

Converting Colors

YIQ(118.4280, -48.7800,
-19.0520)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(118.4280, -48.7800,
-19.0520)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C908C
RGB	60, 144, 140
RGB Percent	24%, 56%, 55%
CMY	0.7649, 0.4351, 0.4512
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.03, 0.44
HSL	177°, 41%, 40%
HSV	177°, 58%, 56%
XYZ	16.5690, 22.8083, 28.3213
YIQ	118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

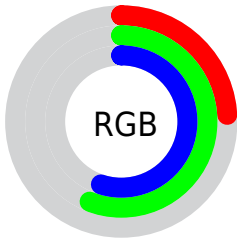
Format	Color
R_{YB}	60, 103, 144
Decimal	3969164
CIE _{Lab}	54.87, -26.18, -5.47
CIE _{LCh}	55, 26.746, 191.802
Yxy	22.8083, 0.2447, 0.3369
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282159244 (0xFF3C908C)
YUV	118.4280, 10.6350, -51.2414
Hunter-Lab	47.7580, -21.6483, -1.7294

Details

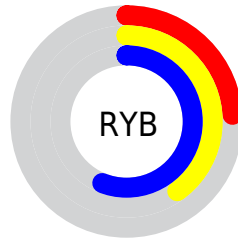
The YIQ color **118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **85.5720, 48.7800, 19.0520**, and the grayscale version is **118.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172.9120, -47.2670, -18.9390**, and **64.8510, -54.4650, -20.6490** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **114.1280, -56.8030, -22.3310**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.7280, -40.7570, -15.7730**.

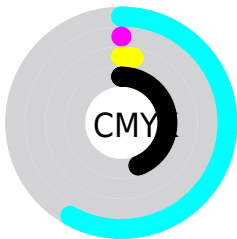
Distribution



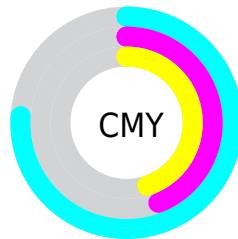
- Red (24%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 118.4280,
-48.7800, -19.0520

■ 118.4280,
-48.7800, -19.0520

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 90.3350, -52.9520,
-20.5360

■ 172.9120,
-47.2670, -18.9390

■ 64.8510, -54.4650,
-20.6490

■ 200.9120,
-47.2670, -18.9390

■ 48.1410, -40.4820,
-15.2500

■ 229.6130,
-47.8630, -19.1510

■ 32.1320, -27.0950,
-10.0630

■ 238.8540,
-32.1840, -11.4480

■ 17.9980, -14.8540,
-6.1340

■ 247.5250,
-14.9000, -5.3000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 118.4280,
-48.7800, -19.0520

■ 118.4280,
-48.7800, -19.0520

■ 114.1280,
-56.8030, -22.3310

■ 122.7280,
-40.7570, -15.7730

■ 109.6430,
-65.7430, -25.5110

■ 127.2130,
-31.8170, -12.5930

■ 105.3430,
-73.7660, -28.7900

■ 131.5130,
-23.7940, -9.3140

■ 100.7440,
-82.3850, -32.2810

■ 136.1120,
-15.1750, -5.8230

■ 100.1460,
-83.5770, -32.7050

■ 140.2980, -6.8310,
-2.8550

■ 144.5980, 1.1920,
0.4240

■ 149.1970, 9.8110,
3.9150

■ 153.4970, 17.8340,

7.1940

■ 157.9820, 26.7740,
10.3740

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



122.5800, -25.9010, -20.6930



118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520



117.8540, -58.5470, -12.7470

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520



134.1920, 0.1800, 18.7720



131.2470, 32.7370, -4.0870

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520



85.5720, 48.7800, 19.0520

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



132.9200, 38.5120, 6.8960



118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520



134.9680, 21.3620, 20.3540

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520



130.4600, -24.3020, 10.9140



133.8630, 34.6590, 16.1550



129.1370, 18.0670, -13.5570

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520



122.0060, -52.8630, -5.6230



133.8630, 34.6590, 16.1550



131.3230, 35.5790, -0.5250

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520



176.0190, -19.3470, -7.3070



110.5040, -20.7160, -43.0840



87.9060, -11.5990, -4.5510



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520



146.4460, -75.5540, -29.4260



96.5780, -39.6140, 2.0660



68.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840



93.9510, -78.5340, -30.4860



5.4940, -4.4470, -2.0070

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.5720, 48.7800, 19.0520



95.5540, 75.5540, 29.4260



107.4220, 39.6140, -2.0660



66.2070, 3.8510, 1.7950



41.1630, 78.2130, 30.7970



2.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

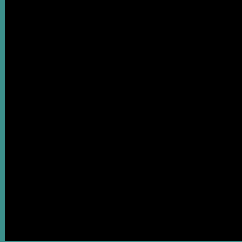
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520.



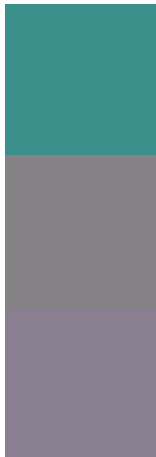
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520.

-19.0520.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520

Protanopia

130.8260, 0.5500, 1.0460

Deuteranopia

131.9280, 0.5030, 7.4070



Tritanopia

120.2310, -49.4230, -12.9030

Trichromacy



Original Color

118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520

Protanomaly

126.3290, -17.2840, -6.1480

Deuteranomaly

126.9640, -17.5140, -1.9780

Tritanomaly

119.6500, -49.2850, -15.4050

Monochromacy



Original Color

118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520

Achromatopsia

118.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

117.9160, -17.5590, -6.6710

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 144, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 144, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 144, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 144, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 144, 140) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 144, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 144, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 144, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 144, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 144,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 118.4280, -48.7800, -19.0520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 144, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 144,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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