138.2620, 20.3540,  
16.5940

83.9380, 57.5780,  
46.8420

148.5660, 13.3860,  
10.7140

72.9330, 65.1420,  
52.9340

159.5710, 5.8220,  
4.6220

61.9280, 72.7060,  
59.0260

170.5760, -1.7420,  
-1.4700


59.3520, 74.4480,  
60.4960

181.5810, -9.3060,  
-7.5620

192.5860,  
-16.8700, -13.6540

203.0040,

-24.1590, -19.2230

 213.8950,  
-31.4020, -25.6260

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117.3660, 8.7980, 27.7900



116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780



114.3980, 49.3300, 20.0980

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780



109.1550, 17.6560, -22.6320



93.0170, -86.9270, -16.0390

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780



139.7480, -35.4820, -28.7780

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.7000, -79.0850, -26.0050



116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780



104.1820, -13.3370, -28.1290

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780



112.0270, 38.9280, -11.6640



87.9380, -68.4920, -36.2680



95.0920, -82.3440, -5.4800



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780



113.5580, 51.3950, 10.2030



87.9380, -68.4920, -36.2680



93.2790, -84.9090, -19.5730

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780



199.5660, 13.3860, 10.7140



109.3790, -1.2440, 33.5720



97.7070, 8.4350, 6.8270



237.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780



138.2150, 55.2400, 45.1600



112.5070, 47.4050, 16.4370



78.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400



52.2320, 65.7380, 53.1460



7.1200, 8.7100, 7.3500



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780



138.2150, 55.2400, 45.1600



143.4930, -47.4050, -16.4370



78.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400



52.2320, 65.7380, 53.1460

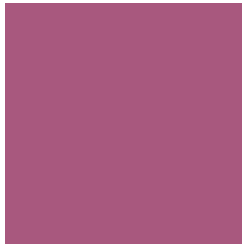


7.1200, 8.7100, 7.3500



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

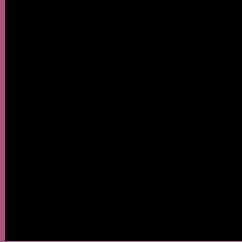
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 116.2520, 35.4820,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780

### Protanopia

114.6260, -13.2060, 8.0580

### Deuteranopia

115.5430, 3.0250, 5.7530



## Tritanopia

115.6250, 41.2610, 17.6530

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780

## Protanomaly

115.2370, 4.3070, 15.5630

## Deuteranomaly

116.0440, 15.0360, 13.8520

## Tritanomaly

115.7760, 39.5180, 21.7100

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780

## Achromatopsia

116.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

116.2670, 12.7900, 10.5020

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 88, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 88, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 88, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 88, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 88, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 88, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 88, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 88, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 88, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 88,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 116.2520, 35.4820, 28.7780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 88, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168, 88,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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