

Converting Colors

YIQ(118.1250, 52.7310,
-25.0370)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370)
contains.

YIQ(118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(118.1250, 52.7310,
-25.0370)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	997811
RGB	153, 120, 17
RGB Percent	60%, 47%, 7%
CMY	0.4000, 0.5295, 0.9330
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.89, 0.40
HSL	45°, 80%, 33%
HSV	45°, 89%, 60%
XYZ	19.9541, 20.2429, 3.3889
YIQ	118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

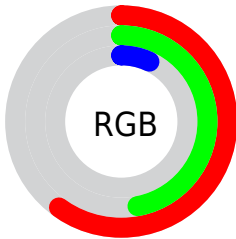
Format	Color
R _{YB}	61, 153, 17
Decimal	10057745
CIE Lab	52.11, 3.59, 54.52
CIE LCh	52, 54.639, 86.236
Yxy	20.2429, 0.4578, 0.4644
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288247825 (0xFF997811)
YUV	118.1250, -49.8546, 30.5854
Hunter-Lab	44.9921, 0.4289, 27.0286

Details

The YIQ color **118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **51.8750, -52.7310, 25.0370**, and the grayscale version is **119.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172.3750, 55.0230, -22.5210**, and **71.5660, 38.6080, -16.8800** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **114.0670, 58.6460, -27.6100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.1830, 46.8160, -22.4640**.

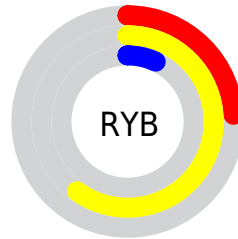
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (47%)

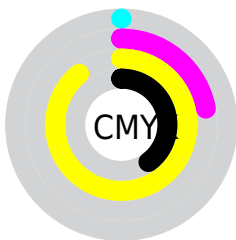
Blue (7%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (7%)

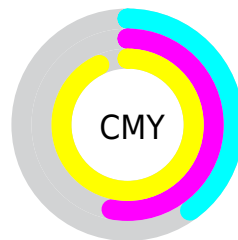


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 118.1250, 52.7310,
-25.0370

■ 118.1250, 52.7310,
-25.0370

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 93.1400, 48.3750,
-23.1850

■ 172.3750, 55.0230,
-22.5210

■ 71.5660, 38.6080,
-16.8800

■ 200.2720, 56.8110,
-21.8850

■ 50.2800, 27.9700,
-11.3100

■ 223.8580, 49.1090,
-25.4750

■ 30.4780, 18.8450,
-5.6270

■ 243.3720, 32.7420,
-31.7220

■ 8.6160, 9.9490,
1.4130

■ 246.5640, 23.7540,
-23.0140

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 249.7560, 14.7660,

-14.3060

■ 253.0620, 5.4570,
-5.2870

■ 118.1250, 52.7310,
-25.0370

■ 118.1250, 52.7310,
-25.0370

■ 114.0670, 58.6460,
-27.6100

■ 122.1830, 46.8160,
-22.4640

■ 113.8390, 59.2880,
-28.2320

■ 125.7680, 40.8550,
-19.0570

■ 129.8260, 34.9400,
-16.4840

■ 133.8840, 29.0250,
-13.9110

■ 138.0560, 22.7890,
-11.0270

■ 141.5270, 17.1490,
-7.9310

■ 145.5850, 11.2340,
-5.3580

■ 149.6430, 5.3190,
-2.7850

■ 153.2280, -0.6420,
0.6220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



120.7430, 69.5070, 1.3390



118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370



114.3700, 17.8880, -37.8560

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370



104.3980, -92.7940, -25.3540



127.6810, 21.6330, 42.9850

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370



51.8750, -52.7310, 25.0370

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124.5310, -31.0910, 29.3330



118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370



106.3820, -103.8920, -11.4440

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370



99.0400, -77.7070, -39.9710



101.7490, -106.0030, -0.7150



122.7160, 58.0830, 43.1950

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370



109.0810, -15.0310, -41.4870



101.7490, -106.0030, -0.7150



127.9010, 6.2740, 40.4980

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370



185.2130, 20.9090, -9.9950



61.5400, 70.1420, 39.4060



91.3570, 11.8760, -5.9800



227.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370



148.1380, 77.0790, -36.7850



127.3300, 23.3920, -49.5040



74.9140, 3.1180, -1.4420



104.0820, 54.2900, -25.7580



9.7570, 4.9980, -2.4740

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.8750, -52.7310, 25.0370



50.8620, -77.0790, 36.7850



42.6700, -23.3920, 49.5040



71.0860, -3.1180, 1.4420



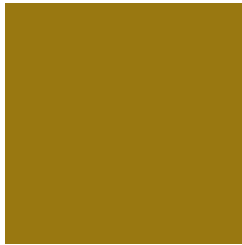
35.9180, -54.2900, 25.7580



3.2430, -4.9980, 2.4740

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 118.1250, 52.7310,

-25.0370.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370

Protanopia

117.4010, 42.9660, -29.7860

Deuteranopia

118.3750, 55.0230, -22.5210



Tritanopia

126.9650, 25.4440, 12.4520

Trichromacy



Original Color

118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370

Protanomaly

117.6080, 46.8170, -27.9910

Deuteranomaly

118.5490, 54.4730, -23.5670

Tritanomaly

123.9100, 35.3040, -1.0480

Monochromacy



Original Color

118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370

Achromatopsia

118.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

118.2560, 19.3500, -9.2740

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 120, 17)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 120, 17)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 120, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 120, 17) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 120, 17) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 120, 17) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 120, 17)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 120, 17); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 120, 17);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 120,  
17) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 118.1250, 52.7310, -25.0370 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 120, 17) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
120, 17) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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