

Converting Colors

YIQ(116.7340, 29.0270,
-24.9650)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(116.7340, 29.0270,
-24.9650)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	817D2A
RGB	129, 125, 42
RGB Percent	51%, 49%, 16%
CMY	0.4942, 0.5098, 0.8351
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.67, 0.49
HSL	57°, 51%, 34%
HSV	57°, 67%, 51%
XYZ	16.8037, 19.5005, 5.0731
YIQ	116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

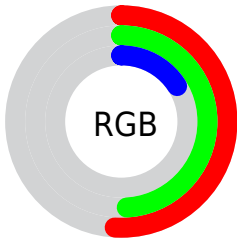
Format	Color
RYB	46, 129, 42
Decimal	8486186
CIELab	51.27, -9.32, 44.01
CIELCh	51, 44.988, 101.960
Yxy	19.5005, 0.4061, 0.4713
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286676266 (0xFF817D2A)
YUV	116.7340, -36.8439, 10.7573
Hunter-Lab	44.1594, -9.3553, 24.1002

Details

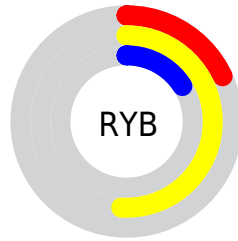
The YIQ color **116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **54.2660, -29.0270, 24.9650**, and the grayscale version is **117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169.4030, 31.4570, -24.9510**, and **67.6350, 24.9920, -23.4240** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **114.6650, 33.4750, -28.4850**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118.8030, 24.5790, -21.4450**.

Distribution



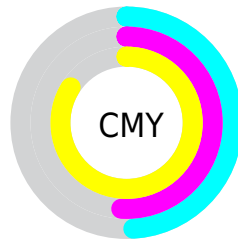
- Red (51%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 116.7340, 29.0270,
-24.9650

■ 116.7340, 29.0270,
-24.9650

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 90.9080, 28.4770,
-26.0110

■ 169.4030, 31.4570,
-24.9510

■ 67.6350, 24.9920,
-23.4240

■ 197.4740, 32.6950,
-25.3610

■ 47.2460, 16.1420,
-17.2180

■ 225.5450, 33.9330,
-25.7710

■ 27.4440, 7.0170,
-11.5350

■ 245.5380, 26.6430,
-25.8130

■ 5.2830, -2.4750,
-4.7070

■ 248.6160, 17.9760,
-17.4160

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 251.9220, 8.6670,

-8.3970

■ 116.7340, 29.0270,
-24.9650

■ 116.7340, 29.0270,
-24.9650

■ 114.6650, 33.4750,
-28.4850

■ 118.8030, 24.5790,
-21.4450

■ 113.1830, 37.6480,
-32.5280

■ 120.2850, 20.4060,
-17.4020

■ 111.1140, 42.0960,
-36.0480

■ 122.3540, 15.9580,
-13.8820

■ 110.7720, 43.0590,
-36.9810

■ 123.8360, 11.7850,
-9.8390

■ 125.9050, 7.3370,
-6.3190

■ 127.8600, 3.2100,
-3.1100

■ 129.3420, -0.9630,
0.9330

■ 131.4110, -5.4110,
4.4530

■ 132.8930, -9.5840,
8.4960

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119.8390, 51.2610, -9.4030



116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650



111.7390, -4.9000, -32.3560

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650



101.3150, -93.7580, -18.8940



124.5820, 34.7930, 35.7610

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650



54.2660, -29.0270, 24.9650

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126.0970, -0.5100, 31.2820



116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650



100.3010, -99.1700, -8.9140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650



98.3850, -82.7520, -31.1360



117.7040, -48.2360, 15.1560



121.6750, 56.1600, 28.4800

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650



104.6350, -36.9020, -36.0860



117.7040, -48.2360, 15.1560



125.6070, 24.4770, 35.4930

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650



163.6510, 10.8680, -9.7400



68.4690, 50.5680, 19.6880



81.1330, 6.6950, -5.6970



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650



148.9740, 45.3060, -39.1580



107.4210, 4.6830, -35.3250



62.6150, 2.5220, -1.6540



109.8860, 42.7380, -36.6700



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.2660, -29.0270, 24.9650



51.0260, -45.3060, 39.1580



63.5790, -4.6830, 35.3250



58.3850, -2.5220, 1.6540



18.1140, -42.7380, 36.6700



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

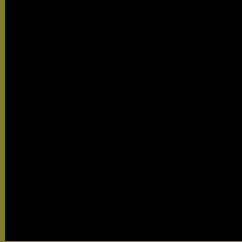
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 116.7340, 29.0270,

-24.9650.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650

Protanopia

117.2510, 34.9410, -22.0110

Deuteranopia

118.6700, 44.2470, -14.4490



Tritanopia

123.7070, 8.4350, 6.8270

Trichromacy



Original Color

116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650

Protanomaly

116.9410, 32.8780, -23.1700

Deuteranomaly

117.9250, 38.9750, -18.0250

Tritanomaly

121.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190

Monochromacy



Original Color

116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650

Achromatopsia

117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

116.8790, 10.2260, -9.1180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 125, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 125, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 125, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 125, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 125, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 125, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 125, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 125, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 125, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 125,  
42) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 116.7340, 29.0270, -24.9650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 125, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
125, 42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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