

Converting Colors

YIQ(116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(116.6470, 27.0000,
28.3120)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | A05B87 |
| RGB | 160, 91, 135 |
| RGB Percent | 63%, 36%, 53% |
| CMY | 0.3724, 0.6432, 0.4705 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.43, 0.16, 0.37 |
| HSL | 322°, 28%, 49% |
| HSV | 322°, 43%, 63% |
| XYZ | 22.6201, 16.7056, 24.9609 |
| YIQ | 116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

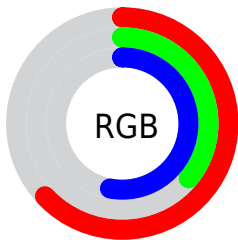
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 160, 91, 135 |
| Decimal | 10509191 |
| CIE Lab | 47.89, 34.48, -12.25 |
| CIE LCh | 48, 36.591, 340.433 |
| Yxy | 16.7056, 0.3519, 0.2599 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288699271 (0xFFA05B87) |
| YUV | 116.6470, 9.0480, 38.0206 |
| Hunter-Lab | 40.8725, 27.2602, -7.5976 |

Details

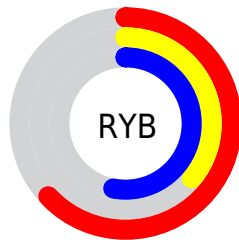
The YIQ color **116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **134.3530, -27.0000, -28.3120**, and the grayscale version is **117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169.9570, 29.0630, 29.4710**, and **66.3370, 24.9370, 27.1530** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **106.5710, 33.3260, 34.8140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126.7230, 20.6740, 21.8100**.

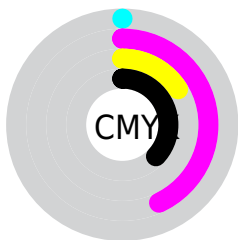
Distribution



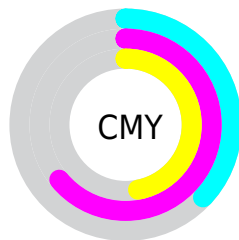
- Red (63%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 116.6470, 27.0000,
28.3120

■ 116.6470, 27.0000,
28.3120

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 91.0490, 25.8080,
27.8880

■ 169.9570, 29.0630,
29.4710

■ 66.3370, 24.9370,
27.1530

■ 197.6690, 29.9340,
30.2060

■ 41.2660, 23.6990,
27.5630

■ 219.8140, 19.1600,
27.2240

■ 21.3040, 20.5360,
24.3120

■ 237.9770, 7.9750,
15.1670

■ 12.6310, 14.7610,
13.3290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 116.6470, 27.0000,
28.3120

■ 116.6470, 27.0000,
28.3120

■ 106.5710, 33.3260,
34.8140

■ 126.7230, 20.6740,
21.8100

■ 96.4950, 39.6520,
41.3160

■ 136.7990, 14.3480,
15.3080

■ 86.5330, 45.6570,
48.1290

■ 146.7610, 8.3430,
8.4950

■ 76.4570, 51.9830,
54.6310

■ 156.8370, 2.0170,
1.9930

■ 66.3810, 58.3090,
61.1330

■ 166.9130, -4.3090,
-4.5090


■ 59.4680, 62.6180,
65.6420

■ 176.9890,
-10.6350, -11.0110

■ 187.0650,
-16.9610, -17.5130

■ 197.0270,

-22.9660, -24.3260

 207.1030,
-29.2920, -30.8280

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



116.5110, -1.9760, 24.8080



116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120



114.9400, 44.9280, 22.7840

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120



109.7970, 24.7160, -18.4200



92.5780, -84.3130, -19.3610

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120



134.3530, -27.0000, -28.3120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.8590, -75.2790, -28.9030



116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120



105.9230, -2.2420, -25.4580

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120



112.4560, 42.2740, -6.2220



98.4810, -39.1040, -29.2160



91.1080, -88.4410, -10.6250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120



113.8230, 49.3310, 14.5710



98.4810, -39.1040, -29.2160



92.1390, -81.6990, -22.6830

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120



192.0110, 10.6350, 11.0110



106.0420, -7.8450, 26.5470



94.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120



140.5710, 42.4940, 44.8780



112.7710, 37.9140, 17.7380



73.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510



53.1310, 56.0170, 58.6170



5.6250, 5.7300, 6.2900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120



140.5710, 42.4940, 44.8780



138.2290, -37.9140, -17.7380



73.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510



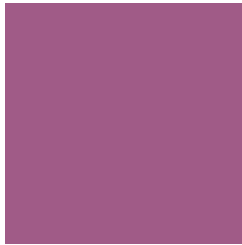
53.1310, 56.0170, 58.6170



5.6250, 5.7300, 6.2900

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

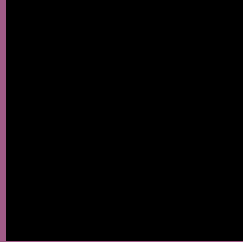
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 116.6470, 27.0000,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120

Protanopia

114.5270, -17.2410, 9.5990

Deuteranopia

115.0740, -2.8440, 7.4920



Tritanopia

115.7380, 33.5130, 14.8970

Trichromacy



Original Color

116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120

Protanomaly

115.2410, -1.5160, 16.4680

Deuteranomaly

115.8630, 8.2960, 14.8560

Tritanomaly

116.1170, 31.1280, 19.5760

Monochromacy



Original Color

116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120

Achromatopsia

117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

117.2990, 9.7640, 10.2760

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 91, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 91, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 91, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 91, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 91, 135) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 91, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 91, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 91, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 91, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 91,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 116.6470, 27.0000, 28.3120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 91, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160, 91,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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