

Converting Colors

YIQ(120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(120.1060, -5.8700,
7.2660)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	77758B
RGB	119, 117, 139
RGB Percent	47%, 46%, 55%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5412, 0.4549
CMYK	0.14, 0.16, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	245°, 9%, 50%
HSV	245°, 16%, 55%
XYZ	18.6290, 18.5084, 27.0128
YIQ	120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

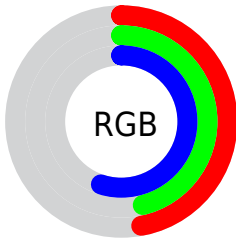
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 117, 139
Decimal	7828875
CIE _{Lab}	50.11, 5.49, -11.69
CIE _{LCh}	50, 12.919, 295.168
Yxy	18.5084, 0.2904, 0.2885
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286018955 (0xFF77758B)
YUV	120.1060, 9.3147, -0.9700
Hunter-Lab	43.0214, 2.0061, -7.1127

Details

The YIQ color $120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $135.8940, 5.8700, -7.2660$, and the grayscale version is $120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $172.3340, -6.5120, 7.8880$, and $71.5790, -5.8240, 6.4320$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $108.0010, -9.7680, 11.8320$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $132.2110, -1.9720, 2.7000$.

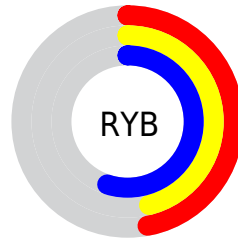
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (46%)

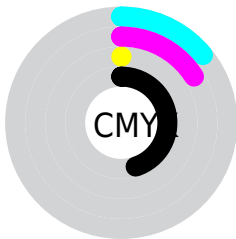
Blue (55%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (55%)

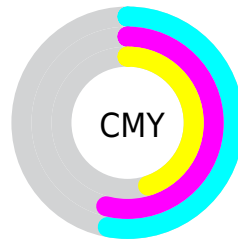


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 120.1060, -5.8700,
7.2660

■ 120.1060, -5.8700,
7.2660

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 95.1060, -5.8700,
7.2660

■ 172.2200, -6.1910,
7.5770

■ 71.5790, -5.8240,
6.4320

■ 199.6330, -5.9160,
8.1000

■ 49.4650, -5.5030,
6.1210

■ 227.7470, -6.2370,
8.4110

■ 27.9380, -5.4570,
5.2870

■ 253.8260, 0.5500,
1.0460

■ 2.9210, -6.7870,
7.3650

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 120.1060, -5.8700,
7.2660

■ 120.1060, -5.8700,
7.2660

■ 108.0010, -9.7680,
11.8320

■ 132.2110, -1.9720,
2.7000

■ 96.1950, -13.0700,
16.6100

■ 144.0170, 1.3300,
-2.0780

■ 84.0900, -16.9680,
21.1760

■ 156.1220, 5.2280,
-6.6440

■ 71.9850, -20.8660,
25.7420

■ 168.2270, 9.1260,
-11.2100

■ 60.7660, -24.4430,
29.9970

■ 179.4460, 12.7030,
-15.4650

■ 48.6610, -28.3410,
34.5630

■ 191.5510, 16.6010,
-20.0310

■ 36.8550, -31.6430,
39.3410

■ 203.3570, 19.9030,
-24.8090

■ 24.7500, -35.5410,

■ 215.4620, 23.8010,

43.9070

-29.3750

■ 19.7330, -36.8710,
45.9850

■ 227.5670, 27.6990,
-33.9410

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118.4960, -15.9560, 2.8280



120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660



121.4340, 4.9500, 9.4140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660



119.8080, 18.1560, 1.3560



115.7050, -15.5870, -9.3710

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660



135.8940, 5.8700, -7.2660

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



116.2670, -5.5460, -9.6260



120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660



119.3080, 13.5720, -3.6760

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660



120.7420, 18.5220, 5.7380



117.5950, 5.2740, -7.4780



114.8770, -21.8230, -6.4870

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660



121.2560, 11.3230, 9.5550



117.5950, 5.2740, -7.4780



115.5590, -12.2400, -9.4560

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660



173.3250, -2.2930, 3.0110



131.2480, -12.5620, -3.6180



86.9830, -1.3300, 2.0780



219.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660



151.7730, -9.1260, 11.2100



123.3950, 0.6860, 9.5980



63.0970, -1.6510, 2.3890



18.7500, -35.5410, 43.9070



0.5700, -1.6050, 1.5550

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125.8580, 6.6920, 10.8840



160.7000, 10.3130, 16.8490



132.6050, -0.6860, -9.5980



64.7770, 2.2460, 3.3500



53.5610, 40.4270, 65.8270



2.0650, 1.3750, 2.6150

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

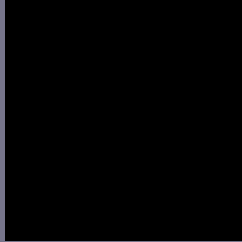
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 120.1060, -5.8700,

7.2660.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660

Protanopia

119.6110, -8.8500, 6.2060

Deuteranopia

120.1170, -4.4030, 8.2130



Tritanopia

119.4280, -4.0810, 2.3750

Trichromacy



Original Color

120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660

Protanomaly

119.9100, -8.2540, 6.4180

Deuteranomaly

119.8180, -4.9990, 8.0010

Tritanomaly

119.5960, -4.4940, 4.3540

Monochromacy



Original Color

120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660

Achromatopsia

120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

120.2110, -1.9720, 2.7000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 117, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 117, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 117, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 117, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 117, 139) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 117, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 117, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 117, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 117, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 117,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 120.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 117, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
117, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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