

Converting Colors

YIQ(119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(119.1790, 27.4170,
4.2250)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	946D60
RGB	148, 109, 96
RGB Percent	58%, 43%, 38%
CMY	0.4195, 0.5726, 0.6234
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.35, 0.42
HSL	15°, 21%, 48%
HSV	15°, 35%, 58%
XYZ	19.7963, 18.0768, 13.5194
YIQ	119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

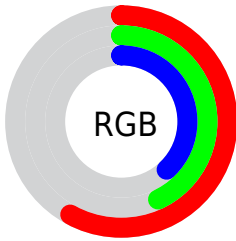
Format	Color
R_{YB}	148, 113, 96
Decimal	9727328
CIE _{Lab}	49.59, 13.67, 13.31
CIE _{LCh}	50, 19.078, 44.231
Yxy	18.0768, 0.3852, 0.3517
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287917408 (0xFF946D60)
YUV	119.1790, -11.4272, 25.2760
Hunter-Lab	42.5168, 8.7071, 10.9088

Details

The YIQ color **119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **124.8210, -27.4170, -4.2250**, and the grayscale version is **119.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **171.9620, 29.5260, 4.5500**, and **70.2110, 24.3910, 3.9990** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **111.0120, 35.2570, 5.3130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **127.3460, 19.5770, 3.1370**.

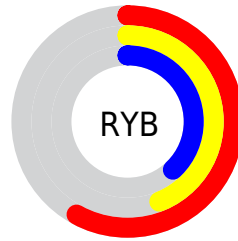
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (43%)

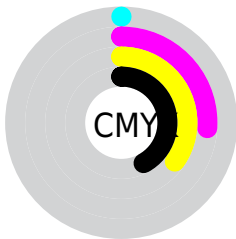
Blue (38%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (38%)

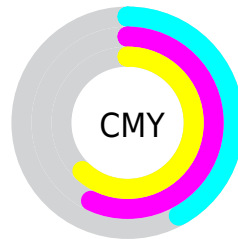


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 119.1790, 27.4170,
4.2250

■ 119.1790, 27.4170,
4.2250

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 94.5810, 26.2250,
3.8010

■ 171.9620, 29.5260,
4.5500

■ 70.2110, 24.3910,
3.9990

■ 199.4460, 31.0390,
4.6630

■ 47.4280, 22.2820,
3.6740

■ 225.3640, 28.3340,
4.1260

■ 25.2600, 22.6950,
1.6950

■ 245.5790, 11.3710,
-2.3330

■ 7.2900, 13.9830,
5.3990

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 119.1790, 27.4170,
4.2250

■ 119.1790, 27.4170,
4.2250

■ 111.0120, 35.2570,
5.3130

■ 127.3460, 19.5770,
3.1370

■ 102.8450, 43.0970,
6.4010

■ 135.5130, 11.7370,
2.0490

■ 94.7920, 50.6160,
7.8000

■ 143.5660, 4.2180,
0.6500

■ 86.6250, 58.4560,
8.8880

■ 151.7330, -3.6220,
-0.4380

■ 77.8710, 66.5710,
10.4990

■ 160.4870,
-11.7370, -2.0490

■ 69.7040, 74.4110,
11.5870

■ 168.6540,
-19.5770, -3.1370

■ 65.9710, 78.0330,
12.0250

■ 176.8210,
-27.4170, -4.2250

■ 184.8740,

-34.9360, -5.6240

■ 193.0410,
-42.7760, -6.7120

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



120.0250, 25.2150, 11.0950



119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250



118.0980, 22.9710, -3.3090

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250



112.1020, -18.3830, -13.7670



118.2560, -15.0400, 8.2560

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250



124.8210, -27.4170, -4.2250

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114.6130, -29.5270, 0.9770



119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250



110.6260, -31.5420, -12.0700

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250



114.6000, -2.2900, -13.5700



111.4500, -36.6780, -7.0940



120.1010, 1.6940, 13.3580

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250



117.3420, 16.2320, -7.8320



111.4500, -36.6780, -7.0940



117.1520, -20.6790, 5.8250

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250



179.2140, 11.1410, 1.8370



116.1080, 18.1520, 23.4640



89.6480, 6.9230, 1.1870



224.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250



146.6600, 42.1800, 6.5000



133.8540, 20.5420, -8.8500



69.6800, 3.8970, 0.9610



61.2200, 72.8980, 11.4740



4.7510, 5.1350, 0.5510

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124.8210, -27.4170, -4.2250



155.3400, -42.1800, -6.5000



110.1460, -20.5420, 8.8500



70.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380



76.1930, -72.6230, -10.9510



5.8360, -5.4100, -1.0740

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

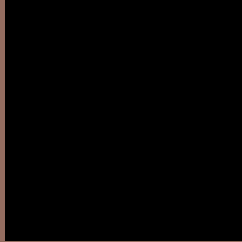
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 119.1790, 27.4170,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250

Protanopia

117.7420, 9.3540, -4.3260

Deuteranopia

118.7110, 19.8070, -1.0330



Tritanopia

120.0680, 23.6560, 11.8160

Trichromacy



Original Color

119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250

Protanomaly

118.5580, 15.8640, -1.1600

Deuteranomaly

118.7330, 22.7410, 0.8610

Tritanomaly

119.5580, 25.0320, 8.9040

Monochromacy



Original Color

119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250

Achromatopsia

119.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

119.0290, 10.2240, 1.9360

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 109, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 109, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 109, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 109, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 109, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 109, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 109, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 109, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 109, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 109,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 119.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 109, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
109, 96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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