

Converting Colors

YIQ(118.6520, -86.0160,
17.0240)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240)
contains.

YIQ(118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(118.6520, -86.0160,
17.0240)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F83F3
RGB	47, 131, 243
RGB Percent	18%, 51%, 95%
CMY	0.8157, 0.4861, 0.0475
CMYK	0.81, 0.46, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	214°, 89%, 57%
HSV	214°, 81%, 95%
XYZ	25.4530, 23.3102, 87.8654
YIQ	118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

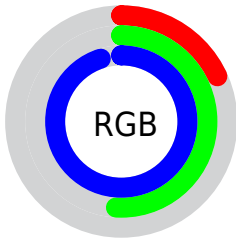
Format	Color
R _Y B	47, 106, 243
Decimal	3113971
CIE Lab	55.39, 14.57, -63.11
CIE LCh	55, 64.773, 282.995
Yxy	23.3102, 0.1863, 0.1706
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281304051 (0xFF2F83F3)
YUV	118.6520, 61.3036, -62.8388
Hunter-Lab	48.2806, 9.6122, -74.1048

Details

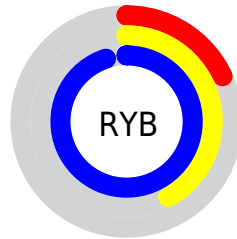
The YIQ color **118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **171.3480, 86.0160, -17.0240**, and the grayscale version is **118.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **173.2680, -58.8720, 9.6720**, and **69.9250, -82.5310, 14.4370** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **103.2580, -96.4700, 19.2580**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **134.0460, -75.5620, 14.7900**.

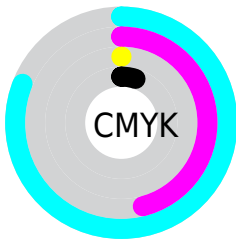
Distribution



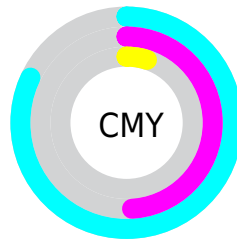
- Red (18%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 118.6520,
-86.0160, 17.0240

■ 118.6520,
-86.0160, 17.0240

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 86.6180, -97.8440,
11.1160

■ 173.2680,
-58.8720, 9.6720

■ 69.9250, -82.5310,
14.4370

■ 199.2720,
-47.5000, 1.8120

■ 53.8190, -67.4930,
17.2350

■ 225.2760,
-36.1280, -6.0480

■ 38.5280, -53.3720,
20.1320

■ 243.9370,
-22.0520, -7.8440

■ 24.9980, -40.0760,
21.4600

■ 253.2060, -3.5760,
-1.2720

■ 15.6910, -29.0260,
19.4380

■ 9.4330, -19.6720,

15.1120

■ 5.0500, -11.4640,
9.5280

■ 0.9120, -2.5680,
2.4880

■ 118.6520,
-86.0160, 17.0240

■ 118.6520,
-86.0160, 17.0240

■ 103.2580,
-96.4700, 19.2580

■ 134.0460,
-75.5620, 14.7900

■ 88.7500,
-106.6030, 21.1810

■ 149.7390,
-64.5120, 12.7680

■ 165.1330,
-54.0580, 10.5340

■ 180.5270,
-43.6040, 8.3000

■ 195.3340,
-32.8750, 6.5890

■ 211.0270,
-21.8250, 4.5670

■ 226.4210,
-11.3710, 2.3330

■ 241.8150, -0.9170,
0.0990

■ 253.6320, 3.8520,
-3.7320

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



114.2360, -117.7400, -2.7640



118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240



136.4800, 0.4500, 46.9300

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240



126.6840, 86.3310, 15.8270



102.7440, -74.3580, -51.1100

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240



171.3480, 86.0160, -17.0240

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113.9530, -12.0950, -50.6470



118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240



124.5810, 77.8100, -22.4940

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240



125.7590, 82.8870, 45.2150



121.6700, 43.1060, -43.3420



110.5300, -93.5260, -34.1180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240



133.7420, 37.9990, 54.7590



121.6700, 43.1060, -43.3420



99.9910, -67.9840, -56.4960

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240



216.2160, -26.7310, 5.3730



174.7060, -89.5310, -67.9870



104.0230, -16.0020, 3.6620



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240



98.3800, -108.4370, 21.3790



73.2310, -55.1680, 63.7120



114.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170



68.1640, -81.7060, 16.0060



21.4010, -25.8140, 5.2740

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115.1800, 89.8520, 67.6760



93.9370, 113.1860, 85.3300



216.7690, 55.1680, -63.7120



114.1580, 5.5470, 4.0990



64.7340, 85.1760, 64.3120



20.4910, 27.1390, 20.2830

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

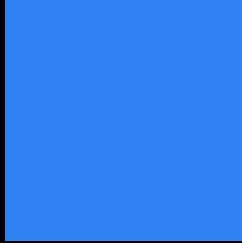
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

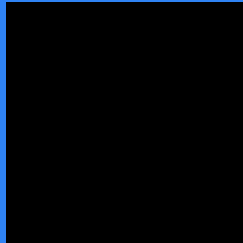
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

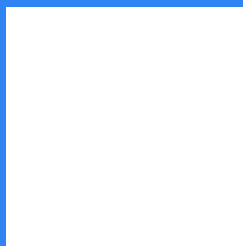
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 118.6520, -86.0160,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240

Protanopia

125.2200, -66.9440, 23.8080

Deuteranopia

105.6760, -112.9270, 3.6250



Tritanopia

103.6000, -90.5470, -27.5310

Trichromacy



Original Color

118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240

Protanomaly

122.6320, -74.0960, 21.2640

Deuteranomaly

110.4000, -103.1620, 8.3740

Tritanomaly

109.2820, -88.9910, -11.6710

Monochromacy



Original Color

118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240

Achromatopsia

119.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

118.7040, -31.0410, 6.3910

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 131, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 131, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 131, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 131, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 131, 243) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 131, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 131, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 131, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 131, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 131,  
243) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 118.6520, -86.0160, 17.0240 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 131, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 131,  
243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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