

Converting Colors

YIQ(117.6380, 11.7420,
-25.5860)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(117.6380, 11.7420,
-25.5860)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71833D
RGB	113, 131, 61
RGB Percent	44%, 51%, 24%
CMY	0.5569, 0.4862, 0.7607
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.53, 0.49
HSL	75°, 36%, 38%
HSV	75°, 53%, 51%
XYZ	15.7675, 20.0810, 7.4635
YIQ	117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

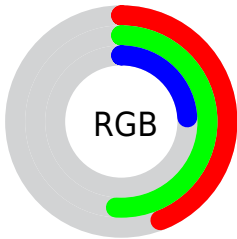
Format	Color
RYB	61, 131, 79
Decimal	7439165
CIELab	51.93, -18.06, 35.27
CIELCh	52, 39.624, 117.120
Yxy	20.0810, 0.3640, 0.4636
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285629245 (0xFF71833D)
YUV	117.6380, -27.9225, -4.0675
Hunter-Lab	44.8119, -15.6137, 21.4934

Details

The YIQ color **117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **74.3620, -11.7420, 25.5860**, and the grayscale version is **118.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170.2960, 12.7050, -26.5190**, and **68.3390, 11.1460, -25.7980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115.2590, 14.1270, -30.2650**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **120.0170, 9.3570, -20.9070**.

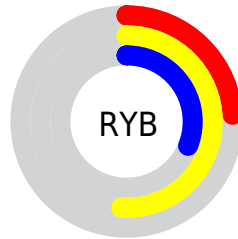
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (51%)

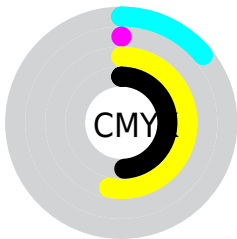
Blue (24%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (31%)

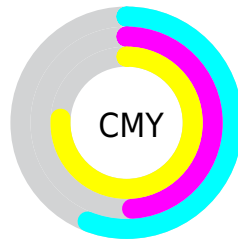


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 117.6380, 11.7420,
-25.5860

■ 117.6380, 11.7420,
-25.5860

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 92.7520, 11.4210,
-25.2750

■ 170.2960, 12.7050,
-26.5190

■ 68.3390, 11.1460,
-25.7980

■ 197.9540, 13.6680,
-27.4520

■ 46.0060, 7.8900,
-21.8540

■ 225.8400, 13.9890,
-27.7630

■ 26.2040, -1.2350,
-16.1710

■ 246.5080, 18.1600,
-20.7520

■ 7.6310, -3.5750,
-6.7990

■ 250.8960, 11.5560,
-11.1960

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 254.0880, 2.5680,

-2.4880

■ 117.6380, 11.7420,
-25.5860

■ 117.6380, 11.7420,
-25.5860

■ 115.2590, 14.1270,
-30.2650

■ 120.0170, 9.3570,
-20.9070

■ 112.5810, 15.9160,
-35.1560

■ 122.6950, 7.5680,
-16.0160

■ 110.2020, 18.3010,
-39.8350

■ 125.0740, 5.1830,
-11.3370

■ 107.5240, 20.0900,
-44.7260

■ 127.4530, 2.7980,
-6.6580

■ 105.9000, 21.7870,
-47.9490

■ 130.2450, 0.6880,
-1.4560

■ 132.6240, -1.6970,
3.2230

■ 135.3020, -3.4860,
8.1140

■ 137.6810, -5.8710,
12.7930

■ 140.0600, -8.2560,
17.4720

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121.1360, 37.0030, -15.3250



117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860



112.0390, -23.2400, -30.3760

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860



100.9390, -95.4550, -15.6710



125.9600, 42.1760, 28.6080

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860



74.3620, -11.7420, 25.5860

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



127.5520, 17.1420, 30.7580



117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860



112.7570, -64.9230, 3.6930

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860



100.3230, -88.2090, -25.8490



125.2470, -18.8480, 22.2080



124.2690, 54.0070, 17.9350

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860



101.9670, -58.2680, -34.3320



125.2470, -18.8480, 22.2080



126.4200, 35.0690, 30.7570

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860



165.8290, 4.4950, -9.8810



92.4960, 36.7700, 5.4260



83.5670, 2.4770, -6.3470



214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860



150.2020, 18.3010, -39.8350



107.4720, -8.5220, -32.7940



65.0170, 1.3300, -2.0780



105.3130, 22.0620, -47.4260



2.3590, 0.3670, -1.1450

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.3620, -11.7420, 25.5860



82.7980, -18.3010, 39.8350



84.8270, 9.1180, 33.0060



60.9830, -1.3300, 2.0780



24.9860, -21.4660, 47.6380



0.6410, -0.3670, 1.1450

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 117.6380, 11.7420,

-25.5860.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860

Protanopia

120.4770, 28.6130, -17.4590

Deuteranopia

122.0100, 37.5980, -9.5860



Tritanopia

123.8410, -3.8060, 2.8980

Trichromacy



Original Color

117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860

Protanomaly

119.6610, 22.1030, -20.6250

Deuteranomaly

120.6450, 28.2000, -15.4800

Tritanomaly

121.7410, 1.9270, -7.3930

Monochromacy



Original Color

117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860

Achromatopsia

118.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

117.9430, 4.1740, -9.5700

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 131, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 131, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 131, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 131, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 131, 61) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 131, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 131, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 131, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 131, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 131,  
61) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 117.6380, 11.7420, -25.5860 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 131, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
131, 61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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