

Converting Colors

YIQ(121.0220, 10.9610,
-16.9350)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350)
contains.

YIQ(121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(121.0220, 10.9610,
-16.9350)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	798150
RGB	121, 129, 80
RGB Percent	47%, 51%, 31%
CMY	0.5255, 0.4941, 0.6862
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.38, 0.49
HSL	70°, 23%, 41%
HSV	70°, 38%, 51%
XYZ	17.1828, 20.3449, 10.6148
YIQ	121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

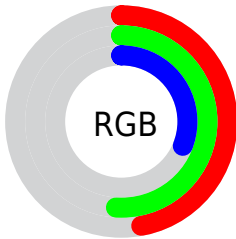
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 129, 88
Decimal	7962960
CIE _{Lab}	52.22, -11.35, 25.58
CIE _{LCh}	52, 27.988, 113.933
Yxy	20.3449, 0.3569, 0.4226
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286153040 (0xFF798150)
YUV	121.0220, -20.2238, -0.0193
Hunter-Lab	45.1053, -10.9350, 17.6208

Details

The YIQ color **121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **87.9780, -10.9610, 16.9350**, and the grayscale version is **121.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **173.6800, 11.9240, -17.8680**, and **72.0650, 9.4020, -16.2140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118.9420, 13.9420, -21.4020**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123.1020, 7.9800, -12.4680**.

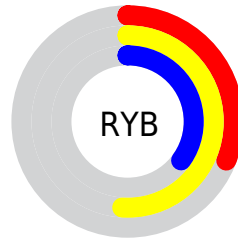
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (51%)

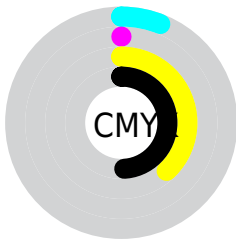
Blue (31%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (35%)

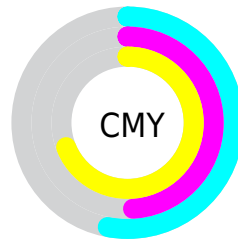


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 121.0220, 10.9610,
-16.9350

■ 121.0220, 10.9610,
-16.9350

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 96.2500, 10.3190,
-16.3130

■ 173.6800, 11.9240,
-17.8680

■ 72.0650, 9.4020,
-16.2140

■ 200.8650, 12.8410,
-17.9670

■ 49.1790, 9.0810,
-15.9030

■ 229.3380, 12.8870,
-18.8010

■ 28.6180, 6.4670,
-12.5810

■ 249.9840, 14.1240,
-13.6840

■ 8.8050, -4.1250,
-7.8450

■ 253.1760, 5.1360,
-4.9760

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 121.0220, 10.9610,
-16.9350

■ 121.0220, 10.9610,
-16.9350

■ 118.9420, 13.9420,
-21.4020

■ 123.1020, 7.9800,
-12.4680

■ 116.8620, 16.9230,
-25.8690

■ 125.1820, 4.9990,
-8.0010

■ 114.7820, 19.9040,
-30.3360

■ 127.2620, 2.0180,
-3.5340

■ 112.7020, 22.8850,
-34.8030

■ 129.3420, -0.9630,
0.9330

■ 110.4370, 24.9490,
-39.1710

■ 131.7210, -3.3480,
5.6120

■ 108.3570, 27.9300,
-43.6380

■ 133.6870, -6.0080,
9.7680

■ 108.0150, 28.8930,
-44.5710

■ 135.7670, -8.9890,
14.2350

■ 137.8470,

-11.9700, 18.7020

■ 139.9270,
-14.9510, 23.1690

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



123.1600, 28.4280, -8.5960



121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350



117.4090, -12.2380, -20.5100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350



110.9940, -61.7570, -9.6370



127.8610, 28.9730, 20.0850

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350



87.9780, -10.9610, 16.9350

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128.0360, 9.4870, 20.8070



121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350



119.5610, -40.9440, 4.1440

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350



107.7840, -61.5260, -19.3340



125.7710, -14.8120, 15.1400



126.3210, 39.0610, 13.4690

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350



114.9000, -29.7980, -21.6540



125.7710, -14.8120, 15.1400



127.8650, 23.1500, 20.9900

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350



165.0510, 3.9900, -6.2340



98.7600, 27.2790, 6.7270



82.1480, 2.3390, -3.8450



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350



155.6340, 17.5650, -26.4910



113.8460, -3.3430, -22.0230



62.9030, 1.6510, -2.3890



107.1290, 28.5720, -44.2600



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.9780, -10.9610, 16.9350



103.6650, -16.9690, 26.7030



95.1540, 3.3430, 22.0230



58.0970, -1.6510, 2.3890



20.8710, -28.5720, 44.2600



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

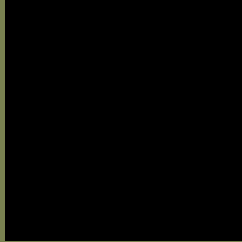
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 121.0220, 10.9610,

-16.9350.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350

Protanopia

122.3440, 21.9180, -11.7620

Deuteranopia

123.7520, 29.7570, -5.1470



Tritanopia

125.2220, -0.5050, 3.6470

Trichromacy



Original Color

121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350

Protanomaly

122.1370, 18.0670, -13.5570

Deuteranomaly

122.9960, 23.0180, -9.6700

Tritanomaly

123.6320, 3.8520, -3.7320

Monochromacy



Original Color

121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350

Achromatopsia

121.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

121.0510, 3.9900, -6.2340

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 129, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 129, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 129, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 129, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 129, 80) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 129, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 129, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 129, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 129, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 129,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 121.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 129, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
129, 80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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