

# Converting Colors

YIQ(120.7290, -23.0210,  
26.2510)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(120.7290, -23.0210,  
26.2510)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	736EBF
RGB	115, 110, 191
RGB Percent	45%, 43%, 75%
CMY	0.5489, 0.5686, 0.2511
CMYK	0.40, 0.42, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	244°, 39%, 59%
HSV	244°, 42%, 75%
XYZ	22.0477, 18.5572, 51.6874
YIQ	120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

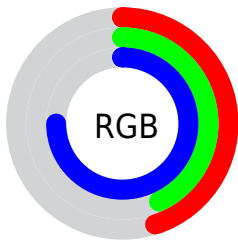
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	115, 110, 191
Decimal	7564991
CIE Lab	50.17, 22.02, -41.94
CIE LCh	50, 47.370, 297.704
Yxy	18.5572, 0.2389, 0.2011
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285755071 (0xFF736EBF)
YUV	120.7290, 34.6436, -5.0243
Hunter-Lab	43.0781, 15.9710, -40.9846

# Details

The YIQ color  $120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $6666CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $180.2710, 23.0210, -26.2510$ , and the grayscale version is  $120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $174.1960, -22.8380, 28.4420$ , and  $70.2510, -24.6710, 23.1130$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $104.1940, -28.5240, 32.3720$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $137.2640, -17.5180, 20.1300$ .

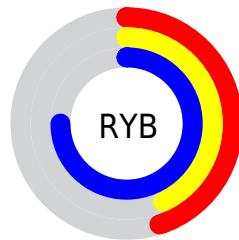
# Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (43%)

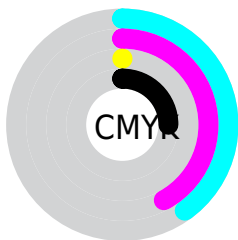
Blue (75%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (75%)

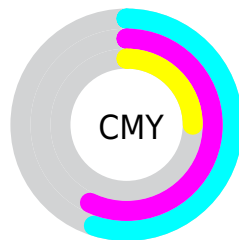


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 120.7290,  
-23.0210, 26.2510

■ 120.7290,  
-23.0210, 26.2510

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 95.4900, -23.8460,  
24.6820

■ 174.1960,  
-22.8380, 28.4420

■ 70.2510, -24.6710,  
23.1130

■ 199.2150,  
-15.8220, 22.4340

■ 46.5880, -27.2380,  
20.0740

■ 223.7350, -5.9630,  
14.4610

■ 21.5440, -33.1060,  
16.2860

■ 249.1300, 2.7500,  
5.2300

■ 7.1820, -20.2230,  
19.5930

■ 6.3210, -13.6650,  
10.8710

■ 2.5250, -5.7320,

4.7640

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 120.7290,  
-23.0210, 26.2510

■ 120.7290,  
-23.0210, 26.2510

■ 104.1940,  
-28.5240, 32.3720

■ 137.2640,  
-17.5180, 20.1300

■ 87.6590, -34.0270,  
38.4930

■ 153.7990,  
-12.0150, 14.0090

■ 71.1240, -39.5300,  
44.6140

■ 170.3340, -6.5120,  
7.8880

■ 54.5890, -45.0330,  
50.7350

■ 186.8690, -1.0090,  
1.7670

■ 38.0540, -50.5360,  
56.8560

■ 203.4040, 4.4940,  
-4.3540

■ 25.3620, -54.1590,  
61.9450

■ 220.2270, 9.1260,  
-11.2100

■ 236.7620, 14.6290,  
-17.3310

■ 247.7040, 20.5440,  
-19.9040

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.1750, -98.5750, -3.1750



120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510



122.5080, 20.4420, 37.0340

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510



117.1270, 59.5580, -0.0740



94.7030, -75.1400, -36.9320

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510



180.2710, 23.0210, -26.2510

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102.3320, -31.6750, -37.2030



120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510



114.9100, 43.3310, -19.8770

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510



118.0530, 63.5430, 21.3270



111.1340, 12.9810, -31.5230



99.3770, -88.3010, -24.1810



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510



120.9420, 42.5870, 37.6830



111.1340, 12.9810, -31.5230



92.5200, -70.3710, -40.7630

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510



219.2460, -9.0800, 10.3760



164.4330, -47.1760, -15.0800



107.5790, -5.8240, 6.4320



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510



137.7560, -35.6780, 40.8820



132.6890, 0.8190, 34.7310



86.0260, -2.8890, 2.7990



21.0020, -44.7580, 51.2580



4.1320, -8.7590, 10.0650



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142.8830, 23.8800, 40.8080



172.2400, 36.8970, 63.7210



168.3110, -0.8190, -34.7310



88.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070



64.1140, 46.6600, 79.5240

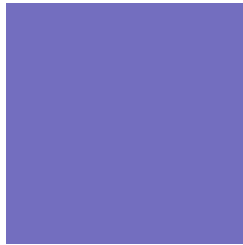


12.5750, 9.1670, 15.5910



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

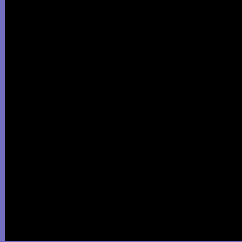
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510.



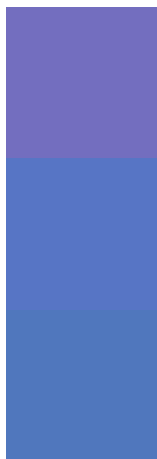
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 120.7290, -23.0210,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510

### Protanopia

117.1500, -43.5600, 18.5200

### Deuteranopia

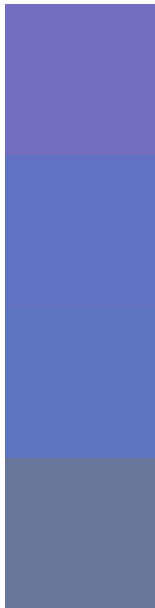
115.3190, -45.7140, 13.5020



## Tritanopia

117.5620, -16.3220, -1.5540

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510

## Protanomaly

118.1510, -36.1330, 21.5870

## Deuteranomaly

117.5590, -37.4620, 18.1380

## Tritanomaly

118.5160, -18.7080, 8.6520

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510

## Achromatopsia

121.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

120.9040, -8.1170, 9.4430

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 110, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 110, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 110, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 110, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 110, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 110, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 110, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 110, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 110, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 110,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 120.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 110, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
110, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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