

# Converting Colors

YIQ(116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(116.8980, 0.0470,  
-6.3610)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	71796A
RGB	113, 121, 106
RGB Percent	44%, 47%, 42%
CMY	0.5569, 0.5255, 0.5843
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.12, 0.53
HSL	92°, 7%, 45%
HSV	92°, 12%, 47%
XYZ	16.2486, 18.2265, 16.2982
YIQ	116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

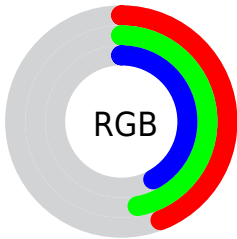
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	106, 121, 114
Decimal	7436650
CIE Lab	49.77, -5.99, 7.20
CIE LCh	50, 9.369, 129.742
Yxy	18.2265, 0.3200, 0.3590
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285626730 (0xFF71796A)
YUV	116.8980, -5.3727, -3.4185
Hunter-Lab	42.6924, -6.7754, 7.2503

# Details

The YIQ color **116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **110.1020, -0.0470, 6.3610**, and the grayscale version is **117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **168.7840, 0.3680, -6.6720**, and **69.0120, -0.2740, -6.0500** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **113.7360, 0.3230, -11.3650**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **120.0600, -0.2290, -1.3570**.

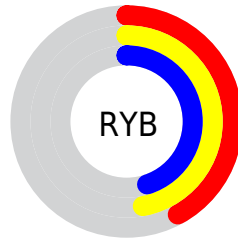
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (47%)

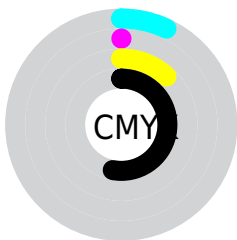
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (45%)

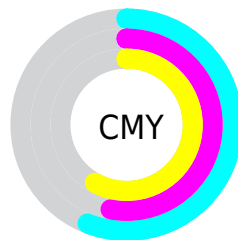


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 116.8980, 0.0470,  
-6.3610

■ 116.8980, 0.0470,  
-6.3610

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 92.3110, 0.3220,  
-5.8380

■ 168.7840, 0.3680,  
-6.6720

■ 69.0120, -0.2740,  
-6.0500

■ 196.3710, 0.0930,  
-7.1950

■ 46.4250, 0.0010,  
-5.5270

■ 224.3710, 0.0930,  
-7.1950

■ 25.7240, 0.5970,  
-5.3150

■ 251.1970, 0.6430,  
-6.1490

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 116.8980, 0.0470,

■ 116.8980, 0.0470,

-6.3610

-6.3610

■ 113.7360, 0.3230,  
-11.3650

■ 120.0600, -0.2290,  
-1.3570

■ 110.2750, 0.0030,  
-16.5810

■ 123.5210, 0.0910,  
3.8590

■ 107.1130, 0.2790,  
-21.5850

■ 126.6830, -0.1850,  
8.8630

■ 103.6520, -0.0410,  
-26.8010

■ 130.1440, 0.1350,  
14.0790

■ 100.4900, 0.2350,  
-31.8050

■ 133.4200, -0.4620,  
19.3940

■ 96.9150, 0.2360,  
-37.3320

■ 136.8810, -0.1420,  
24.6100

■ 93.7530, 0.5120,  
-42.3360

■ 140.0430, -0.4180,  
29.6140

■ 90.2920, 0.1920,  
-47.5520

■ 143.5040, -0.0980,  
34.8300

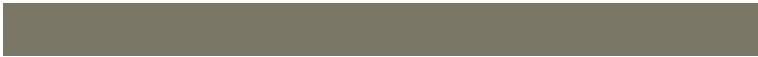
■ 87.7710, 0.1010,  
-51.4110

■ 146.6660, -0.3740,  
39.8340

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118.0730, 6.9240, -4.3400



116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610



116.4780, -7.5180, -6.9260

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610



117.2850, -13.9840, 0.1280



119.9200, 12.1490, 5.5970

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610



110.1020, -0.0470, 6.3610

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



120.2230, 6.9220, 6.7140



116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610



118.3290, -8.1160, 3.9160

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610



115.8070, -15.6340, -3.0100



119.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



119.7090, 14.1210, 2.8970



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610



115.5530, -12.1030, -6.4310



119.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



119.9630, 10.5900, 6.3180

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610



156.4190, 0.1380, -2.5020



115.1810, 6.7400, -1.0040



77.9460, 0.0920, -1.6680



207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610



151.3770, -0.0440, -10.2200



114.9190, -4.4460, -7.5340



59.4190, 0.1380, -2.5020



90.7170, 0.1930, -53.0790



183.2060, 1.0280, -106.7800



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110.1020, -0.0470, 6.3610



140.6230, 0.0440, 10.2200



112.1950, 4.1250, 7.8450



56.5810, -0.1380, 2.5020



34.2830, -0.1930, 53.0790



69.0930, -0.4320, 106.9920



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

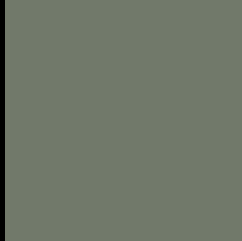
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

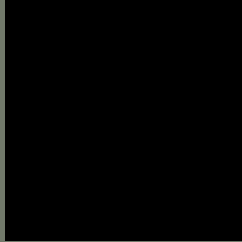
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

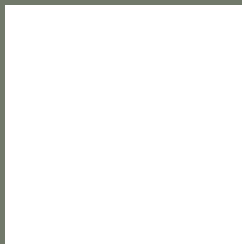
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 116.8980, 0.0470,

-6.3610.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610

### Protanopia

118.1980, 8.0700, -3.0820

### Deuteranopia

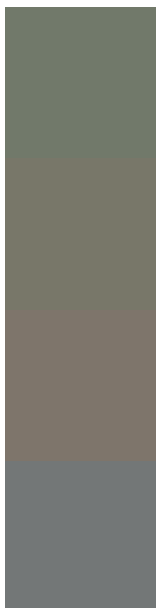
119.1820, 14.1670, 2.0630



## Tritanopia

118.4280, -4.0810, 2.3750

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610

## Protanomaly

117.7030, 5.0900, -4.1420

## Deuteranomaly

118.5510, 8.5740, -1.2020

## Tritanomaly

117.8040, -2.3840, -0.8480

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610

## Achromatopsia

117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

116.8320, 0.4130, -1.9790

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 121, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 121, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 121, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 121, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 121, 106) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 121, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 121, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 121, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 121, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 121,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 116.8980, 0.0470, -6.3610 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 121, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
121, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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