

Converting Colors

YIQ(119.8540, -32.1840,
-11.4480)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(119.8540, -32.1840,
-11.4480)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	528888
RGB	82, 136, 136
RGB Percent	32%, 53%, 53%
CMY	0.6786, 0.4666, 0.4668
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	180°, 25%, 43%
HSV	180°, 40%, 53%
XYZ	16.7258, 21.1837, 26.4877
YIQ	119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

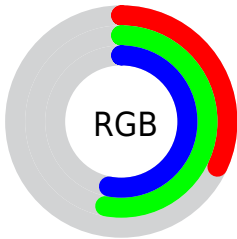
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 109, 136
Decimal	5408904
CIE _{Lab}	53.15, -17.87, -5.63
CIE _{LCh}	53, 18.735, 197.478
Yxy	21.1837, 0.2597, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283598984 (0xFF528888)
YUV	119.8540, 7.9600, -33.1980
Hunter-Lab	46.0258, -15.6781, -1.9032

Details

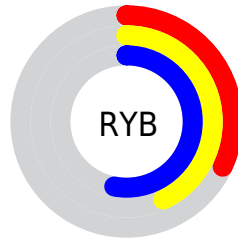
The YIQ color **119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **98.1460, 32.1840, 11.4480**, and the grayscale version is **120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **172.5550, -32.7800, -11.6600**, and **69.2560, -33.3760, -11.8720** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **115.6680, -40.5280, -14.4160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **124.0400, -23.8400, -8.4800**.

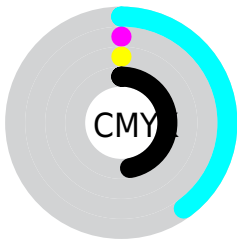
Distribution



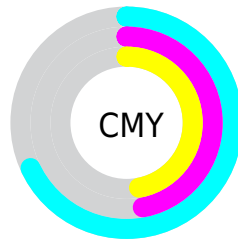
- Red (32%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 119.8540,
-32.1840, -11.4480

■ 119.8540,
-32.1840, -11.4480

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 94.5550, -32.7800,
-11.6600

■ 173.1420,
-33.0550, -12.1830

■ 69.2560, -33.3760,
-11.8720

■ 200.2560,
-33.3760, -11.8720

■ 44.1630, -37.5480,
-13.3560

■ 228.8430,
-33.6510, -12.3950

■ 28.1540, -24.1610,
-8.1690

■ 243.9370,
-22.0520, -7.8440

■ 14.1340, -12.2410,
-3.9290

■ 252.3090, -5.3640,
-1.9080

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 119.8540,
-32.1840, -11.4480

■ 119.8540,
-32.1840, -11.4480

■ 115.6680,
-40.5280, -14.4160

■ 124.0400,
-23.8400, -8.4800

■ 111.7810,
-48.2760, -17.1720

■ 127.9270,
-16.0920, -5.7240

■ 107.5950,
-56.6200, -20.1400

■ 132.1130, -7.7480,
-2.7560

■ 103.7080,
-64.3680, -22.8960

■ 136.0000, -0.0000,
0.0000

■ 99.5220, -72.7120,
-25.8640

■ 140.1860, 8.3440,
2.9680

■ 95.3360, -81.0560,
-28.8320

■ 144.3720, 16.6880,
5.9360

■ 148.2590, 24.4360,
8.6920

■ 152.4450, 32.7800,

11.6600

■ 156.3320, 40.5280,
14.4160

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



121.2050, -20.1710, -14.4030



119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480



120.5750, -35.5320, -5.8360

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480



129.5850, 3.2070, 13.4710



127.0870, 21.5040, -4.2560

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480



98.1460, 32.1840, 11.4480

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128.3530, 26.8670, 3.1790



119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480



129.7130, 17.4660, 13.8660

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480



127.4520, -12.6560, 9.1040



129.3840, 25.5820, 9.9500



125.2380, 10.5930, -10.2630

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480



122.7760, -31.5440, -1.0160



129.3840, 25.5820, 9.9500



127.6360, 24.3920, -1.5280

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480



169.7210, -12.5160, -4.4520



113.9970, -14.2540, -28.0300



85.4120, -7.1520, -2.5440



217.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480



150.5850, -50.6600, -18.0200



104.5920, -25.0340, 2.1500



66.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840



93.1190, -78.9470, -28.5070



3.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.1460, 32.1840, 11.4480



116.5290, 50.3390, 18.3310



113.4080, 25.0340, -2.1500



64.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840



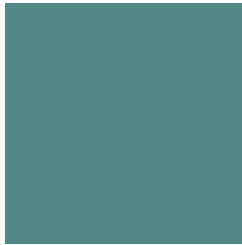
39.7670, 79.2680, 28.1960



1.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

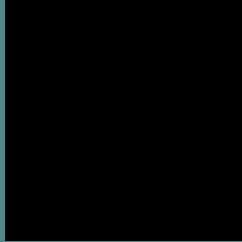
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480.

-11.4480.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480

Protanopia

127.0540, -0.0920, 1.6680

Deuteranopia

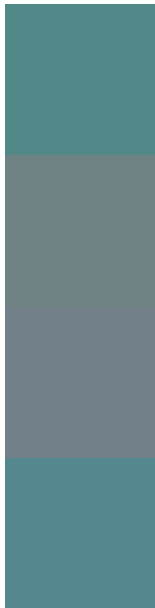
127.8140, 0.8240, 7.0960



Tritanopia

121.1900, -33.0100, -7.4900

Trichromacy



Original Color

119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480

Protanomaly

124.5470, -11.9660, -3.4060

Deuteranomaly

124.9540, -11.5540, 0.1420

Tritanomaly

120.5490, -32.6430, -8.6350

Monochromacy



Original Color

119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480

Achromatopsia

120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

120.0200, -11.9200, -4.2400

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 136, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 136, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 136, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 136, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 136, 136) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 136, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 136, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 136, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 136, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 136,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 119.8540, -32.1840, -11.4480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 136, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 136,  
136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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