

Converting Colors

YIQ(118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(118.8150, 16.2780,
-8.6660)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	817856
RGB	129, 120, 86
RGB Percent	51%, 47%, 34%
CMY	0.4941, 0.5294, 0.6626
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.33, 0.49
HSL	47°, 20%, 42%
HSV	47°, 33%, 51%
XYZ	17.4499, 18.7714, 11.5125
YIQ	118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

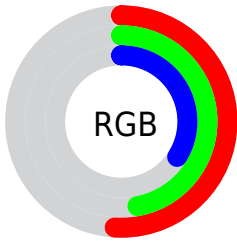
Format	Color
RYB	97, 129, 86
Decimal	8484950
CIELab	50.42, -2.11, 19.94
CIELCh	50, 20.053, 96.042
Yxy	18.7714, 0.3656, 0.3933
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286675030 (0xFF817856)
YUV	118.8150, -16.1778, 8.9322
Hunter-Lab	43.3260, -3.9280, 14.5737

Details

The YIQ color **118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **96.1850, -16.2780, 8.6660**, and the grayscale version is **119.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **170.8860, 17.5160, -9.0760**, and **70.4450, 14.4440, -8.4680** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115.5720, 21.2760, -11.1400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.0580, 11.2800, -6.1920**.

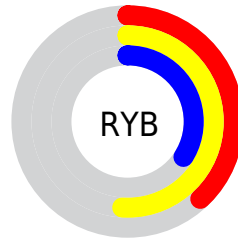
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (47%)

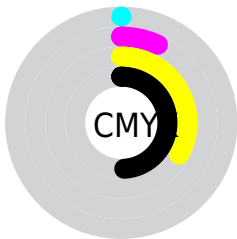
Blue (34%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (34%)

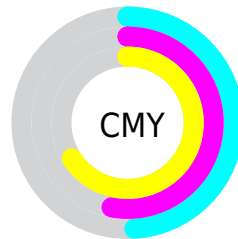


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 118.8150, 16.2780,
-8.6660

■ 118.8150, 16.2780,
-8.6660

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 93.7440, 15.0400,
-8.2560

■ 170.8860, 17.5160,
-9.0760

■ 70.4450, 14.4440,
-8.4680

■ 198.0710, 18.4330,
-9.1750

■ 47.3740, 13.2060,
-8.0580

■ 226.3700, 19.0290,
-8.9630

■ 26.6020, 12.5640,
-7.4360

■ 250.6680, 12.1980,
-11.8180

■ 1.7610, -0.8250,
-1.5690

■ 253.9740, 2.8890,
-2.7990

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 118.8150, 16.2780,
-8.6660

■ 118.8150, 16.2780,
-8.6660

■ 115.5720, 21.2760,
-11.1400

■ 122.0580, 11.2800,
-6.1920

■ 112.9160, 25.9990,
-14.1370

■ 124.7140, 6.5570,
-3.1950

■ 109.6730, 30.9970,
-16.6110

■ 127.9570, 1.5590,
-0.7210

■ 106.4300, 35.9950,
-19.0850

■ 131.2000, -3.4390,
1.7530

■ 103.3010, 40.6720,
-21.2480

■ 134.4430, -8.4370,
4.2270

■ 100.6450, 45.3950,
-24.2450

■ 136.9850,
-12.8390, 6.9130

■ 98.4450, 48.8340,
-25.9980

■ 140.2280,
-17.8370, 9.3870

■ 143.4710,

-22.8350, 11.8610

■ 146.1270,
-27.5580, 14.8580

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



120.1200, 25.9050, -1.4150



118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660



116.7530, 1.6530, -13.4430

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660



112.2000, -38.9700, -9.6100



122.6140, 13.4310, 15.4070

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660



96.1850, -16.2780, 8.6660

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121.7630, -3.1660, 13.3300



118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660



114.8080, -34.5700, -1.2420

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660



112.4580, -31.1290, -14.0490



119.0920, -20.4500, 7.1820



122.7800, 24.5270, 12.5510

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660



114.9520, -9.2130, -14.7570



119.0920, -20.4500, 7.1820



122.8630, 8.2960, 14.8560

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660



164.3010, 6.2820, -3.7180



99.8830, 22.7390, 11.9150



81.6860, 3.7600, -2.0640



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660



152.1440, 25.3570, -13.5150



120.5100, 6.6510, -15.9170



62.0280, 2.7970, -1.1310



97.5590, 48.5130, -25.6870



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.1850, -16.2780, 8.6660



116.8560, -25.3570, 13.5150



94.4900, -6.6510, 15.9170



58.9720, -2.7970, 1.1310



30.4410, -48.5130, 25.6870



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

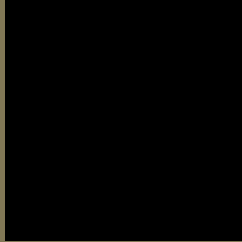
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 118.8150, 16.2780,

-8.6660.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660

Protanopia

118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660

Deuteranopia

119.8810, 25.0800, -2.9840



Tritanopia

121.4080, 7.8390, 6.6150

Trichromacy



Original Color

118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660

Protanomaly

118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660

Deuteranomaly

119.5600, 21.5500, -5.0900

Tritanomaly

120.6870, 11.1870, 1.0030

Monochromacy



Original Color

118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660

Achromatopsia

119.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

118.8280, 6.2360, -2.8840

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 120, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 120, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 120, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 120, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 120, 86) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 120, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 120, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 120, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 120, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 120,  
86) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 118.8150, 16.2780, -8.6660 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 120, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
120, 86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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