

# Converting Colors

YIQ(119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(119.5170, 4.7730,  
-25.9390)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6C8746
RGB	108, 135, 70
RGB Percent	42%, 53%, 27%
CMY	0.5766, 0.4705, 0.7254
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.48, 0.47
HSL	85°, 32%, 40%
HSV	85°, 48%, 53%
XYZ	15.9527, 20.9600, 9.0022
YIQ	119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

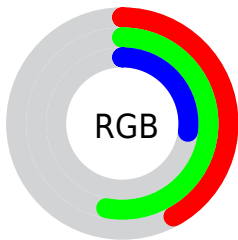
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	70, 135, 97
Decimal	7112518
CIELab	52.91, -21.20, 31.67
CIELCh	53, 38.116, 123.798
Yxy	20.9600, 0.3474, 0.4565
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285302598 (0xFF6C8746)
YUV	119.5170, -24.4119, -10.1004
Hunter-Lab	45.7820, -17.9206, 20.3892

# Details

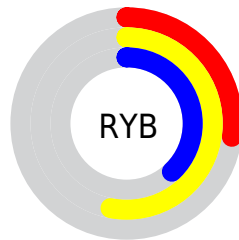
The YIQ color **119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **85.4830, -4.7730, 25.9390**, and the grayscale version is **120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172.1750, 5.7360, -26.8720**, and **69.8590, 3.8100, -25.0060** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **116.2410, 5.3700, -31.2540**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122.9070, 3.8550, -20.3130**.

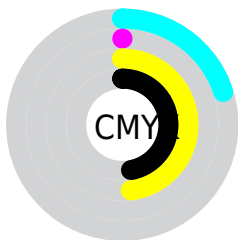
# Distribution



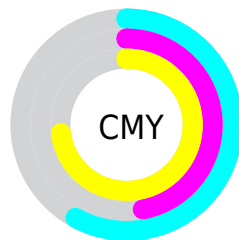
- Red (42%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 119.5170, 4.7730,  
-25.9390

■ 119.5170, 4.7730,  
-25.9390

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 94.6310, 4.4520,  
-25.6280

■ 172.1750, 5.7360,  
-26.8720

■ 69.8590, 3.8100,  
-25.0060

■ 199.6480, 5.7820,  
-27.7060

■ 46.8590, 3.8100,  
-25.0060

■ 228.1210, 5.8280,  
-28.5400

■ 26.7690, -4.4440,  
-18.5880

■ 245.7400, 11.6950,  
-19.2250

■ 10.5660, -4.9500,  
-9.4140

■ 252.0360, 8.3460,  
-8.0860

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 119.5170, 4.7730,  
-25.9390

■ 119.5170, 4.7730,  
-25.9390

■ 116.2410, 5.3700,  
-31.2540

■ 122.9070, 3.8550,  
-20.3130

■ 113.1500, 6.8840,  
-36.6680

■ 125.8840, 2.6620,  
-15.2100

■ 109.8740, 7.4810,  
-41.9830

■ 129.2740, 1.7440,  
-9.5840

■ 106.7830, 8.9950,  
-47.3970

■ 132.2510, 0.5510,  
-4.4810

■ 103.5070, 9.5920,  
-52.7120

■ 135.6410, -0.3670,  
1.1450

■ 102.8660, 9.9590,  
-53.8570

■ 138.9170, -0.9640,  
6.4600

■ 142.0080, -2.4780,  
11.8740

■ 145.2840, -3.0750,

17.1890

■ 148.6740, -3.9930,  
22.8150

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



123.1460, 31.0430, -17.4450



119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390



113.1460, -30.8510, -30.1070

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390



101.3950, -96.7390, -14.4270



128.0480, 44.7440, 26.1200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390



85.4830, -4.7730, 25.9390

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129.6620, 22.6440, 30.1640



119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390



120.5310, -49.4270, 9.2050

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390



101.8220, -91.0520, -23.8840



129.0910, -9.5410, 24.2430



126.5630, 52.9990, 14.1750



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390



101.2800, -69.4550, -35.3350



129.0910, -9.5410, 24.2430



129.1060, 38.8290, 28.6930

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390



170.1600, 2.0650, -9.8950



104.6970, 31.5900, 0.1820



85.4960, 1.2390, -5.9370



217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390



151.5150, 7.1140, -40.8380



110.2480, -13.7030, -32.5110



64.7180, 0.7340, -2.2900



99.0340, 9.5460, -51.8780



2.0600, -0.2290, -1.3570



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.4830, -4.7730, 25.9390



98.1860, -7.7100, 40.6260



95.0510, 14.2990, 32.7230



61.2820, -0.7340, 2.2900



30.9660, -9.5460, 51.8780



0.6410, -0.3670, 1.1450



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

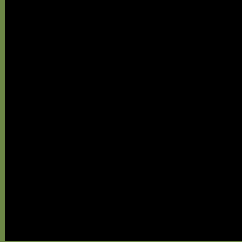
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 119.5170, 4.7730,

-25.9390.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390

### Protanopia

123.1610, 26.6870, -15.5930

### Deuteranopia

124.6230, 34.4340, -7.3100



## Tritanopia

125.2640, -9.4910, 1.3010

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390

## Protanomaly

121.7470, 18.9850, -19.1830

## Deuteranomaly

122.6600, 23.8440, -13.6280

## Tritanomaly

123.2780, -4.0790, -8.6790

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390

## Achromatopsia

120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

119.6870, 2.0190, -9.0610

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 135, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 135, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 135, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 135, 70) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 135, 70) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 135, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 135, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 135, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 135, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 135,  
70) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 119.5170, 4.7730, -25.9390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 135, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
135, 70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor