

Converting Colors

YIQ(117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(117.3120, 16.9170,
7.2930)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A6C6F
RGB	138, 108, 111
RGB Percent	54%, 42%, 44%
CMY	0.4587, 0.5765, 0.5646
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.20, 0.46
HSL	354°, 12%, 48%
HSV	354°, 22%, 54%
XYZ	18.7157, 17.2754, 17.3918
YIQ	117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

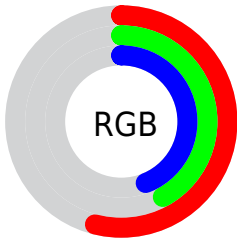
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 108, 111
Decimal	9071727
CIE Lab	48.61, 12.42, 2.87
CIE LCh	49, 12.746, 13.027
Yxy	17.2754, 0.3506, 0.3236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287261807 (0xFF8A6C6F)
YUV	117.3120, -3.1118, 18.1434
Hunter-Lab	41.5637, 7.6403, 4.2855

Details

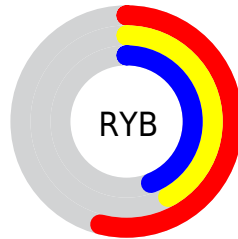
The YIQ color **117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **128.6880, -16.9170, -7.2930**, and the grayscale version is **117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **169.9100, 18.1090, 7.7170**, and **68.4150, 15.1290, 6.6570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **107.7260, 24.6190, 10.8830**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **126.8980, 9.2150, 3.7030**.

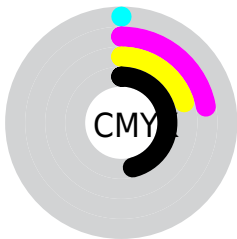
Distribution



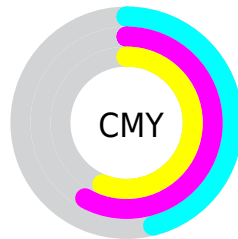
- Red (54%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 117.3120, 16.9170,
7.2930

■ 117.3120, 16.9170,
7.2930

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 92.7140, 15.7250,
6.8690

■ 169.9100, 18.1090,
7.7170

■ 68.4150, 15.1290,
6.6570

■ 197.2090, 18.7050,
7.9290

■ 46.2300, 14.2120,
6.7560

■ 224.8070, 19.8970,
8.3530

■ 25.2190, 12.7450,
5.8090

■ 246.9300, 6.1890,
3.4770

■ 4.7840, 9.5360,
3.3920

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 117.3120, 16.9170,
7.2930

■ 117.3120, 16.9170,
7.2930

■ 107.7260, 24.6190,
10.8830

■ 126.8980, 9.2150,
3.7030

■ 98.0260, 32.6420,
14.1620

■ 136.5980, 1.1920,
0.4240

■ 89.0270, 40.0690,
17.2290

■ 145.5970, -6.2350,
-2.6430

■ 79.3270, 48.0920,
20.5080

■ 155.2970,
-14.2580, -5.9220

■ 69.7410, 55.7940,
24.0980

■ 164.8830,
-21.9600, -9.5120

■ 60.1550, 63.4960,
27.6880

■ 174.4690,
-29.6620, -13.1020

■ 50.4550, 71.5190,
30.9670


■ 184.1690,
-37.6850, -16.3810

■ 42.8580, 77.7540,

■ 193.1680,

33.6100

-45.1120, -19.4480

 202.8680,
-53.1350, -22.7270

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117.6580, 10.1310, 9.1310



117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930



117.0470, 18.9810, 2.9250

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930



113.1320, -0.7320, -8.7640



113.4740, -18.8900, 0.9340

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930



128.6880, -16.9170, -7.2930

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



112.1590, -22.5570, -4.1970



117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930



111.8580, -11.6440, -9.2440

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930



114.3890, 8.8500, -6.2060



111.6060, -19.6220, -7.8300



115.6000, -10.3170, 5.2590

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930



116.2700, 16.7350, -0.4250



111.6060, -19.6220, -7.8300



112.9360, -20.3110, -0.8470

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930



170.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670



119.4930, 6.4620, 15.0540



84.2070, 3.8510, 1.7950



217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930



146.6230, 26.4070, 11.5190



124.0140, 14.5800, 0.0840



64.2070, 3.8510, 1.7950



41.2490, 75.0950, 32.2390



1.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930



146.6230, 26.4070, 11.5190



122.5730, -14.8550, -0.6070



64.2070, 3.8510, 1.7950



41.2490, 75.0950, 32.2390



1.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 117.3120, 16.9170,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930

Protanopia

115.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360

Deuteranopia

116.8550, 10.7740, 2.9820



Tritanopia

117.5940, 16.1830, 9.5830

Trichromacy



Original Color

117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930

Protanomaly

116.1150, 7.1060, 3.3780

Deuteranomaly

117.1650, 12.8370, 4.1410

Tritanomaly

117.3660, 16.8250, 8.9610

Monochromacy



Original Color

117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930

Achromatopsia

117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

117.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 108, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 108, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 108, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 108, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 108, 111) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 108, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 108, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 108, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 108, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 108,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 117.3120, 16.9170, 7.2930 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 108, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
108, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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